

PERCY ALDRIDGE GRAINGER

**ROOM-MUSIC
TIT-BITS**

**Nº 3. WALKING TUNE.
PIANO VERSION.**

**SCHOTT & CO
LONDON**

PERCY ALDRIDGE GRAINGER.

ROOM-MUSIC TIT-BITS.

Nr 3. WALKING TUNE.

for wind five-some (flute, oboe, clarinet, horn and bassoon.)

This piece is based on a little tune I made on a 3 days' walk in the Scottish Highlands (in 1900) as a hummed accompaniment to my tramping feet.

It was worked out and scored in 1905. P. A. G.

All held within the above square is meant to be used in full in programs, where possible.

PIANO VERSION.

All big stretches may be harped (played Arpeggio.)

Score price 2/6 net.
Wind parts each 6d net.
Piano version 2/- net.

GENTLY FLOWING. M. M. ♩ : about 76

The first system of the musical score is written for piano. It consists of two staves: a treble staff and a bass staff. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 2/6. The treble staff begins with a piano (p) dynamic marking and features a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, some beamed together. The bass staff begins with a pianissimo (pp) dynamic marking and features a harmonic accompaniment with sustained chords and moving bass lines. A large slur covers the first two measures of both staves.

The second system of the musical score continues the piece. It also consists of two staves (treble and bass). The treble staff continues the melodic line, with some notes marked with fingerings (5 and 4). The bass staff continues the harmonic accompaniment. A piano (p) dynamic marking appears in the treble staff in the fourth measure of this system. A large slur covers the first three measures of both staves.

First system of musical notation. The treble clef staff contains a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes. The bass clef staff contains a sustained, low-register accompaniment. The dynamic marking *pp* is present in the bass staff.

Second system of musical notation. The treble clef staff continues the melodic line. The bass clef staff features a sustained accompaniment. Dynamic markings include *p* and *louden (cresc.)* in the first measure, and *louden quick (cresc. subito)* in the third measure. The system concludes with several measures of chords marked with *V*.

Third system of musical notation. The treble clef staff features a melodic line with a *piercingly (ben scattito)* marking above it. The bass clef staff contains a more active accompaniment. The dynamic marking *f* is present. The system ends with four measures of chords marked with *P*.

Fourth system of musical notation. The treble clef staff continues the melodic line. The bass clef staff contains a more active accompaniment. The system ends with four measures of chords marked with *P*, followed by an asterisk ***.

First system of musical notation. The treble staff contains a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, some beamed together. The bass staff contains a harmonic accompaniment with chords and single notes. Performance markings include *ff* (fortissimo) and *dont soften (non dim.)* above the treble staff. A *p* (piano) marking is placed below the bass staff, with a line extending to the right. A *tenderly (tendermente)* marking is above the treble staff, and a *suddenly (subito) **pp*** marking is above the bass staff. The system concludes with a *P (etc)* marking below the bass staff.

Second system of musical notation. The treble staff continues the melodic line. The bass staff continues the harmonic accompaniment. A *louden slowly (cresc. poco a poco)* marking is placed above the treble staff, with a line pointing to the end of the system.

Third system of musical notation. The treble staff continues the melodic line. The bass staff continues the harmonic accompaniment. A *sf* (sforzando) marking is placed above the treble staff, with a line pointing to a specific note.

Fourth system of musical notation. The treble staff continues the melodic line. The bass staff continues the harmonic accompaniment. A *mf* (mezzo-forte) marking is placed above the treble staff, with a line pointing to the beginning of the system.

First system of musical notation. The treble staff features a melodic line with slurs and accents, marked with *sf* (sforzando) at the beginning and end of phrases. The bass staff provides harmonic support with chords and single notes, also marked with *sf* at the start. The system concludes with a *P* (piano) dynamic marking.

Second system of musical notation. The treble staff continues the melodic development with slurs and accents. The bass staff features a more active line with slurs and accents. The system begins with a *ff stridently* (fortissimo stridently) marking and ends with a *P* (piano) marking.

Third system of musical notation. The treble staff has a melodic line with slurs and accents. The bass staff has a more active line with slurs and accents. The system begins with a *P* (piano) marking. Above the staff, the tempo instruction *very slightly slower (poco meno mosso)* is written. Below the staff, the expression instruction *feelingly (espress.) soften slightly (poco dim.)* is written.

Fourth system of musical notation. The treble staff has a melodic line with slurs and accents. The bass staff has a more active line with slurs and accents. The system begins with a *P* (piano) marking. Above the staff, the tempo instruction *slacken slightly (poco rit.)* is written. The system concludes with a *P* (piano) marking and an asterisk.

1st speed
(a tempo primo)
clingingly
(legato)

pp

to the fore (marc.)

mp

pp

slight (pace)

more (pizz)

p

mp

pp

slight (para)

more (pizz)

Lingeringly
(sost.)

soften
(dim.)

soften
(dim.)

slacken
(rit.)

p

pp

mf

p

pp

1st speed
(a tempo primo)

p

pp

p

pp

P

P

P

P

slacken lots
(*molto rit.*)

louden slightly
(*poco cresc.*)

First system of a musical score in G major (one sharp). The treble clef staff contains a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, while the bass clef staff provides a harmonic accompaniment. A crescendo hairpin is placed over the first two measures, and a decrescendo hairpin is placed over the last two measures. Four piano (P) markings are positioned below the bass staff in the final two measures. The system concludes with a double bar line.

In time
(*a tempo*)

Second system of the musical score. It begins with a piano (*pp*) dynamic marking in the treble staff. The melody continues with eighth notes. The bass staff features a sustained low note in the first measure, followed by chords. A decrescendo hairpin is visible in the final measure. The system ends with a double bar line.

Third system of the musical score. The treble staff has a melodic line with eighth notes, and the bass staff has a harmonic accompaniment. A decrescendo hairpin is placed over the final two measures. The system ends with a double bar line.

Fourth system of the musical score. It begins with a piano (*pp*) dynamic marking in the bass staff. The melody in the treble staff is marked with a decrescendo hairpin. The final measure of the system is marked with the instruction "feelingly (*espress.*)". The system ends with a double bar line.

First system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. The treble staff has a melodic line with a slur and a crescendo hairpin. The bass staff has a supporting line. The annotation "louden lots (molto cresc.)" is written above the treble staff.

Second system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. The treble staff has a melodic line with a slur and a crescendo hairpin. The bass staff has a supporting line. The annotation "piercingly (ben scufito)" is written above the treble staff. The dynamic *f* is written below the bass staff. The letter *P* appears below the bass staff at the end of the system.

Third system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. The treble staff has a melodic line with a slur. The bass staff has a supporting line. The letter *P* appears below the bass staff at the end of the system.

Fourth system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. The treble staff has a melodic line with a slur. The bass staff has a supporting line. The dynamic *f* is written above the treble staff. The dynamic *mf* is written below the treble staff. The dynamic *mp* is written below the bass staff. The system ends with a 2/4 time signature.

gradually soften
(*dim. poco a poco*)

mf to the fore (*marc.*)

p *p* *p* 5 (5 2)

Very very slightly slower
(*pochiss. meno mosso.*)

mf *p* *p* *p* (etc.) *mf* to the fore (*marc.*)

p *mf* *p*

slower
(*meno mosso*)

slow off
(*rit.*)

pp *ppp*

p *p* *p* *p* *p* *

PERCY ALDRIDGE GRAINGER OWN WORKS. (In which no folk-music tunes are used.)

KIPLING SETTINGS.

Nr.	Description	Net. s. d.
Nr. 1.	"DEDICATION" (from "The Light that Failed"). Song for man's high voice and Piano	2 0
Nr. 2.	"WE HAVE FED OUR SEAS FOR A THOUSAND YEARS" (from "The Seven Seas"). For mixed chorus (men and boys or women), brass and strings (strings can be done without at will). Full score	3 0
	Choral and piano score (to sing from)	0 6
	Band parts on hire	...
Nr. 3.	"MORNING SONG IN THE JUNGLE" (from "The Second Jungle Book"). For unaccompanied mixed chorus. Choral and piano score (to sing from)	0 6
Nr. 4.	"TIGER-TIGER" (from "The Jungle Book"). For unaccompanied men's chorus, or man's high voice single (tenor solo) and men's chorus. Choral and piano score (to sing from)	0 6
Nr. 5.	"THE INUIT" (from "The Second Jungle Book"). For unaccompanied mixed chorus. Choral and piano score (to sing from)	0 6

ROOM-MUSIC TIT-BITS.

Nr.	Description	Net. s. d.
Nr. 1.	MOCK MORRIS. For string six-some (six single strings), or string band (seven-parts). Score	2 6
	Parts 6d. each net, or the set	5 6
	For piano (concert version)	2 0
	For piano (popular version)	2 0
Nr. 2.	CLOG DANCE:—"HANDEL IN THE STRAND" For three-some (piano, fiddle and bass-fiddle (cello)), or four-some (piano, fiddle, middle-fiddle (viola) and bass-fiddle) or 2 pianos and matted strings. Score (piano part)	2 6
	String parts each	0 6
Nr. 3.	WALKING TUNE. For wind five-some (flute, oboe, clarinet, horn, and bassoon). Score	2 6
	Wind parts, each	0 6
	Piano version	2 0

"AT TWILIGHT." For unaccompanied mixed chorus and a man's high voice (tenor solo). Choral and piano score	Net. s. d. 0
"A REIVER'S NECK-VERSE." Words by A. C. SWINBURNE. (Poems and Ballads, 3rd Series). Song for voice and piano	Net. s. d. 2 0

SENTIMENTALS.

Nr. 1. COLONIAL SONG. For soprano, tenor, harp and band, or for harp and band without the voices. Full score and band parts on hire	Net. s. d. ...
Piano version	...
2 voices and piano	...
For Three-some (Violoncello) score and parts	...

PERCY ALDRIDGE GRAINGER SETTINGS OF FOLK-MUSIC, etc.

British Folk-Music Settings.

Settings of English and Celtic folk-songs, dance tunes, sea chanties, Morris dance tunes, and so on, for all sorts of combinations.

Nr.	Description	Net. s. d.
Nr. 1.	"MOLLY ON THE SHORE." Irish Reel. For string four-some (four single strings, or string band (no double basses)). Score	2 0
	Parts 6d. each or the set	2 0
Nr. 2.	"THE SUSSEX NUMMERS' CHRISTMAS CAROL." For piano	2 0
Nr. 3.	"SHEPHERD'S HEY." Morris Dance. For room-music twelve-some (flute, clarinet, (horn, at will) baritone English concertina, and eight strings). Score	2 6
	Parts 4d. each, or the set	4 0
Nr. 4.	"SHEPHERD'S HEY." Morris Dance. Dished-up for Piano	2 0
Nr. 5.	IRISH TUNE FROM COUNTY DERRY. For unaccompanied mixed chorus, without words (sing "Ah" and so on). Choral score (to sing from)	0 4
Nr. 6.	IRISH TUNE FROM COUNTY DERRY. Dished-up for piano	2 0
Nr. 7.	"BRIGG FAIR." (Folk-song from Lincolnshire). For a man's high voice single (tenor solo), and mixed chorus. Choral and piano score (to sing from)	0 4
Nr. 8.	"I'M SEVENTEEN COME SUNDAY." (Folk-song from Lincolnshire and Somerset). For mixed chorus and brass band (or concert brass). Full score	2 6
	Choral and piano score (to sing from)	0 4
	Band parts, each	0 6
Nr. 9.	MARCHING TUNE. (Folk-song tune from Lincolnshire). For mixed chorus and brass band or concert brass. Choral and piano score (to sing from)	0 4
	Score and band parts on hire	...
Nr. 10.	"DIED FOR LOVE." (Folk-song from Lincolnshire). For voice accompanied by flute, clarinet and bassoon, or 3 muted strings. Score and voice and piano version	2 6
	Wind and string parts, each	0 6
Nr. 11.	"SIX DUKES WENT AFISHIN'." (Folk-song from Lincolnshire). For voice (woman's or man's) and piano (3 keys)	2 0
Nr. 12.	"GREEN BUSHES." Passacaglia for smallish band. Score and parts on hire	...
Nr. 13.	"SIR EGLAMORE." For double mixed chorus, brass, strings and percussion. Choral score (to sing from)	1 0
Nr. 14.	"LORD MAXWELL'S GOODNIGHT." (Scotch). For voice accompanied by 6 single strings and string band... Score and parts (including piano accompaniment) on hire	...
Nr. 15.	IRISH TUNE FROM COUNTY DERRY. For string band (or single strings). Score	...
	Parts, each	...
Nr. 16.	"SHEPHERD'S HEY." Morris Dance. For full band. Score	...
	Parts, each	...

Settings of songs and tunes from William Chappell's "Old English Popular Music."

Nr.	Description	Net. s. d.
Nr. 1.	"WILLOW WILLOW." For voice (man's or woman's) accompanied by guitar (or harp) and 4 muted strings. Score	2 6
	Parts, each	0 6
	Voice and piano version	2 0
Nr. 2.	"MY ROBIN IS TO THE GREENWOOD GONE." (A ramble upon the old tune of that name). For flute, English horn, and 6 strings. Full score	2 6
	Parts, each	0 6
	Piano version	2 0
	Version for fiddle, bass fiddle (cello) and piano, score and string parts	3 6

Settings of Dance-Folksongs from the Faeroe Islands.

Nr.	Description	Net. s. d.
Nr. 1.	"FATHER AND DAUGHTER, (FADIR OG DOTTIR). For five men's single voices, double mixed chorus, string and brass band. Full score (Faroese, English and German)	10 6
	Vocal and piano score (English and German) (to sing from)	2 6
	First chorus, women, each	0 4
	Second "women"	0 4
	Band parts, each	0 4

PERCY ALDRIDGE GRAINGER'S COMPOSITIONS

PUBLISHED BY

SCHOTT & Co.

48 GREAT MARLBOROUGH STREET
LONDON, W.

PIANO PIECES AND SONGS, etc.

PIANO PIECES

	Net. s. d.
Shepherd's Hey. Morris Dance	2 0
Irish Tune from County Derry	2 0
The Sussex Mummers' Christmas Carol	2 0
My Robin is to the Greenwood gone (a Ramble)	2 0
Walking Tune	2 0
Mock Morris (Concert Version)	2 0
Mock Morris (Popular Version)	2 0
Colonial Song	2 0

SONGS WITH PIANO ACCOMPANIMENT

	Net. s. d.
Dedication (from Kipling's "The Light that Failed")	2 0
A Reiver's Neck-Verse (Words by A. C. Swinburne)	2 0
Died for Love (Folk-Song from Lincolnshire)	2 0
Willow Willow (Old English)	2 0
Six Dukes went a-fishin' Folk-Song from Lincolnshire (Two keys)	2 0

SONGS WITH OTHER INSTRUMENTS

Willow Willow (Old English). Song accompanied by Guitar (or Harp) and Four Muted Strings.	
Score	2 6
Each part	0 6
Died for Love (Folk-Song from Lincolnshire). Song accompanied by Flute, Clarinet and Bassoon, or Three Muted Strings.	
Score	2 0
Each part	0 6
Lord Maxwell's Good-Night. Song accompanied by Six Single Strings and String Orchestra.	
Score and parts (including Version for Voice and Piano) on hire.	

VOCAL DUET AND FULL ORCHESTRA

Colonial Song. Soprano and Tenor, Harp and Orchestra. Full score and parts on hire.	
Version for Soprano, Tenor, and Piano (Vocal and Piano Score)	2 0

CHAMBER MUSIC WITH PIANO.

PIANO QUARTET

	Net. s. d.
Clog Dance: "Handel in the Strand." (Piano, Violin, Viola, and Cello).	
Score	2 6
Each part	0 6

TRIOS (Piano, Violin, and Cello)

Colonial Song.	Score	2 6
	Each part	0 6
Clog Dance: "Handel in the Strand."	Score	
	Each part	
My Robin is to the Greenwood gone (a Ramble).	Score	
	Each part	