

M O T E T S A I. ET II. VOIX, AU NOMBRE DE NEUF, AVEC LA BASSE-CONTINUE:

Le Pseaume, *In convertendo*, à grand Chœur & Symphonie,

Et un autre Motet, à la maniere Italienne, à Voix seule,
avec deux *Dessus de Violons*.

PAR MONSIEUR CAMPRA.

L I V R E T R O I S I E M E.



A PARIS,

Chez CHRISTOPHE BALLARD, seul Imprimeur du Roy pour
la Musique, rue Saint Jean de Beauvais, au Mont-Parnasse.

M. DCC III.

AVEC PRIVILEGE DU ROR.



PREMIER MOTET A VOIX SEULE.

DU PSEAUME CIV.

1. *Confitemini Dominum, & invoke nomen ejus: annunciate inter gentes opera ejus.*
2. *Cantate ei, & psallite ei: narrate omnia mirabilia ejus.*
3. *Laudamini in nomine sancto ejus: Letetur cor querentium Dominum.*
4. *Querite Dominum, & confirmamini: querite faciem ejus semper.*
Confitemini Dominum, &c.

REndez graces au Seigneur , invoquez son nom : publiez ses ouvrages parmy les peuples.

Chantez en son honneur , celebrez ses louanges sur les instruments : publiez toutes ses merveilles.

Glorifiez-vous en son saint nom : que le cœur de ceux qui cherchent le Seigneur , soit dans la joye.

Cherchez le Seigneur , & vous fortifiez : cherchez sans cesse son visage.

Rendez graces au Seigneur , &c.

II. MOTET A VOIX SEULE.

DU PSEAUME XXXIII.

1. *Benedic Domini in omni tempore : semper laus ejus in ore meo.*
2. *In Domino laudabitur anima mea : audient mansueti, & latentur.*
3. *Magnificate Dominum mecum : & exaltemus nomen ejus in idipsum.*
4. *Exquisivi Dominum, & exaudivit me : & ex omnibus tribulationibus meis eripuit me.*
5. *Accedite ad eum, & illuminamini : & facies vestra non confundentur.*
6. *Gustate, & videte quoniam suavis est Dominus: beatus vir, qui sperat in eo.*

JE beniray le Seigneur en tout temps : sa louange sera toujours dans ma bouche.

Mon ame se glorifiera dans le Seigneur : que ceux, qui sont doux , écoutent & se réjouissent.

Celebrez avec moy la magnificence du Seigneur : & joignons-nous ensemble, pour glorifier son saint nom.

J'ay cherché le Seigneur , & il m'a exaucé : & il m'a délivré de toutes mes afflictions.

Approchez-vous de luy , & soyez éclairez : & vos visages ne rougiront point.

Goûtez , & voyez que le Seigneur est doux & heureux l'homme qui espere en luy .

III. MOTET A VOIX SEULE.

POUR LE SAINT SACREMENT.

O Dulcis Amor ! ô Amor cordis mei ! desidero te ; cupio dissolvi , & esse tecum.

Tu mihi gaudium, tu corona, tu gloria & salutes; ô bone Iesu, quam dulcis es !

O Iesu mi dulcis ! te semper amabo, te semper cantabo, te semper laudabo.

Non mundi fallaces sectabor honores, sed cali veraces perquiram amores.

O Doux Amour ! ô Amour de mon cœur , qui êtes l'objet de mes souhaits ; je desire d'être dégagé des liens du corps , & d'être avec vous.

O bon Jésus , que vous êtes doux & aimable ! Vous êtes ma joie , vous êtes ma couronne , vous êtes ma gloire & mon salut.

O mon doux Jésus . je vous aymery toujours , je ne cesseray de chanter vos Cantiques , & je publieray toujours vos louanges .

Je ne rechercheray point du tout les faux honneurs du monde ; mais les choses célestes , qui seules demandent un véritable amour .

*Minas deficiet, mortem non timebit pectus :
In magno robore tue fortis dextera requiescit.
Semper dulcia cantabit carmina : Tu mihi gau-
dium, &c.*

Mon cœur méprisera les menaces qui luy feront faites ; il n'aura aucune crainte de la mort. Il se repose tranquillement en la force de votre main puissante. Il chantera toujours ces Cantiques doux & agréables : Vous êtes ma joye , &c.

IV. MOTET A VOIX SEULE. POUR LA SAINTE VIERGE.

*S*ub tuum presidium confugimus, sancta Dei genitrix : nostras deprecationes ne despicias in necessitatibus , sed à periculis cunctis libera nos semper Virgo gloria & benedicta.

C'est à vostre assistance , que nous avons re- cours , ô sainte Mere de Dieu : ne rejetez pas nos prières dans nos besoins : mais délivrez-nous de tous dangers , ô Vierge glo- rieuse , & digne de toute louange !

V. MOTET A VOIX SEULE. PSEAUME LXVI.

David prie Dieu de se faire connoître dans toute la terre. Il prédit l'étendue de l'Eglise dans tout le monde.

1. *D*eus misercatur nostri, & benedic nobis:
illuminet vultum suum super nos , &
misereatur nostri.
2. *Ut cognoscamus in terra viam tuam : in om-
nibus gentibus salutare tuum.*
3. *Confiteantur tibi populi Deus : confiteantur
tibi populi omnes.*
4. *Lietentur & exultent gentes : quoniam judi-
cas populos in aequitate , & gentes in terra
dirigis.*
5. *Confiteantur tibi populi Deus : confiteantur tibi
populi omnes : terra dedit fructum suum.*
6. *Benedic nos Deus , Deus noster , benedicat
nos Deus : & metuant eum omnes fines
terre.*

Que Dieu ait pitié de nous , & qu'il nous benisse : qu'il fasse luire sur nous son vi-
sage : & qu'il exerce sur nous sa miséricorde.

Afin que nous connoissions sur la terre vô-
tre voye & votre conduite ; & votre salut dans toutes les nations :

O Dieu , que les peuples vous louent : que tous les peuples vous rendent hommage !

Que les nations entrent dans la joie & dans l'allegresse , parce que vous jugez les peuples dans la justice : & que vous conduisez toutes les nations sur la terre.

O Dieu , que les peuples vous louent , que tous les peuples vous rendent hommage ! la terre a donné son fruit.

Que Dieu nous benisse , que notre Dieu nous benisse , que Dieu nous comble de ses bénédictons : & qu'il soit craint jusqu'aux extrémitez de toute la terre.

VI. MOTET A VOIX SEULE. HYMNE DU SAINT SACREMENT.

*P*ANGE lingua gloriosa
Corporis mysterium ,
Sanguinisque pretiosi ,
Quem in mundi pretium
Fructus ventris generosi ,
Rex effudit gentium.

Que notre langue chante le mystère du corps glorieux , & du précieux sang que Jésus le fils d'une Vierge de race royale , & le Roy des nations , a répandu pour la redemption du monde.

*Nobis datus, nobis natus
Ex intacta Virgine,
Et in mundo conversatus,
Sparsa verbi semine,
Sui moras incolatus
Miro clausit ordine.*

*In supreme nocte cæne
Recumbens cum fratribus,
Observata lege plene
Cibis in legalibus,
Cibum turbæ duodenæ
Se dat suis manibus.*

*VERBUM caro, panem verum
Verbo carnem efficit,
Fitque sanguis Christi merum:
Et si sensus deficit,
Ad firmandum cor sincerum
Sola fides sufficit,*

*TANTUM ergo Sacramentum
Veneremur cernui:
Et antiquum documentum
Novo cedat ritui:
Prefet fides supplementum
Sensum defectui.*

*GENITORI, Genitoque
Laus & jubilatio,
Salus, honor, virtus quoque,
Sit & benedictio:
Procedenti ab utroque
Compar sit laudatio. Amen.*

S'etant donné à nous par son incarnation, étant né pour nous du sein d'une Vierge pure & sans tache, ayant vécu parmi les hommes sur la terre, & y ayant répandu la divine semence de sa parole : il finit enfin par un ordre admirable la course de sa vie mortelle.

Car dans la nuit même de ce dernier souper qu'il fit avec ses apôtres, après avoir pleinement accompli la loi en mangeant les viandes qu'elle ordonna, il se donna lui-même de ses propres mains à ses douze disciples, pour être leur nourriture.

Le Verbe fait chair change par l'efficace de sa parole le pain en son corps, & le vin en son sang : les sens doutent de ce changement ineffable ; mais la foi seule suffit pour affirmer un cœur sincère dans la vérité.

Reverons donc avec un profond respect un si grand Sacrement : que toutes les ombres de la loi ancienne cèdent à ce mystère de la loi nouvelle ; & qu'une foi vive & lumineuse supplée au défaut de nos sens.

Gloire, louange, salut, honneur, force, & bénédiction au Père & au Fils ; & qu'une même gloire soit rendue au Saint Esprit qui procéde du Père & du Fils. Ainsi soit-il.

PREMIER MOTET A DEUX VOIX.

DU CANTIQUE DES CANTIQUES.

*Cari Zephiri volate; surgite flores festinare,
aure placide venite, susurrate, ventilate
circum me.*

*Stat anhelans pectus meum, meum cor flagrat
amore, & comburor in ardore.*

Cari Zephiri, &c.

*A mane usque ad vesperam quæsivi per vicos
& plateas quem diligit anima mea, nec illum
invenire posui.*

*Mi dilecte ubi es? cur me tam languire facis?
Si te querer ad quid me fugis, cara vita amica
spos.*

Mi dilecte, &c.

*Cara turba per campos & valles predilectum
querite. Hic induitus est sole lucenti, in pupillis
fiant stelle divine, & in vultu sunt gratiae serenæ;*

*Volez Zephirs aimables; fleurs, levez-
vous, & ne tardez pas à pousser. Vents
doux & agréables, venez, faites un doux bruit
autour de moy, & me rafraîchissez.*

*Mon cœur a de la peine à respirer ; il brûle
d'Amour, & je suis tout embrasé de son ardeur,
Volez Zephirs, &c.*

*Depuis le matin jusqu'au soir, j'ai cherché
dans les rues & dans les places publiques, celui
qui est le bien-aimé de mon âme, & je ne l'ai
pu trouver.*

*Où êtes-vous donc, mon bien-aimé : pour-
quoy me faites-vous tant languir ; si je vous
cherche, pourquoi me fuyez-vous, ma chère
vie, mon aimable espérance ?*

Où êtes-vous, &c.

*Chère troupe, cherchez par les Campagnes
& par les vallées celui que mon cœur aime par
dessus toutes choses : il est revêtu de la lumièrē*

*& in ore flant flores ameni : ad me conducite,
quem tam desidero, & si tenuero, mercedem pe-
cite.*

du Soleil , il y a dans la prunelle de ses yeux des Etoiles divinement belles ; sur son visage paroissent des graces pures & merveilleuses ; & sur sa bouche se trouvent les fleurs les plus agreables. Amenez-moy celuy que je desire avec tant d'ardeur ; & quand je l'auray en ma possession , je vous accorderay telle recompense que vous me demanderez.

II. MOTET A DEUX VOIX. POUR UN SAINT, OU UNE SAINTE.

*C*Antemus , exultemus quem quam Dominus elegit,
& circumdat gloria.

*Gaude dilecta
dilecta Domino, gaude triumpha, de-
bitam virtutibus mercedem degusta.*

*Tu medios inter tumultus, tu per vite tem-
pestates lugebas. & flebas.*

*Nunc in portu requiescis, te largo, te inexhausto
voluptatum torrente inebrians.*

*Pugnasti fortiter, cum plausu vincis, laborem
tulisti, præmia suscipis ; arduam difficultem calcasti
semitam, jam nubes, jam sidera vides sub pe-
dibus.*

*Sis bonus, sis fælix, liceat tuis insistere ve-
stigis.*

Gaude, &c.

*C*Hantons , & soyons transportez de joye,
N. que le Seigneur a choisi , est tout en-
vironné de gloire.

Rejoüissez-vous , cheri du Seigneur , soyez
penetré de joie , triomphez , & goûtez la re-
compense qu'ont mérité vos grandes vertus.

Vous étiez dans la tristesse parmy le tumulte
du monde , & vous fondiez en larmes pendant
les tempêtes orageuses de cette vie.

Vous voilà maintenant au port , vous vous y
reposez , & vous vous enivrez dans le vaste
& inépuisable torrent des sacrées voluptez.

Vous avez combatu genereusement , aussi
vous aplaudit-on de la victoire que vous avez
remportée ; après avoir souffert beaucoup de
travaux , vous en recevez la recompense ; vous
avez marché par un chemin étroit , élevé &
escarpé , vous voyez maintenant les nuées &
les astres sous vos pieds.

Joüissez du bonheur éternel , que votre charité
nous obtienne la grace de marcher sur vos pas.

Réjoüissez-vous , &c.

III. MOTET A DEUX VOIX.

PSAUME XCII.

Le Prophète releve l'excellence du Royaume de JESUS-CHRIST.

1. *Dominus regnavit, decorem induitus est :
indutus est Dominus fortitudinem, &
precinxit se.*
2. *Etenim firmavit orbem terre : qui non com-
movbitur.*
3. *Parata sedes tua ex tunc : à seculo tu es.*
4. *Elevaverunt flumina Domine : elevaverunt
flumina vocem suam.*
5. *Elevaverunt flumina fluctus suos : à vocibus
aquarum multarum.*
6. *Mirabiles elationes maris : mirabilis in altis
Dominus.*

L E Seigneur regne , il s'est revêtu de gloire :
le Seigneur s'est revêtu de force , & a pris
ses armes.

Car il a affermy la terre : qui ne sera point
ébranlée.

Vôtre trône , Seigneur , est étably dès l'éter-
nité : vous êtes avant tous les temps.

Les fleuves , Seigneur , se sont élevéz : les
fleuves se sont élevéz avec bruit.

Les fleuves ont élevé leurs vagues avec le
bruit des grandes eaux.

Les soulevemens de la mer sont puissants :
mais le Seigneur qui est dans le ciel , est in-
finiment plus puissant.

*Tesimonia tua credibilia facta sunt nimis:
domum tuam decet sanctitudo, Domine, in
longitudinem dierum.*

Vos Oracles sont devenus très-fideles & très-croyables : la sainteté, Seigneur, doit reigner dans votre maison jusques à la consommation des siècles.

MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR, ET SYMPHONIE.

PSEAUME CXXV.

*L'Eglise prie Dieu de la délivrer de la captivité où elle gemit. Que ceux,
qui pleurent icy sur la terre, seront consolez
& comblez de joie dans le Ciel.*

1. *In convertendo Dominus captivitatem Sion :
facti sumus sicut consolati.*
2. *Tunc repletum est gaudio os nostrum : & lingua
nostra exultatione.*
3. *Tunc dicent inter gentes : Magnificavit Domi-
nus facere cum eis.*
4. *Magnificavit Dominus facere nobiscum : facti
sumus letantes.*
5. *Converte Domine captivitatem nostram : sicut
torrens in Austru.*
6. *Qui seminant in lachrimis : in exultatione
metent.*
7. *Euntes ibant, & flebant : mittentes semina
sua.*
8. *Venientes autem venient cum exultatione :
portantes manipulos suos.*

Lors que le Seigneur délivra Sion de captivité : nous avons été comme des personnes remplies de consolation.

Nostre bouche a poussé des cris de joie : & notre langue des chants d'allégresse.

On dira parmy les Nations : Le Seigneur a fait de grandes choses pour ce peuple.

Le Seigneur a fait de grandes choses pour nous : il nous a mis dans la joie.

A chevez, Seigneur, de rompre notre captivité : comme vous faites couler les torrents dans les terres du midi.

Ceux qui ferment avec larmes : recueilleront avec joie.

Ils alloient, & marchoient en pleurant : jettant leur semence sur la terre.

Mais ils viendront avec allegresse ; portant leurs gerbes avec eux.

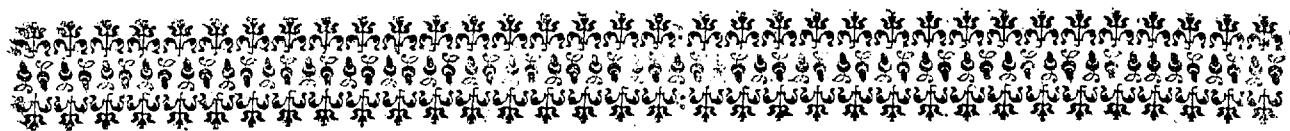
MOTET A LA MANIERE ITALIENNE, A VOIX SEULE, AVEC DEUX DESSUS DE VIOLONS.

ELEVATION.

Action de graces à la souveraine bonté de Dieu.

*Quis ego, Domine, ut memor sis mei, ego
in iniuitate conceptus & plenus misericordie,
tu Rex Regum, & Dominus Dominantium. Ecce
quantum amas me, ut errantem ducas, cadentem
subleves, & divinâ consolatione tuâ languentem
reficias. Cantabo in eternum multitudinem miser-
erationum tuarum, & memor abundantiae dulcedeni-
tiae tuae, te laudabo & benedicam tibi, quia beni-
gnus & misericors es.*

Qui suis-je, ô Seigneur, pour vous souvenir de moy, moy qui ay été conçû dans l'iniuitate, & qui suis rempli de beaucoup de misères ; & vous qui êtes le Roy des Roys & le Seigneur des Seigneurs. Combien grand est l'amour que vous avez pour moy, de me rappeler quand je suis égaré, de me relever quand je suis tombé, & de me soutenir par vos divines consolations, quand je suis foible & languissant. Je ne cesseray jamais de chanter la multitude de vos bontés ; & me souvenant de l'abondance de votre douceur ineffable, je vous louieray, & vous beniray, parce que vous êtes bon & riche en miséricorde.



T A B L E

DU TROISIÈME LIVRE DES MOTETS DE MONSIEUR CAMPRA.

Motets à Voix seule.

		P A G E
I. MOTET.	Onfitemini Domino. <i>Dessus.</i>	1
II.	Benedicam Dominum. <i>Dessus.</i>	6
III.	 O dulcis Amor! <i>Dessus.</i>	11
IV.	Sub tuum præsidium. <i>Dessus.</i>	18
V.	Deus misereatur nostri. <i>Bas-Dessus.</i>	21
VI.	Pange lingua. <i>Bas-dessus.</i>	27

Motets à deux Voix.

VII.	<i>Cari Zephiri volate. Deux Dessus.</i>	32
VIII.	<i>Cantemus, exultemus Deux Dessus.</i>	41
IX.	<i>Dominus regnavit. Dessus & Basse.</i>	46

Motet à grand Chœur & Symphonie, & sans Symphonie, si l'on veut.

X.	<i>In convertendo Dominus. Le Pseaume entier.</i>	55
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Recits du Pseaume, In convertendo.

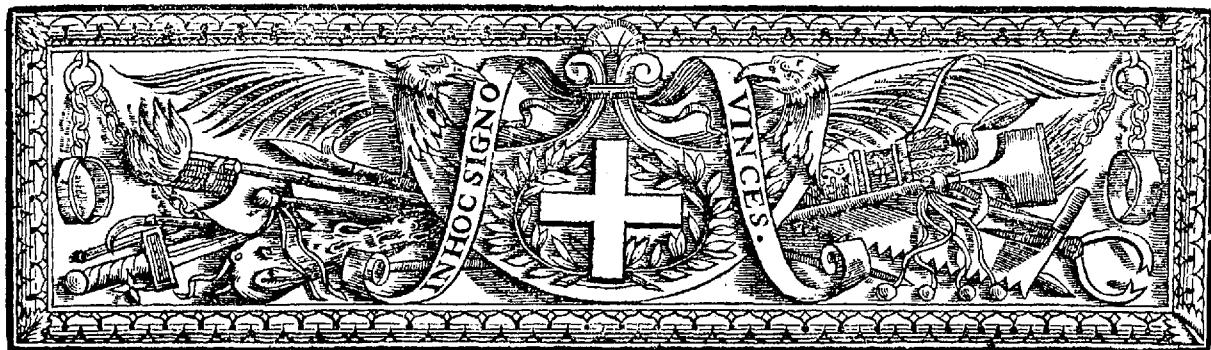
<i>In convertendo. Duo.</i>	<i>H. & T.</i>	57
Tunc dicent inter gentes. <i>Recit. T. ou Bas-Dessus.</i>		76
Converte Domine. <i>Duo.</i>	<i>Dessus & Basse.</i>	93
Qui seminant in lachrimis. <i>Recit. Taille.</i>		100
Euntes ibant & flebant. <i>Trio. H. T. & B.</i>		101

Motet à la Maniere Italienne.

XI.	<i>Quis ego Domine. A Voix seule, & deux Dessus de Violons.</i>	117
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F I N D E L A T A B L E.

MOTETS



M O T E T S A I. II. ET III. VOIX, AVEC LA BASSE-CONTINUE.

Par Monsieur C A M P R A.

I. MOTET A VOIX SEULE.

*Du Pseaume. C I V.
Gay, & piqué.*



Confitemini Domino.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

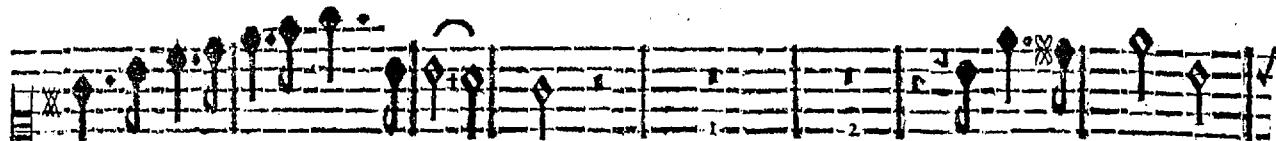
Confitemini Domino, & invoca-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

cate nomen ejus, Confitemini Domino, & invocate nomen

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

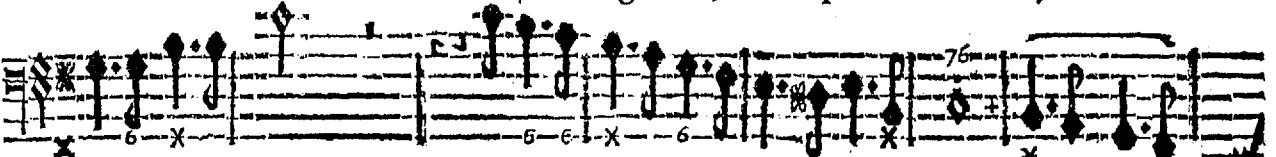
I. M O T E T A V O I X S E U L E,



jus, & invoke nomen e- jus. Annunti- ate,



Annunti- ate inter gentes, opera e- jus.



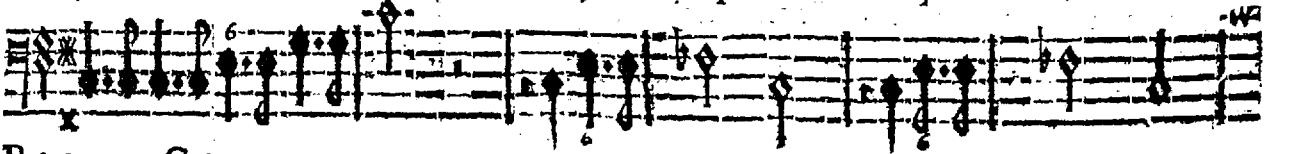
Annunti- ate inter gentes opera e- jus. Cantate ei,

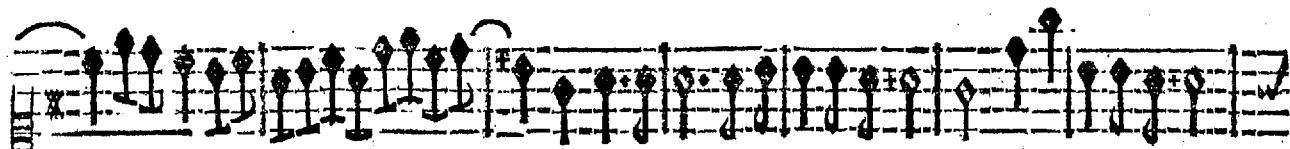


& psallite ei, narra- te omnia mirabilia e-



jus. Cantate ei, & psallite ei, narra-

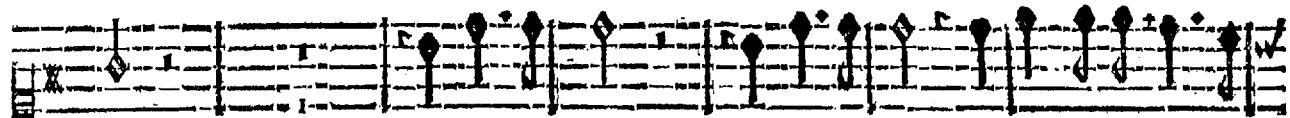




te omnia mira- bilia ejus, mira- bilia e-



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



jus. Laudami- ni, Laudami- ni in nomine sancto



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



ejas, in nomine sancto e- jus: lætetur cor quærentium Domi-



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



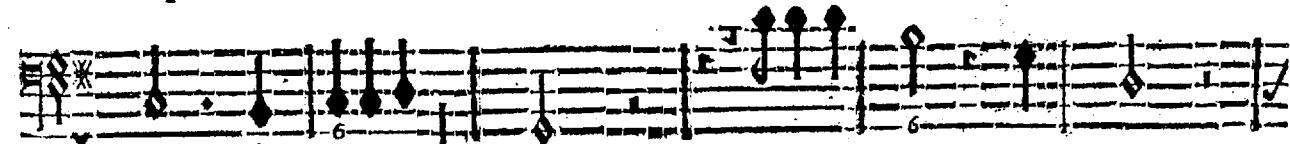
num, late- tur cor quærentium Dominum, lætetur



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

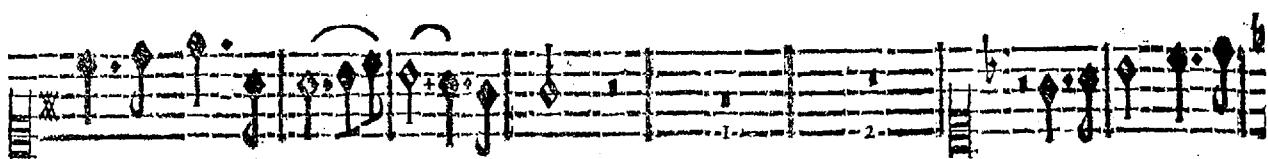


- cor quærentium Dominum, lætetur cor, lætetur cor quærenti-



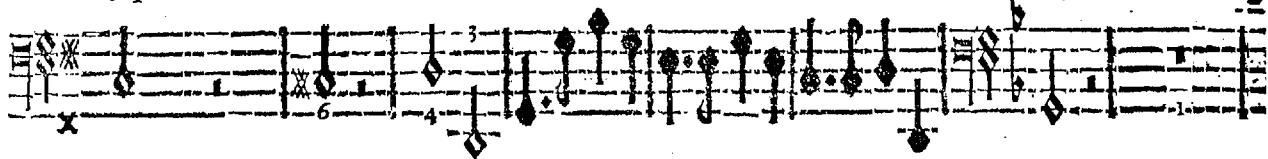
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

I. MOTET A VOIX SEULE,

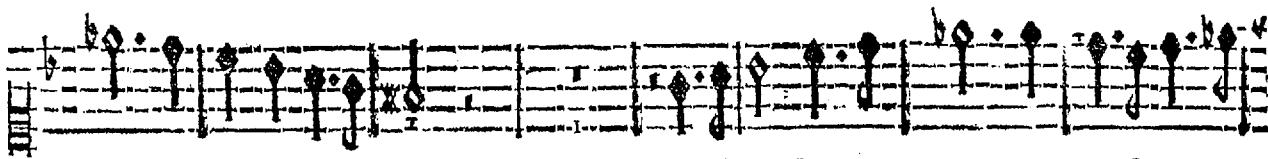


um, quærenti- um Do- minum.

Quærite Domi-

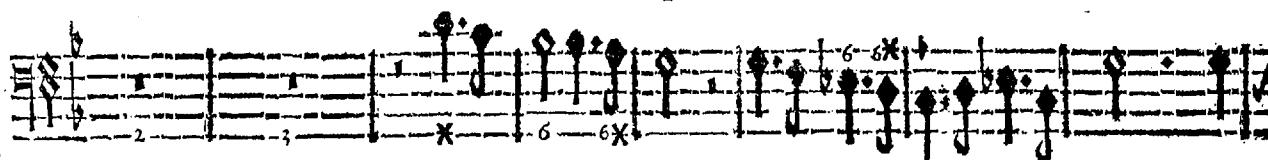


BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

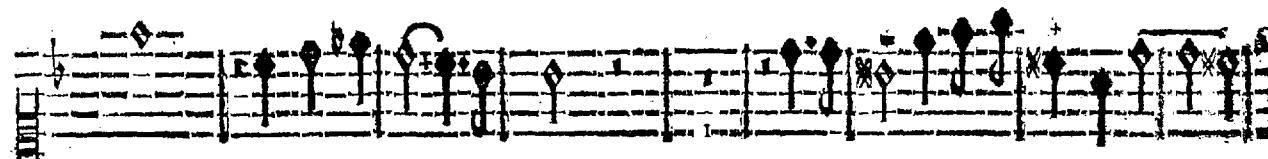


num, & confirmami- ni;

quærite Domi- num, & confirmami-



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

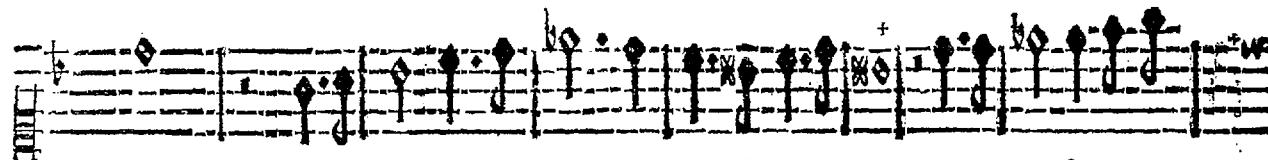


ni; & confirma- mi- ni;

quærite faciem ejus sem-



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



per. Quærite Dominum, & confirmamini; quærite faciem

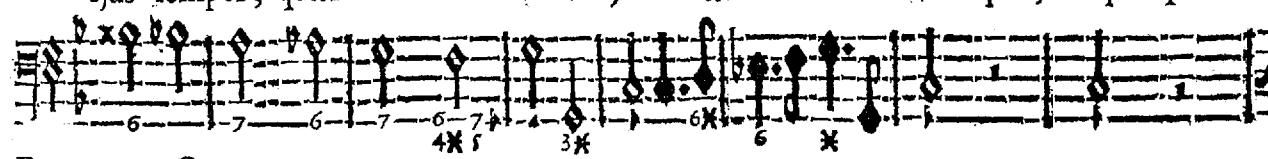


BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



eius semper, quærite faciem e- jus.

semper, semper quæri-



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

D E M . C A M P R A.

5



semper, semper quærite, quærite faciem e-
ius.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



Confitemini Domino, & invoca-

Confitemini Domino, & invoca-



Bassus-Continuus.



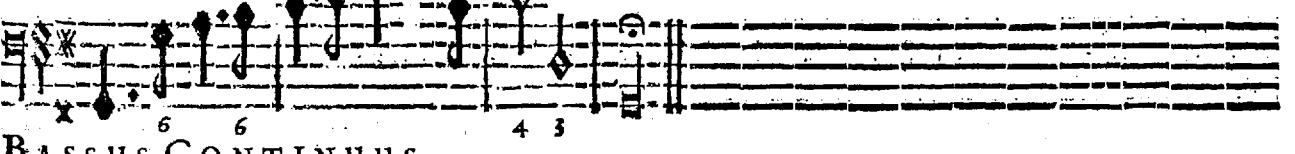
cate nomen ejus. Confitemini Domino, & invoke nomen e-



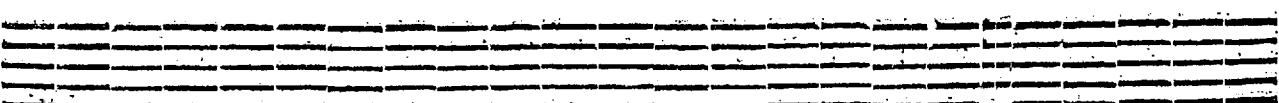
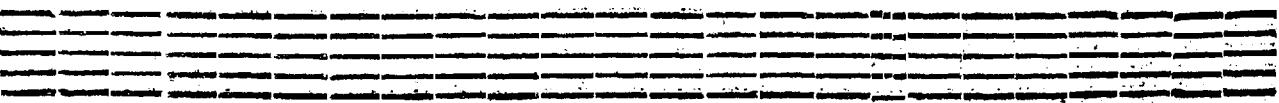
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

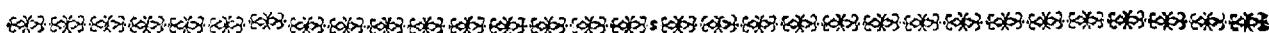


jus, & invocate nomen e- jus.



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.





II. MOTET A VOIX SEULE,
DU PSEAUME XXXIII.

B

Enedicam Dominum.
Bassus-CONTINUUS.

in omni tempore:
Bassus-CONTINUUS.

tempore: semper laus ejus in ore me- o, semper laus ejus in ore
Bassus-CONTINUUS.

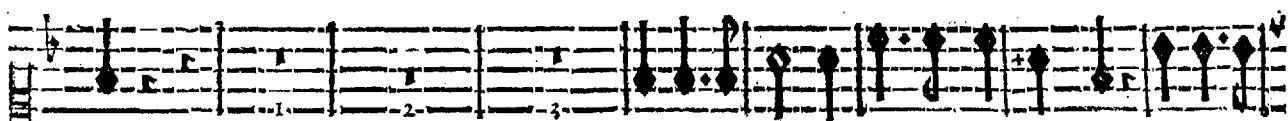
me- o. In Domino laudabitur anima mea: In Domino lau-
Bassus-CONTINUUS.

dabitur anima mea: audiant mansueti & læten- tur, audi-
Bassus-CONTINUUS.



diant mansueti & læten- tur, & læten-
tur, & læten-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



tur. Magnifi- cate Dominum mecum, Magnifi-
cate Dominum mecum, Magnifi-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



cate Dominiū mecum, & exaltemus nomen ejus in idip- sum,
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



& exaltemus nomen ejus in idip- sum, & exaltemus, & exal-
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



temus nomen ejus in idip- sum, & exaltemus nomen ejus in idip-
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

II. MOTET A VOIX SEULE,

sum. Exquisivi Dominum, Exquisivi Domi-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

num, & exaudi- vit me: & ex omnibus tribulati- onibus meis e-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

ripuit me, e- ripuit me. Accedite ad eum, Accedite ad

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

eum & illuminami- ni: & facies vestræ non confundentur, non confunden-

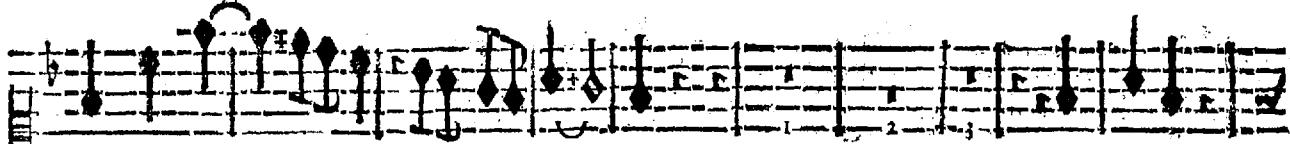
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

tur, & facies vestræ non confundentur, non, non confunden-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

D E M. C A M P R A.

9



tur, non, non

con-fun-den-tur.

Gustate,



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



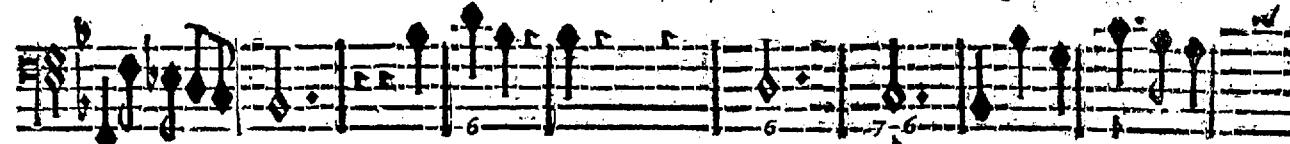
Gustate & videte, & videte quoniam sua-vis est Do-mi-



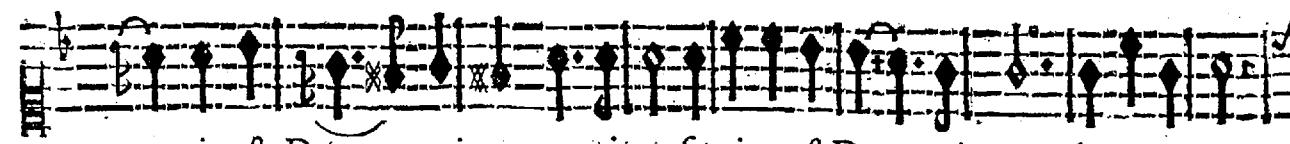
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



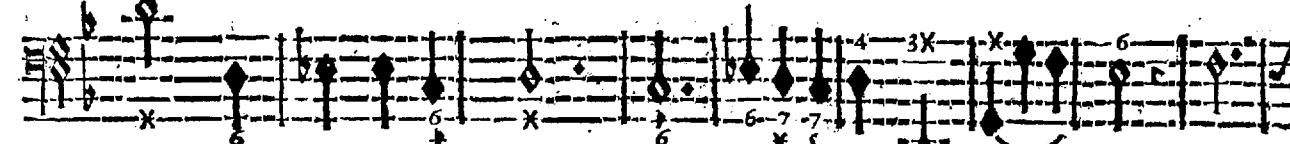
nus: Gustate, Gustate & videte, & videte, quoniam su-



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



a-vis est Do-minus, quoniam suavis est Do-minus: beatus vir,

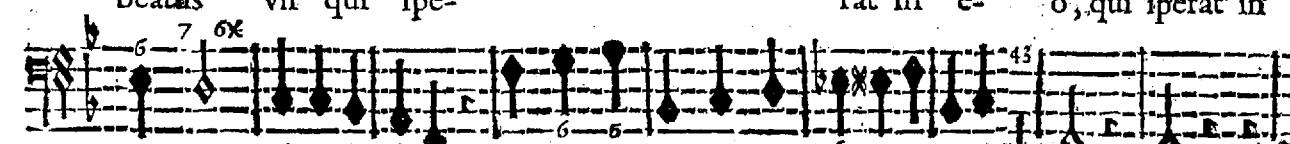


BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



beatus vir qui spe-

rat in e-o, qui sperat in



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

II. MOTET A VOIX SEULE.



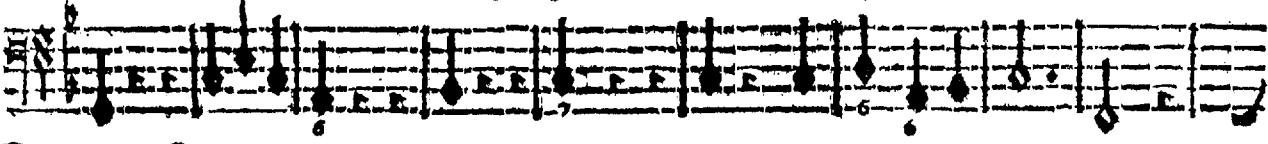
beatus vir qui sperat in eo, qui sperat in e-o,



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



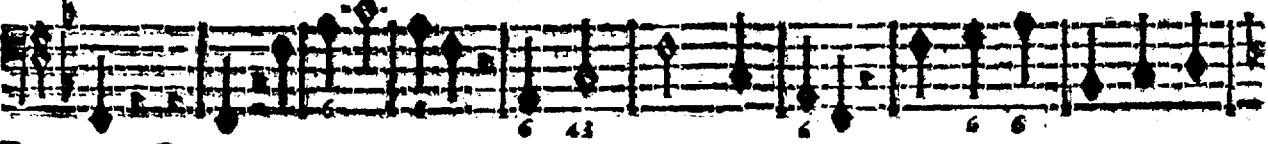
beatus vir, beatus vir qui sperat in eo, qui sperat in e-o, qui



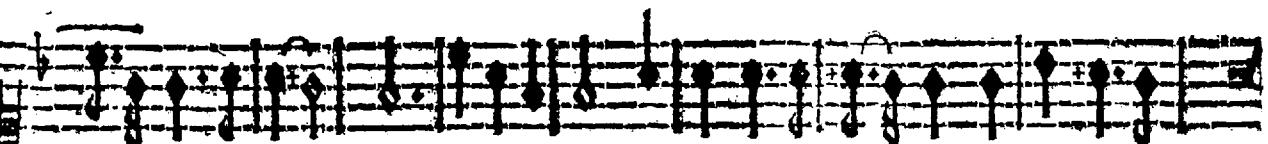
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



sperat in eo, qui sperat in eo, qui spe-



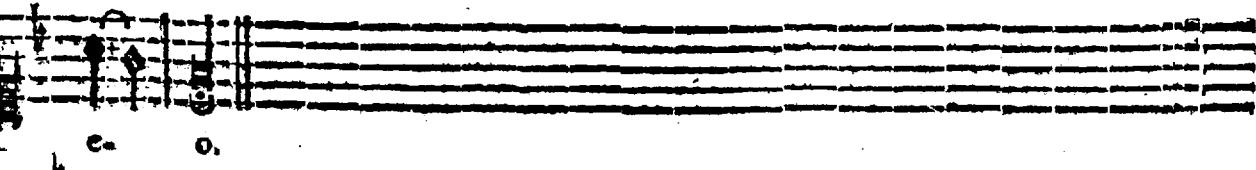
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



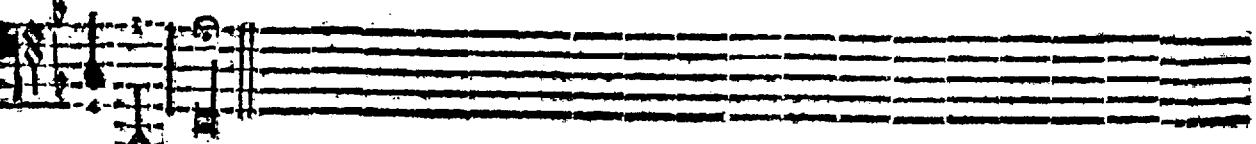
rat in e-o, beatus vir, qui sperat in e-o, qui sperat in



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



e-o.



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

III. MOTET À VOIX SEULE,
POUR LE SAINT SACREMENT.



O dulcis amor! O amor cordis mei,

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

O amor cor- dis mei, O amor! cordis mei, O amor! amor!

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

O amor cor- dis mei, O! ô dulcis amor! O amor cordis

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

mei, O a- mor cor- dis mei, O a- mor eordis mei, a- mor

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

cor- dis mei. Desidero te, Desidero te, cupio dissolvi & esse

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

III. MOTET A VOIX SEULE.



te cum. Desidero te, Desidero te, cupio dissolvi & esse tecum,

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

Gay. REPRISE.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

D E M. C A M P R A.

13

w



gaudium, Tu mihi gau- dium, Tu mihi gaudium, tu co-



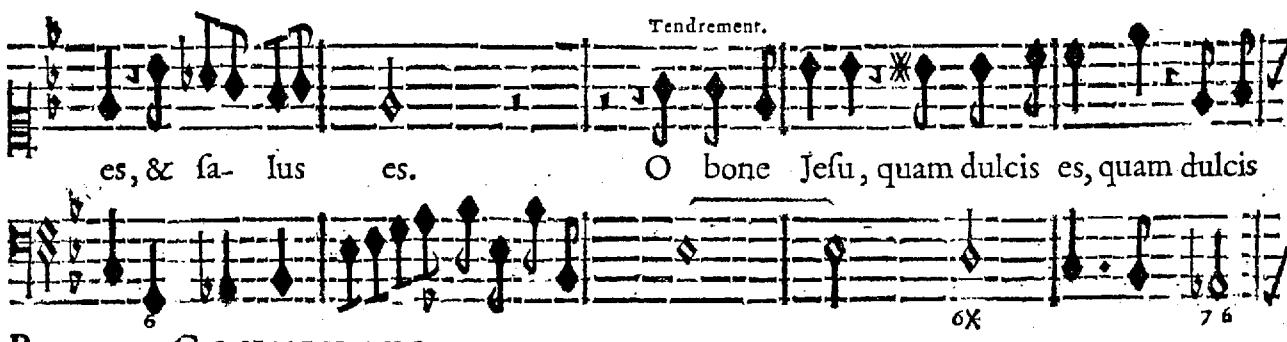
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

14 III. MOTET A VOIX SEULE,

es, quam dulcis es!
Fin.

Bassus-CONTINUUS.

O Jesu mi dulcis, te semper amabo, te semper amabo,
Gay.

Bassus-CONTINUUS.

O Jesu mi dulcis, te semper amabo, te semper cantabo, te semper lau-

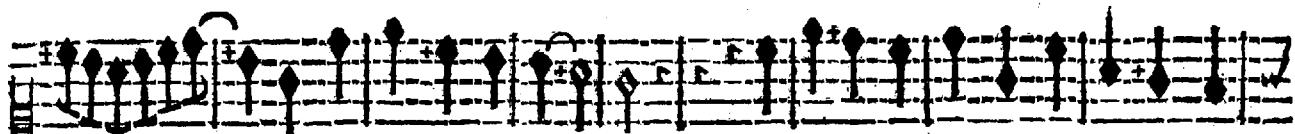
Bassus-CONTINUUS.

dabo, te semper amabo, te semper cantabo, te

Bassus-CONTINUUS.

semper laudabo, te semper amabo, te semper canta-

Bassus-CONTINUUS.



bo, te semper lauda- bo. O Jesu mi dulcis, te semper a-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



mabo, te semper cantabo, te semper lauda- bo,

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



Non mundi fallaces, sectabor honores, sed cæli ve-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



races, perquiram amores, perquiram a- mo- res, perquiram amo- res.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



Non mundi fallaces, sectabor honores, sed cæli veraces, perquiram a-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

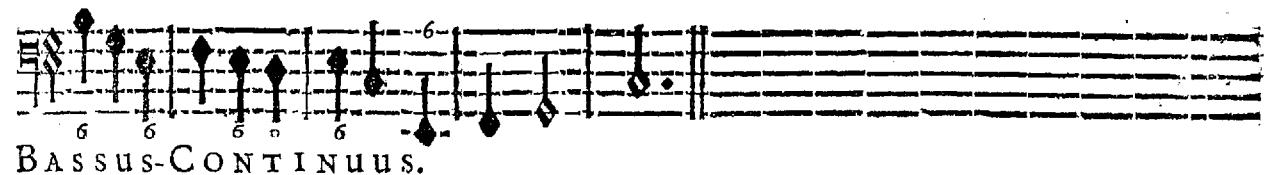
16 III. MOTET A VOIX SEULE,



mores, perqui- ram a- mo- res, amo- res, fed cæli veraces, per-
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



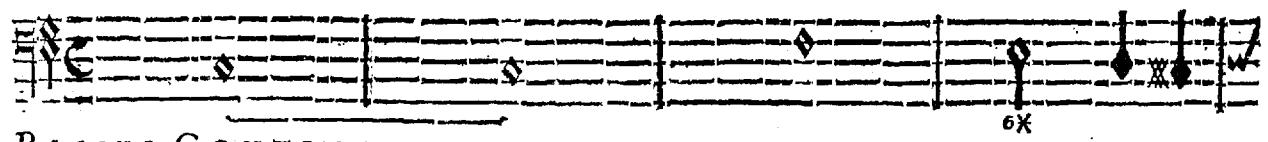
quiram amores, perquiram a- mo- res, amo- res.
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



Minas despiciet, mortem non timebit pectus: in magno robore tuæ fortis



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



dexteræ requies- cit. Semper, semper dulcia canta- bit carmina, can-
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



ta- bit carmina. Semper, semper dulcia canta- bit carmina, cantabit carmi-

BASSUS CONTINUUS.



BASSUS CONTINUUS.



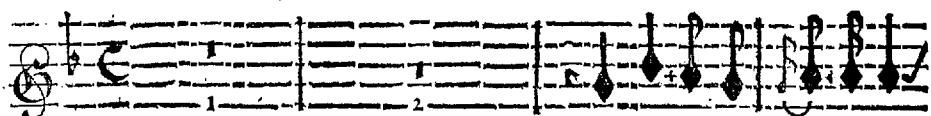
BASSUS CONTINUUS.



BASSUS CONTINUUS.



IV. MOTET A VOIX SEULE,
POUR LA SAINTE VIERGE.

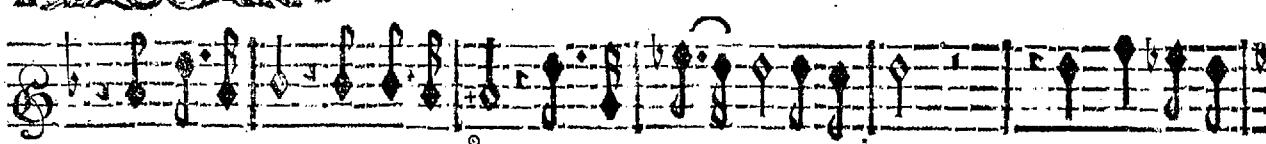


Ub.

Sub tuum præsi- dium,



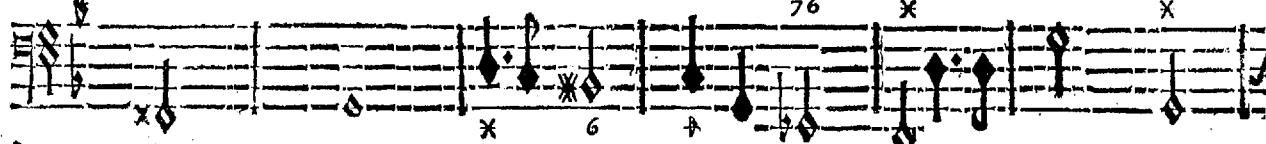
Bassus-CONTINUUS.



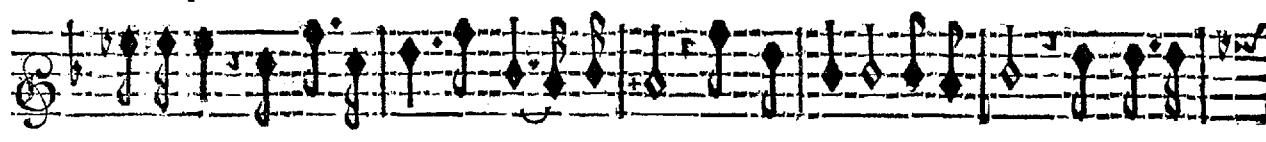
confugimus, confugimus, sancta De-

i genitrix.

Sub tuum præ-

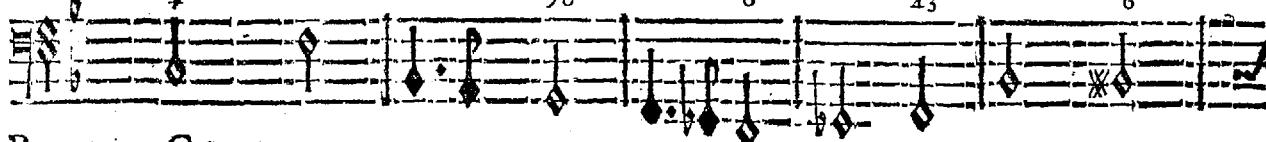


Bassus-CONTINUUS.



sidiūm, confugimus, confu

gimus, sancta Dei genitrix, confugi-

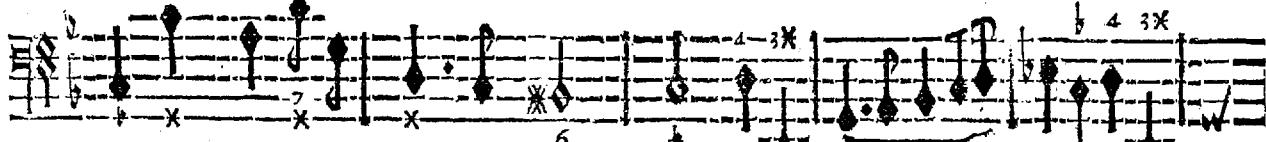


Bassus-CONTINUUS.

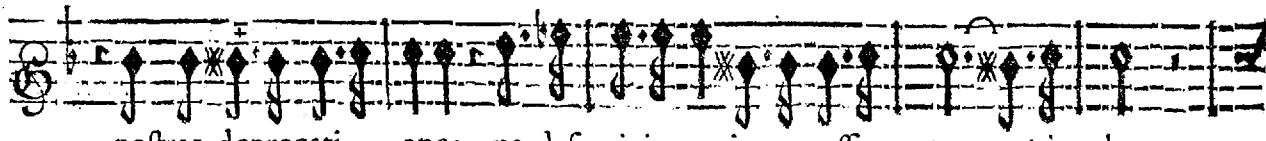


mus, Sub tuum præsidium, sancta Dei geni-

trix:



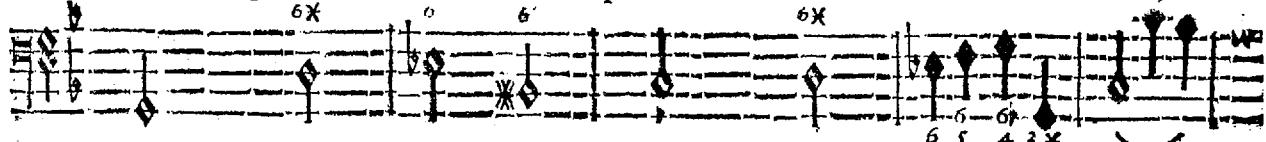
Bassus-CONTINUUS.



nostras deprecati- ones, ne des- picias in necessi-

ta-

ti- bus,



Bassus-CONTINUUS.



nostras deprecati- ones, nè despicias, ne despicias in necessita-



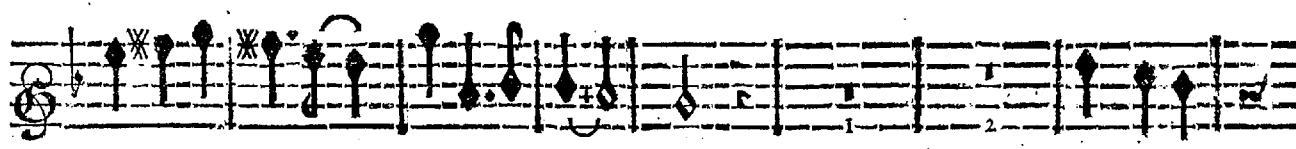
BASSUS-C O N T I N U U S.



bus, sed à peri- culis cunctis, libera nos sem- per, Vir-



BASSUS-C O N T I N U U S.



go glori- osa & benedi-cta, fed à pe-



BASSUS-C O N T I N U U S.



ricu- lis cunctis, libera nos, libera nos sem- per, Virgo glori-



BASSUS-C O N T I N U U S.



osa & benedi-cta, libera nos, libera nos sem-



BASSUS-C O N T I N U U S.

IV. MOTET A VOIX SEULE,

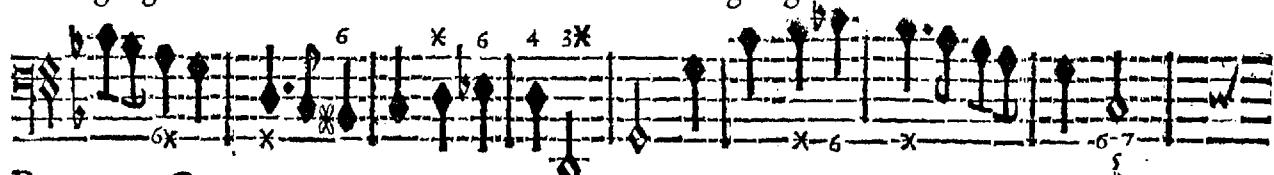


per, Virgo glori- osa & benedi- cta, libera nos sem- per, Vir-

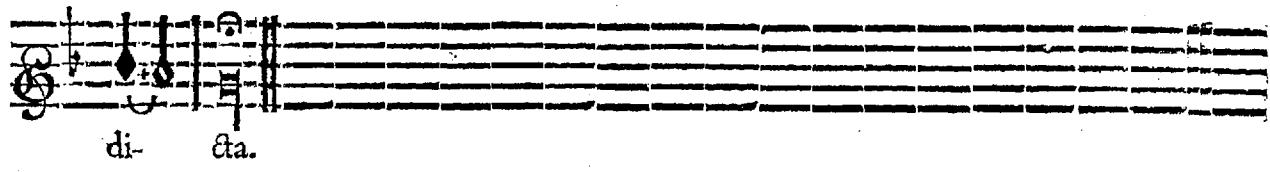
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



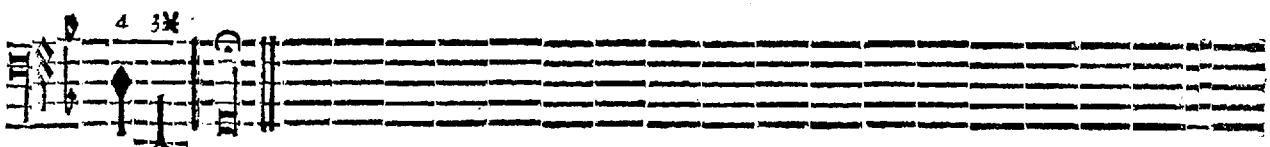
go glori- osa & benedi- cta. Virgo glori- osa & bene-



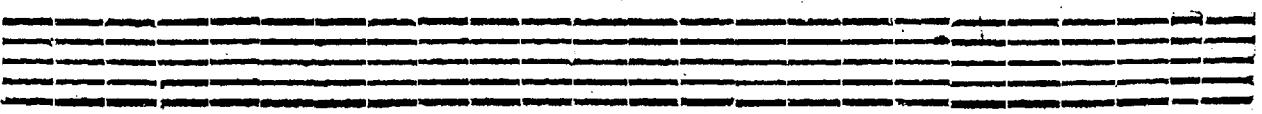
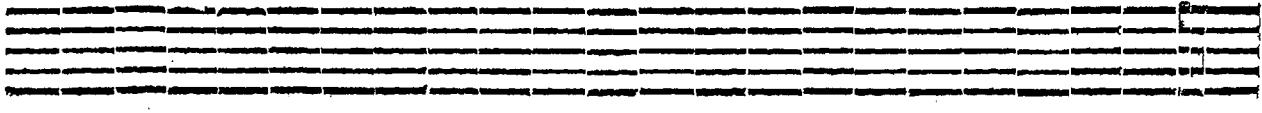
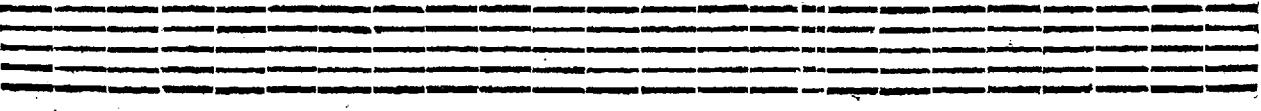
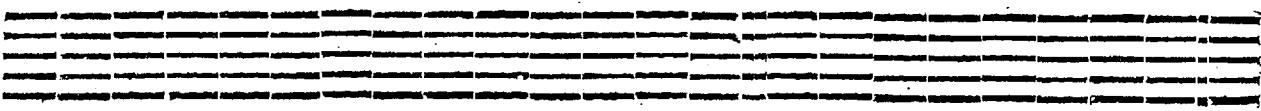
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

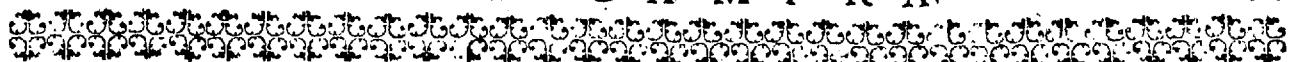


di- cta.



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.





V. MOTET A VOIX SEULE,

PSEAUME LXVI.



Eus, misere- a- tur nostri, & benedicat

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

nobis: illuminet vultum suum super nos, & misere- atur no- stri.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

Deus, misere- a- tur nostri, & benedicat nobis: illuminet vultum

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

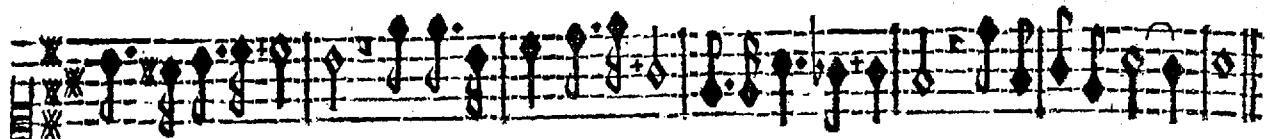
suum super nos, & misere- atur no- stri: & misere- a- tur no- stri.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

Ut cognoscamus in terra viam tuam, in omnibus gentibus

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

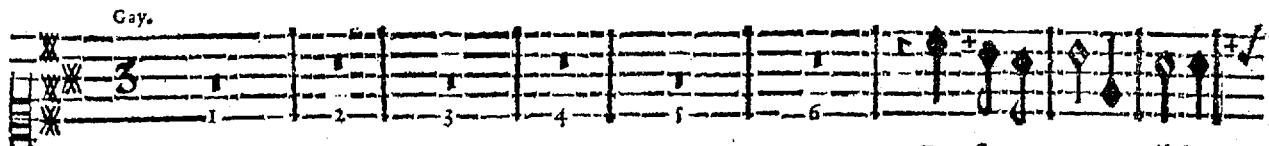
V. MOTET A VOIX SEULE,



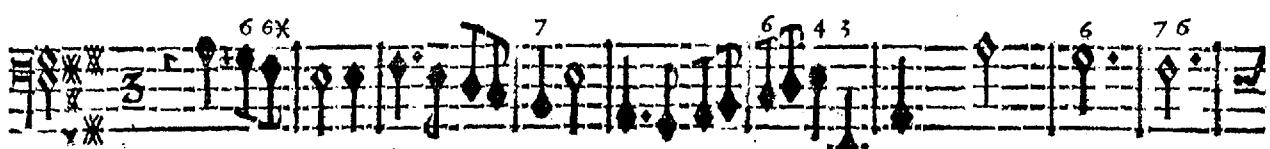
sa-lutare tuum, in omnibus gentibus salu-tare tuum, salutare tu- um.



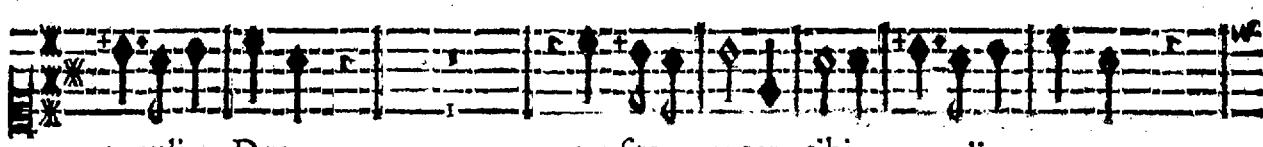
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



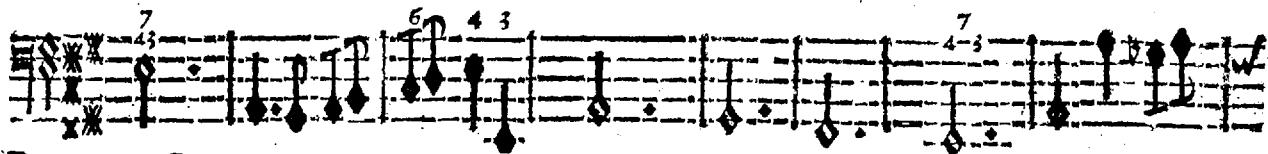
Confite- antur tibi



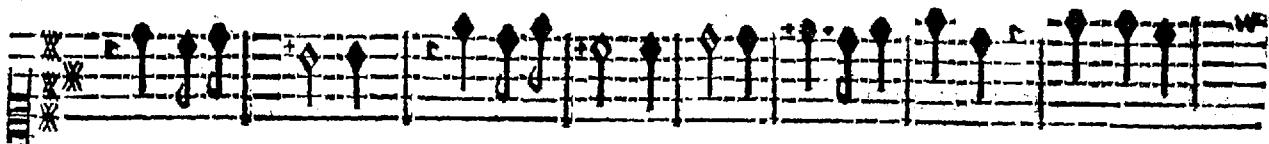
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



populi, Deus, confite- antur tibi populi omnes.



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



Confite- antur, Confite- antur tibi populi Deus, confite-



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



an- tur, confite- antur ti- bi populi om- nes, confite- an- tur,



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



confite- an- tur ti- bi populi om- nes, confite- antur tibi



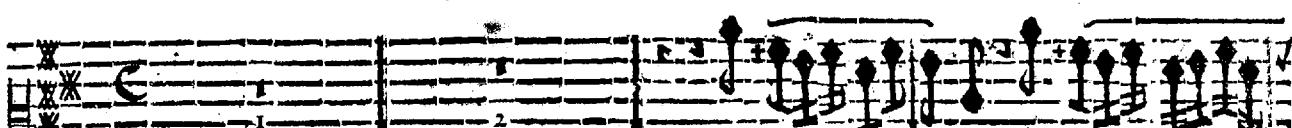
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



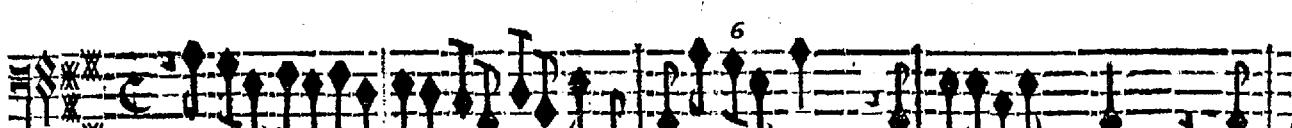
populi om- nes.



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



Læten- tur, Læten-

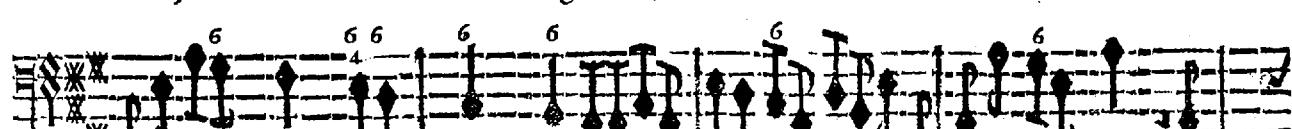


BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



tur, Lætentur & exultent gentes,

Læten-



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



tur, Læten-

tur, Lætentur & exultent gentes,

quoniam judicas

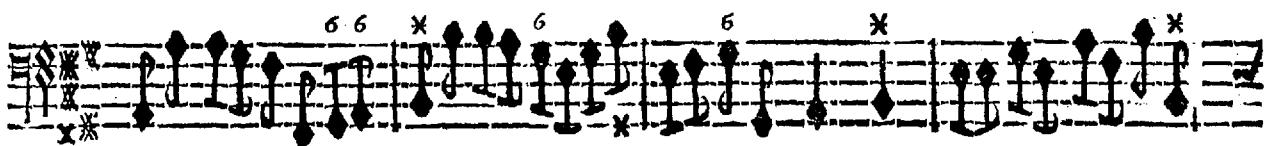


BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

V. MOTET A VOIX SEULE,



populos in æquitate: & gentes in terra diri gis.



Bassus-CONTINUUS.



Læten tur, Læten tur, Lætentur & exultent gentes,



Bassus-CONTINUUS.



quoniam judicas populos in æquitate: & gentes in terra diri



Bassus-CONTINUUS.



gis, judicas populos in æquitate: & gentes in terra diri gis.

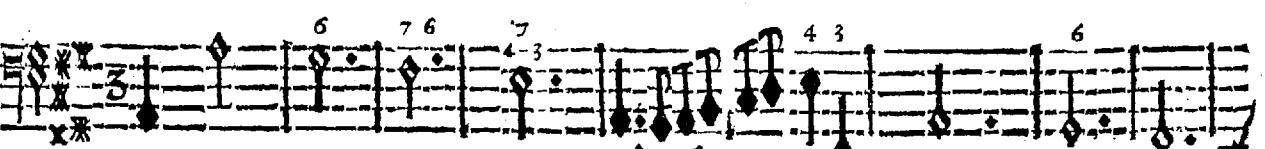


Bassus-CONTINUUS.



Confiteantur tibi populi, Deus,

confiteantur tibi



Bassus-CONTINUUS.

D E M. C A M P R A.

25



populi omnes: Confite- an- tur, Confite- antur tibi populi,



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



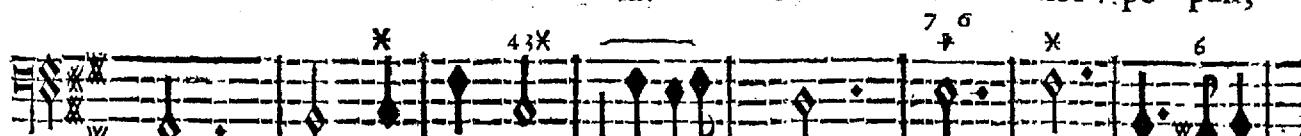
Deus, confite- an- tur, confite- antur ti- bi populi om-



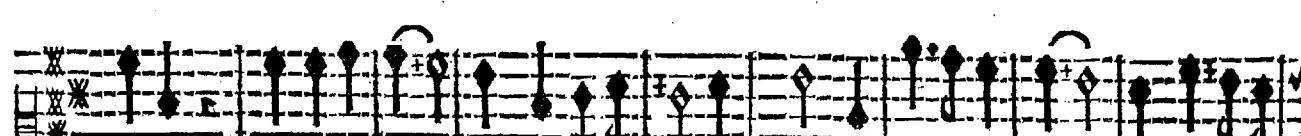
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



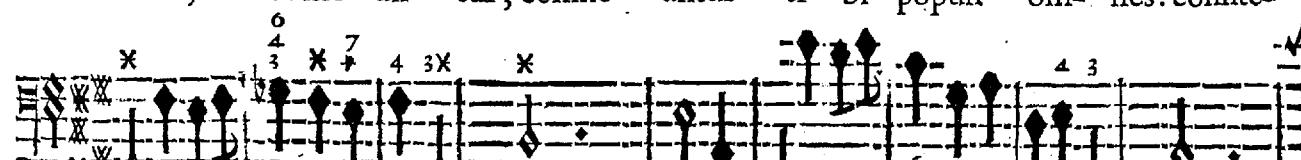
nes: terra dedit fructum su- um, Confite- antur tibi : po- puli,



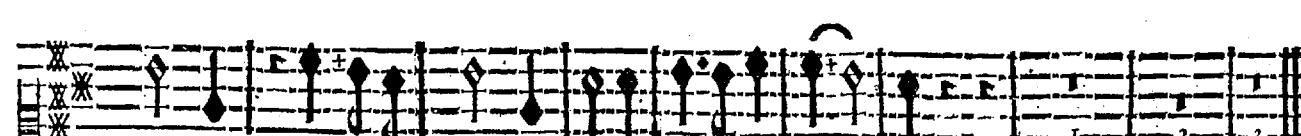
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



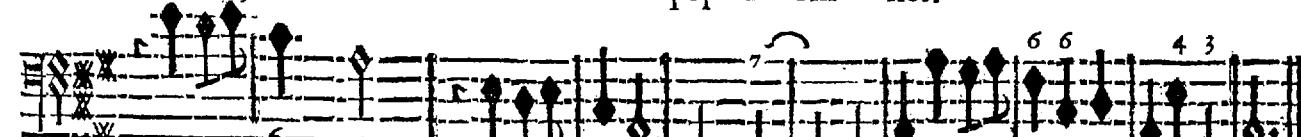
Deus, confite- an- tur, confite- antur ti- bi populi om- nes: confite-



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



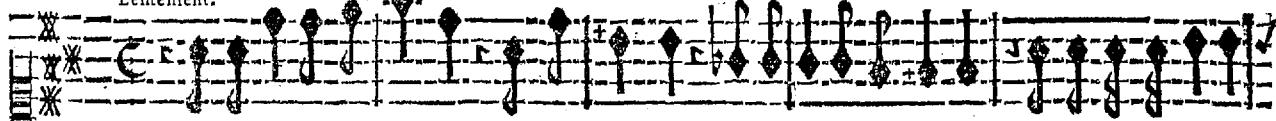
an- tur, confite- antur tibi populi om- nes.



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

V. MOTET A VOIX SEULE,

Lentement.



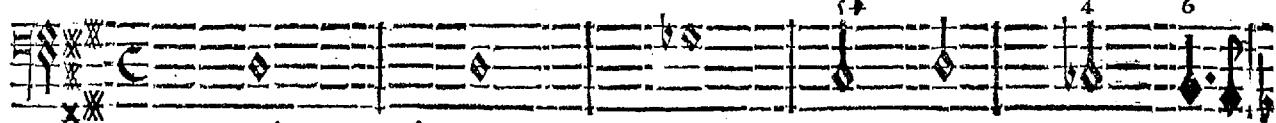
Benedicat nos Deus, Deus noster, benedicat nos Deus: & metuant eum

6

6

4

6



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



omnes fines ter- ræ. Bene- dicat nos Deus, Deus noster, benedicat nos

56

6

43

6X

6

4

X

+

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



De- us: & metuant eum omnes fines ter- ræ, & metuant eum, metuant

4

3X

6

6

76

4

3X

6

7

6

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



eum, omnes fines ter- ræ. Benedicat nos Deus, Deus noster,



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



Benedicat nos, Deus no- ster. Benedicat nos, Deus no- ster.



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

V. MOTET A VOIX SEULE,
HYMNE DU SAINT SACREMENT.

Gravement.

Ange. Pange lingua glori-

Bassus-CONTINUUS.

osi, Pange lingua gloriosi, Corporis misterium,

Bassus-CONTINUUS.

Pange lingua glori. osi, Corporis misterium, Sangui- nisque preti-

Bassus-CONTINUUS.

osi, Quem in mundi pretium: Fructus ventris gene- rosi, Rex, effudit genti-

Bassus-CONTINUUS.

um. Fructus ventris generosi, Rex, effudit gentium.

Bassus-CONTINUUS.

VI. MOTET A VOIX SEULE,



Nobis datus, nobis natus, Nobis datus, nobis natus, Ex intacta Virgi-
ne, Ex intacta Virgine, Et in mundo conversatus, Sparso verbi semi-



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



ne, Sui moras inco- latus, Miro clausit ordine. Sui moras inco- latus, Miro
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



clausit ordine. Miro clausit ordine.



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



AIR. Gratiellement.
IN supremæ nocte coœnæ, Recumbens cum fratri- bus: Observa-



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



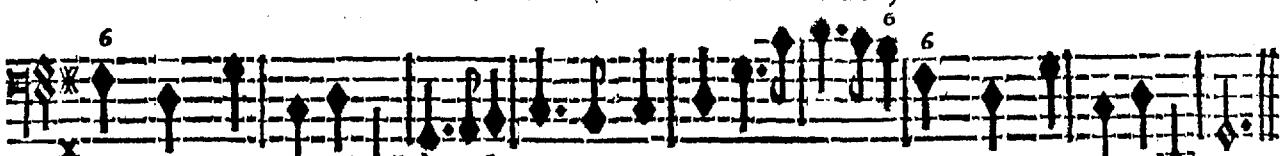
ta lege plene Cibis in legali- bus, Cibum turbæ duo- denæ,



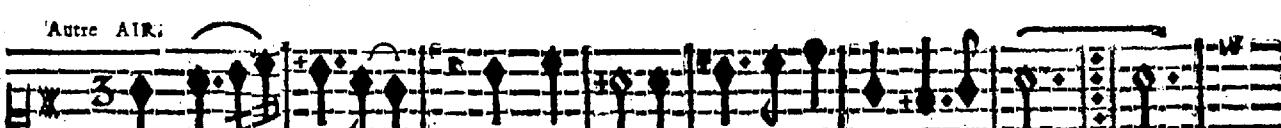
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



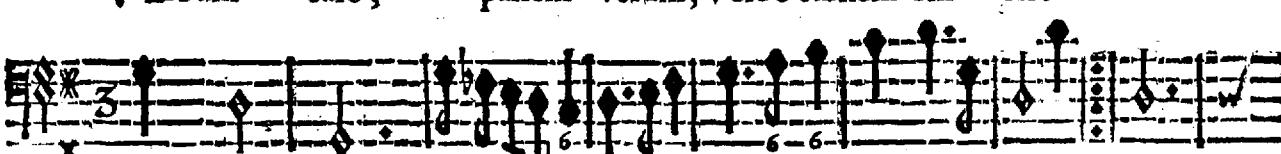
Se dat suis mani- bus. Cibum turbæ duo- denæ, Se dat suis manibus.



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



Verbum caro, panem verum, Verbo carnem effi- cit:



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



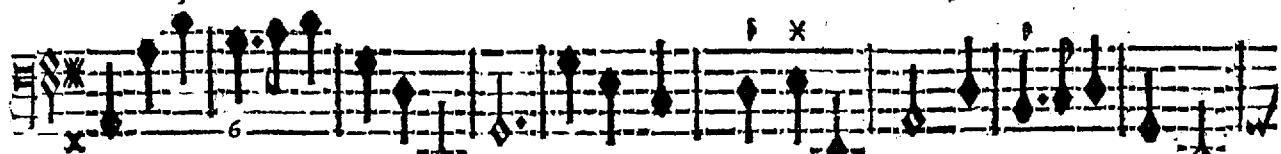
Fitque sanguis Christi merum, Et si sensus deficit, Ad firmandum cor sin-



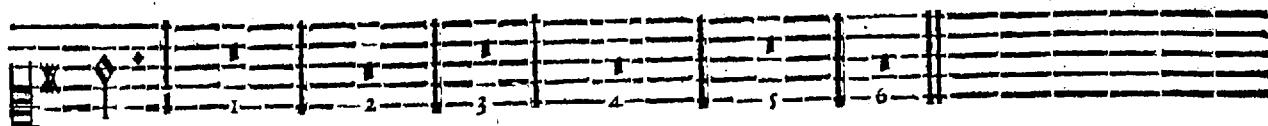
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



cerum, Sola fides sufficit. Ad firmandum cor sincerum, Sola fides suffi-



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



cit.



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

Tendrement.



Tantum ergo, Sacramentum, Veneremur cernui: Tantum ergo,



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



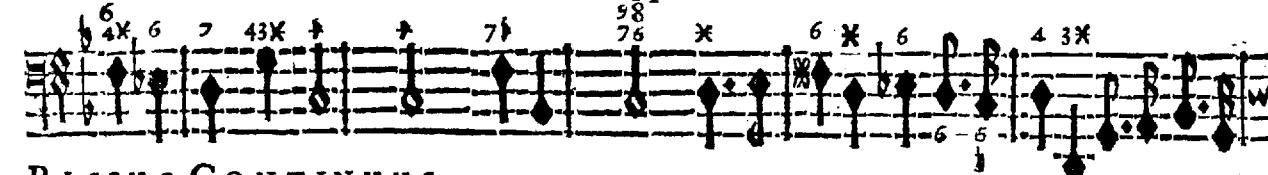
Sacramentum, Veneremur cernui: Et antiquum documentum Novo



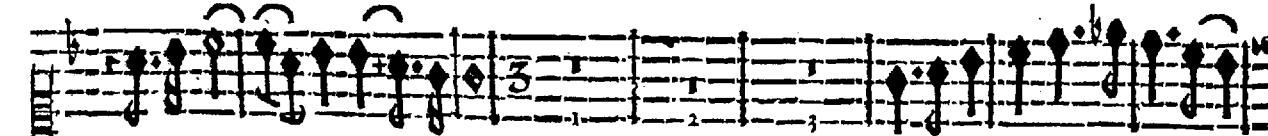
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



cedat ritui, Praestet fides supplementum Sensuum deffe- etu-i.



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



Sensuum deffe- etui.

Genito- ri, Geni- toque,



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



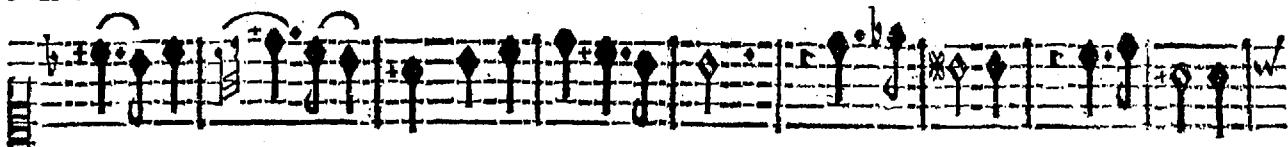
Laus & ju- bi- lati- o, Geni- tori, Geni- toque, Laus & jubi- latio,

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



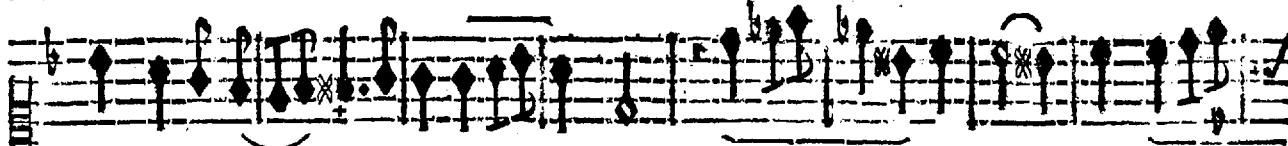
Salus, honor, virtus quoque Sit & benedi- ctio: Procedenti

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



ab utro- que Compar fit laudati- o. Proce- denti ab utroque

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



Compar fit lau- datio. A- men. A- men. A- men. A-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



men. A- men. A- men. A- men. A-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



men. A- men. A- men. A- men.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

I. MOTET A DEUX VOIX,



I. MOTET A DEUX VOIX.

DU CANTIQUE DES CANTIQUES.



Ari.

Cari.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

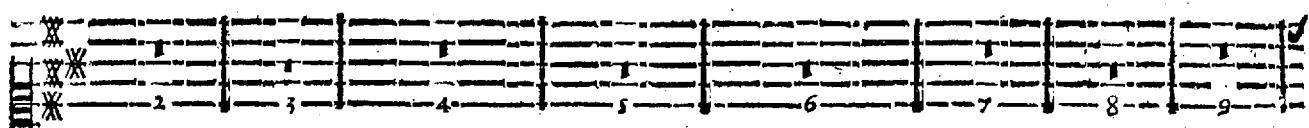
Zephiri volate, Cari Zephiri volate, vola-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

te, vola- tc.

Surgite flores festi-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



nate, festina- te, festina- te.

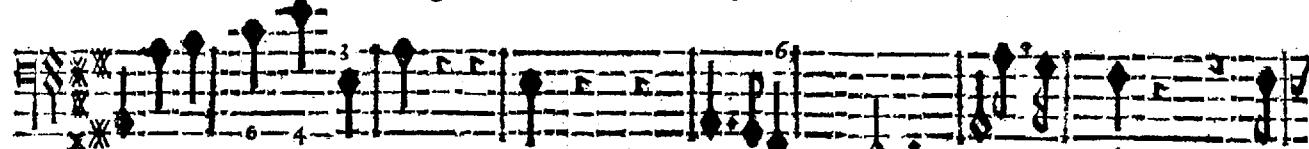


BASSUS.CONTINUUS.

Cari Zephiri volate, Cari Zephiri volate, vola-

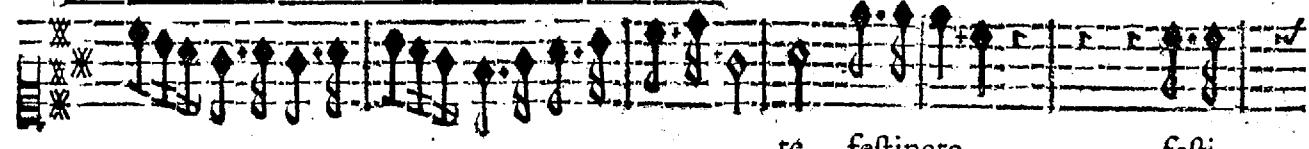


Surgite flores, festinate, festina-



BASSUS.CONTINUUS.

te, volate, vo-



te, festinate, festi-

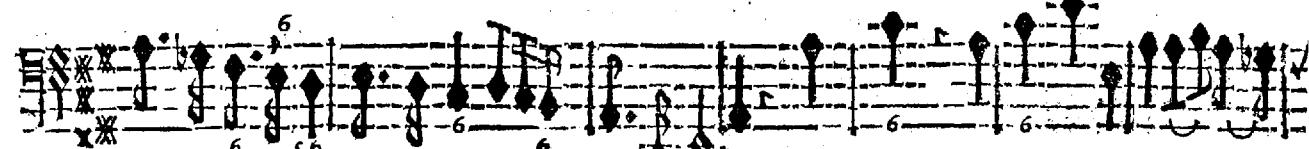


BASSUS.CONTINUUS.

la- te, vola- te. Auræ



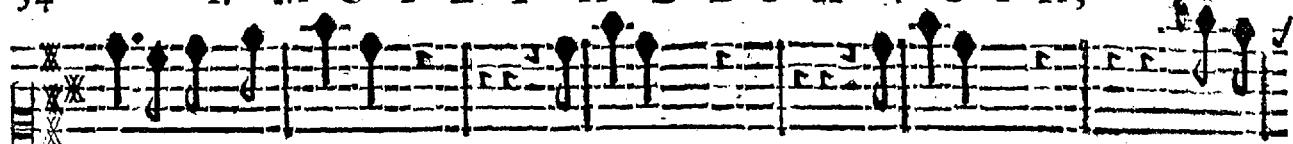
na- te, festina- te.



BASSUS.CONTINUUS.

I

I. MOTET A DEUX VOIX,



placidæ ve- nite, venite, venite, ventil-

Sussurrate, ventillate, Sussurrate, ventil-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

la- te, circum me.

la- te, circum me. Auræ placidæ ve-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

Sussur- rate, ventil- late, Sussur- rate, ventil-

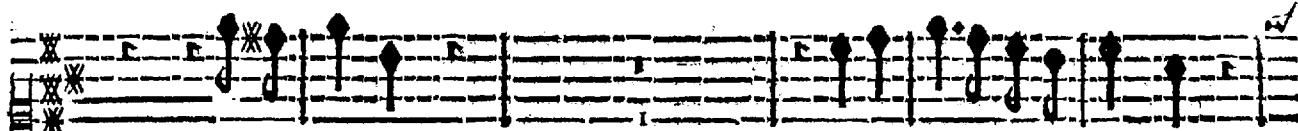
nite, ve- nite, ve- nite, ventil-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

la- te, cir- cum me. Sussur- rate,

la- te, circum me. Ven- te, ve-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



Cari Zephiri vola-te,

ventilla-

te,

Surgite

6 6x



Bassus-CONTINUUS.

vola-

flores, festi-nate, festina-



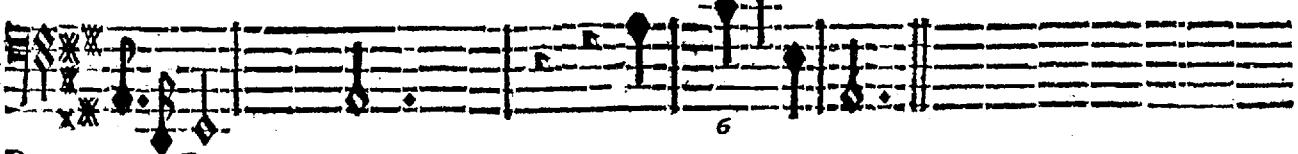
Bassus-CONTINUUS.

te, vola-

te.

te, festina-

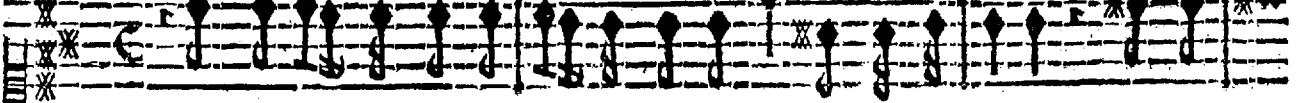
te.



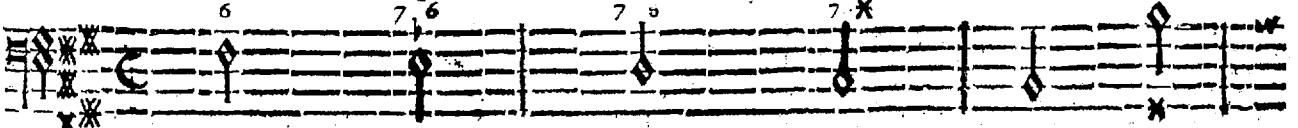
Bassus-CONTINUUS.

PREMIER DESSUS seul.

Lentement.



Stat anhe-lans pectus me-um, Meum cor flagrat amore, & com-



Bassus-CONTINUUS.

I. MOTET A DEUX VOIX,

buror in ardo- re, in ardo- re, in ardo- re.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

On reprend le Duo Cari Zephiri, &c. page 32.

SECOND DESSUS seul.

A Manc usque ad vesperam Quæ sivi per vicos & plateas, Quem dili-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

git anima me- a, nec illum in- venire potu- i. Quæ sivi per vicos & plateas,

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

Quem diligit anima mea, nec illum invenire potui, nec il- lum inveni- re potui.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

PREMIER DESSUS seul.

RESTIT. Tendrement.

Mi dilecte ubi es?

Mi dilecte ubi es? Cur me tam languire

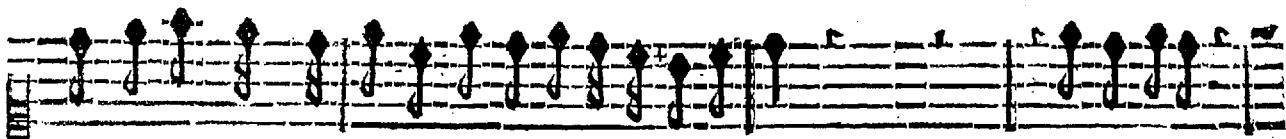
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



facis? Cur me tam languire facis? ubi es? ubi es? Cur me tam languire
 Bassus-CONTINUUS.



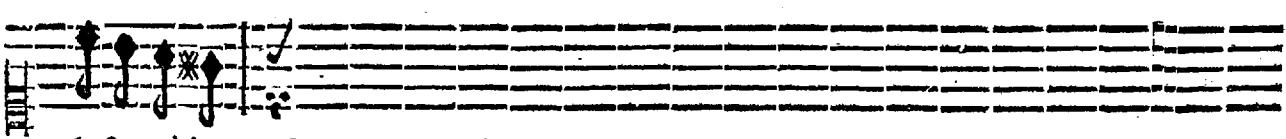
fa- cis? Cur me tam languire fa- cis? Si te
 Bassus-CONTINUUS.



quero, ad quid me fugis, Cara vita, amica spes. Cara vita,
 Bassus-CONTINUUS.



Cara vita amica spes. Cara vita amica spes, amica spes. Mi di-
 Bassus-CONTINUUS.



leste ubi, jusques au mot fin.
 Bassus-CONTINUUS.

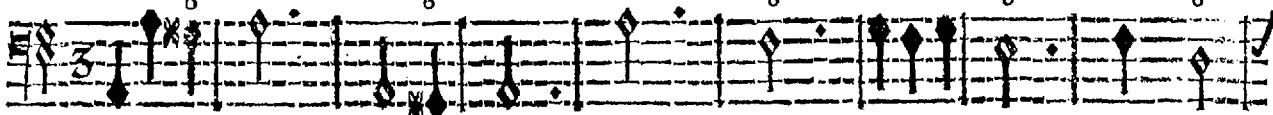
I. MOTET A DEUX VOIX,



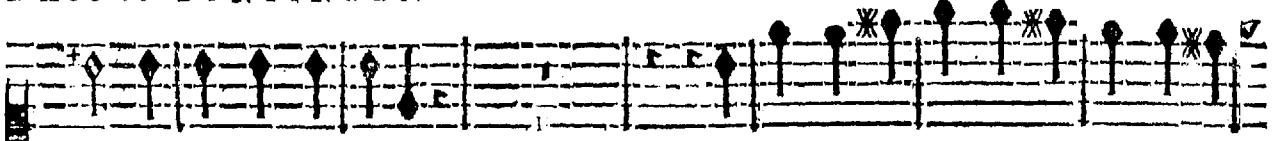
Cara turba, per campos & valles prædilectum quæri-



Cara turba, per campos, per campos & valles prædilectum quæri-



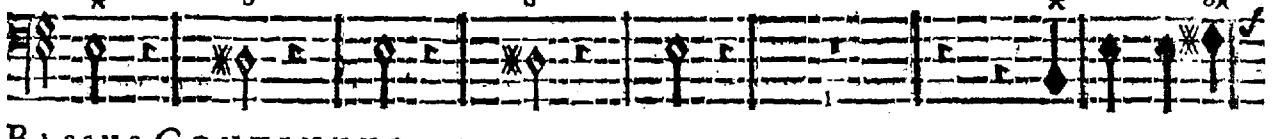
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



te: per campos & valles, per campos & valles, per campos, per



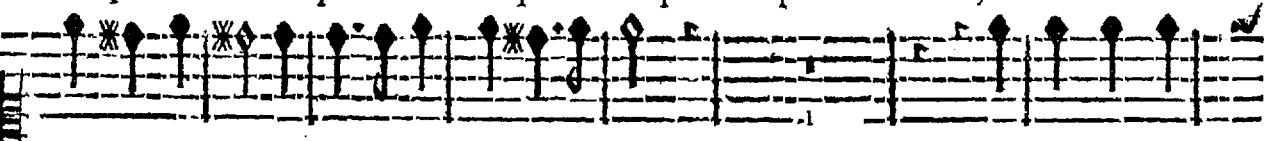
te: per campos & valles, per campos & valles, per campos & valles, per



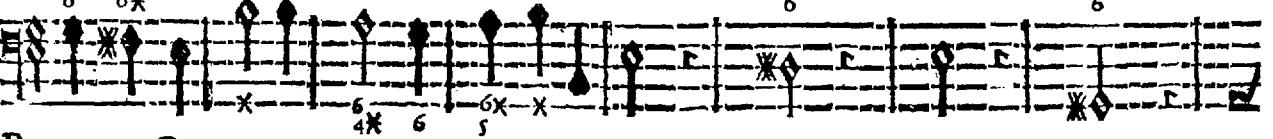
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



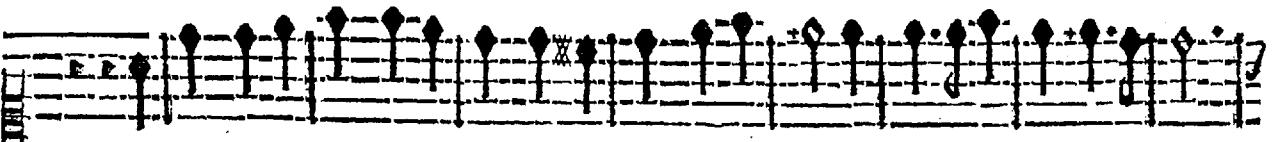
campos & valles prædilectum quærite: per campos & valles,



campos & valles prædilectum quærite: per campos &



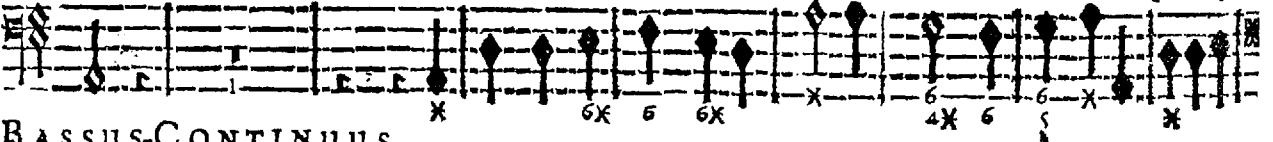
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



per campos & valles, per campos, per campos & valles prædilectum quærite.



valles, per campos & valles, per campos & valles prædilectum quærite.



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

D E M. C A M P R A.

39



Hic induit est sole lucen- ti.

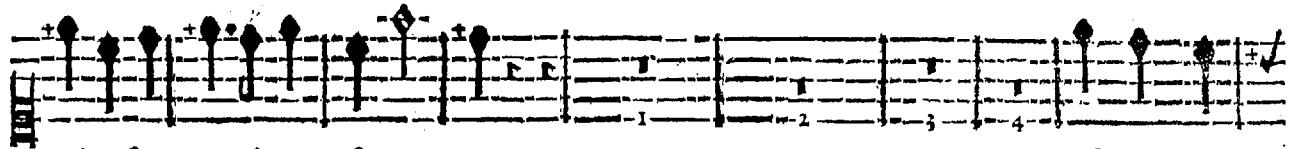
Et in



In pupillis sunt stellæ divi- næ.



Bassus-CONTINUUS.

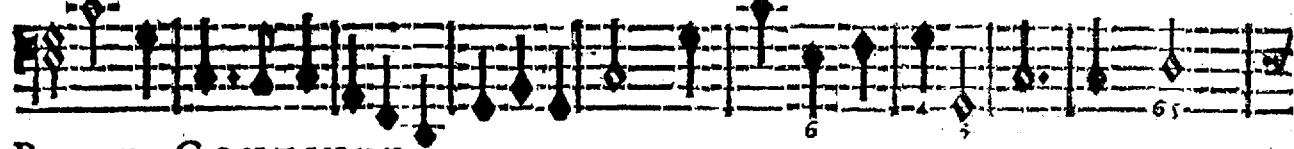


vultu sunt gratia sere- nae.

Ad me con-



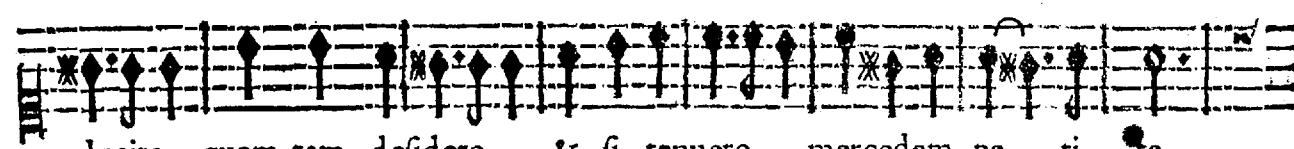
Et in ore stant flores amæ- ni. Ad me con-



Bassus-CONTINUUS.



ducite quem tam desidero, & si tenuero mercedem pe- ti- te.



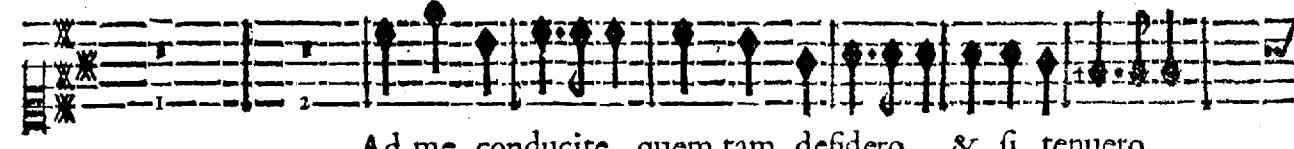
ducite quem tam desidero, & si tenuero mercedem pe- ti- te.



Bassus-CONTINUUS.



Ad me conducite, quem tam desidero, & si tenuero



Ad me conducite quem tam desidero, & si tenuero

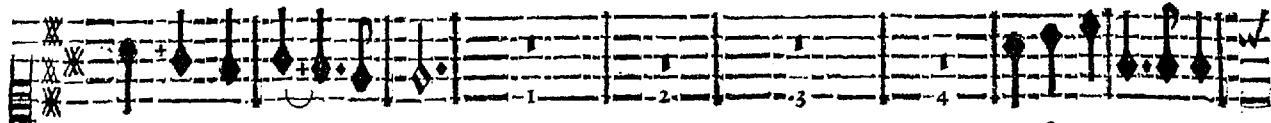


Bassus-CONTINUUS.

I. MOTET A DEUX VOIX,

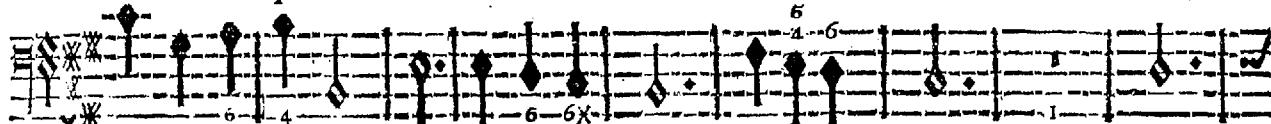


mercedem pe- ti- te. Ad me conducite quem tam desidero.



mercedem pe- ti- te.

& si tenuero,



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



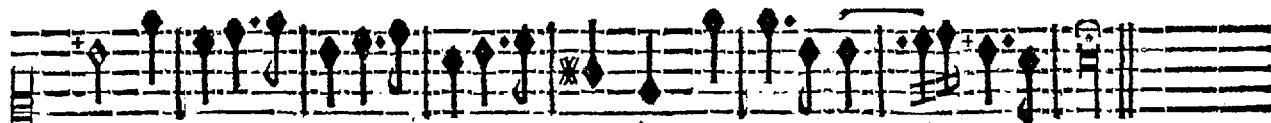
& si tenuero mercedem pe- ti- te. Merce- dem, mercedem pe- ti-



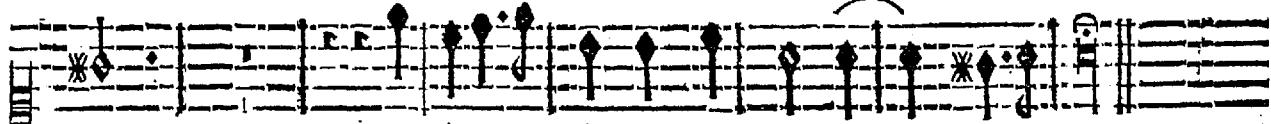
& si tenuero mercedem pe- ti- te. Merce- dem, mercedem peti-



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



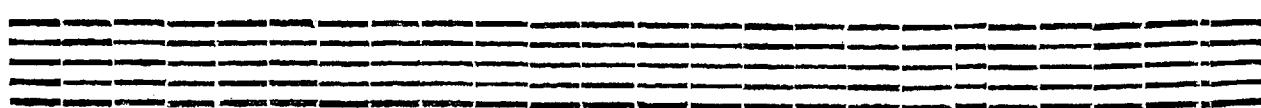
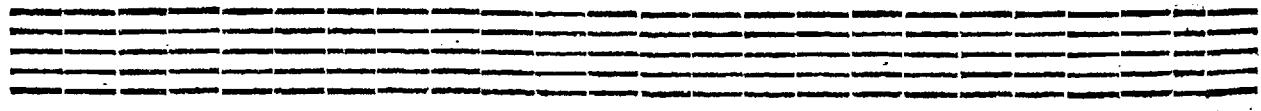
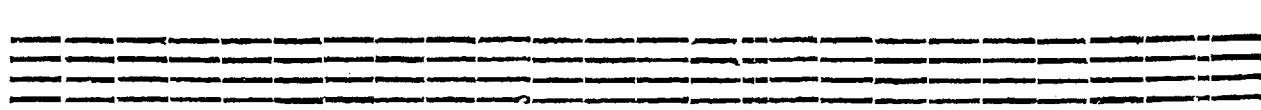
te. Merce- dem, Mercc- dem petite.



te. Merce- dem, Merce- dem petite.



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



II. MOTET A DEUX VOIX,
POUR UN SAINT, OU UNE SAINTE.

PREMIER DESSUS seul.



A horizontal musical staff consisting of five lines and four spaces. It features several note heads, some with stems extending upwards and others downwards. The notes vary in size and shape, suggesting different pitch or duration values. There are also some small vertical marks, possibly indicating rests or specific performance instructions.

Bassus-Continuus.

Dominus e- legit, quem
quam Dominus e- legit & circumdat gloria: Cantemus, Can-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

A single measure of musical notation for a soprano voice. It begins with a G clef and a common time signature. The melody consists of eighth-note pairs connected by vertical stems, with some notes having small horizontal dashes above them. The measure concludes with a double bar line.

temus, exultemus quem Dominus e- legit & circumdat glori-
quam

A musical score page featuring a single staff of music. The staff consists of five horizontal lines. It begins with a note head containing a cross-like symbol, followed by a note head with a vertical stem and a small circle at its top. A short vertical line connects the first two note heads. This pattern repeats three more times. After the fourth repetition, there is a vertical bar line with the number '6' written below it. Following the bar line, the staff continues with another note head containing a cross-like symbol, a note head with a vertical stem and a small circle at its top, and a note head with a vertical stem and a small circle at its bottom.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

A musical score page featuring a single staff of music. The staff begins with a bass clef, followed by a sharp sign indicating one key signature. The first measure contains six eighth-note pairs, each pair consisting of a black note and a white note. The second measure consists of two long vertical dashes, representing rests. The third measure contains three eighth notes: a black note, a white note, and another black note. The fourth measure contains four eighth notes: a black note, a white note, a black note, and a white note. The fifth measure contains two eighth notes: a black note and a white note.

2,

& circumdat gloria.

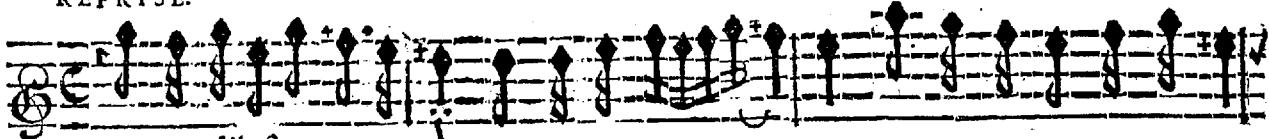
A musical score page featuring a single staff. The staff begins with a clef symbol and a key signature of one sharp. It contains several note heads, some with stems pointing up and others pointing down, and various rests of different lengths. The notes and rests are distributed across the staff, with some appearing in pairs or groups.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

L

II. MOTET A DEUX VOIX.

REPRISE.



Gaude dilecte Domino, gaude triumpha, gaude triumpha,

Gaude dilecte Domino, gaude triumpha, gaude triumpha,

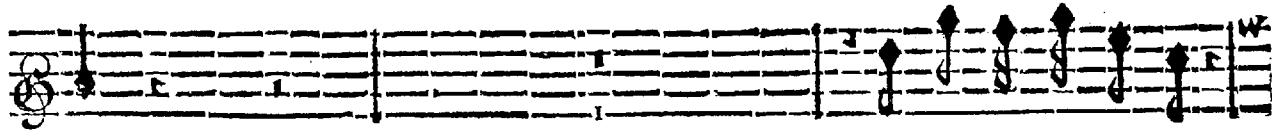
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



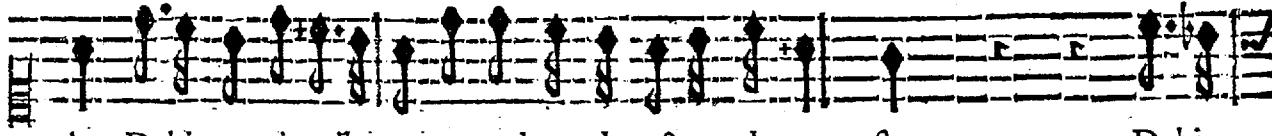
pha, Gaude dilecte Domino, gaude triumpha, gaude triumpha,

pha, Gaude dilecte Domino, gaude triumpha, gaude triumpha,

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



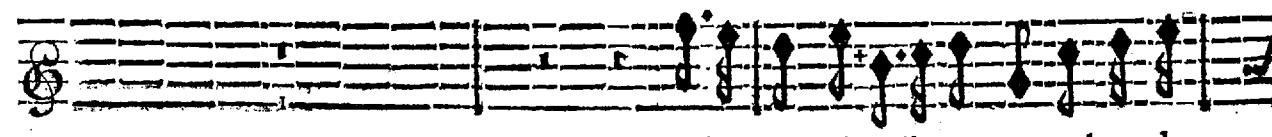
pha, triumpha, triumpha.



pha, Debitam virtutibus mercedem degusta, degusta. Debi-



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



Debitam virtutibus mercedem de-



cum virtutibus mercedem degusta, degusta.



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



gusta, degusta. Gaude dilecta Domino, gaude triumpha, trium-

triumpha, triumpha, Gaude dilecta Domino, gaude triumpha, trium-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



pha, gau- de trium- pha, gaude triumpha, triumpha, trium-

pha, gau- de trium- pha, gaude triumpha, triumpha, triumpha,

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



pha, triumpha, triumpha, triumpha.



trium- pha, triumpha, triumpha, triumpha.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

PREMIER DESSUS.



TU medios inter tumultus, Tu per vitæ tempe-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

44 II. MOTET A DEUX VOIX,



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

SECOND DESSUS.

Nunc in portu requiescis, te largo, te inexhausto, volup- tatum tor-

ren- te ine- bri-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

Pugnasti fortiter, Laborem tulisti,

ans. Cum plausu vincis, præmia susci-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

Arduam, difficilem calcasti semi- tam.

pis, Jam nubes, jam sidera vides sub pe- dibus.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

Sis bonus, Sis bona, Sis bonus, Sis bona, sis fœlix, Sis bonus, Sis bona, Sis bonus, Sis bona,
Sis fœlix, Sis bonus, Sis bona, sis fœlix, Sis bonus, Sis bona, Sis bonus, Sis bona,

BASSUS CONTINUUS.

fœ- lix, liceat tuis in- sistere vestigi- is. Sis fœlix, Sis
fœ- lix, liceat tuis in- sistere vestigi- is. Sis bonus, Sis bona, Sis bonus, Sis bona,
Sis bona,

BASSUS CONTINUUS.

bonus, sis fœ- lix, Sis bonus, Sis bona,
bonus, sis fœ- lix, liceat tuis in- sistere vestigi- is. Sis
bona,

BASSUS CONTINUUS.

Sis bonus, sis fœlix, liceat tuis in- sistere vestigi- is. Sis
bona, felix, Sis bonus, sis fœlix, liceat tuis in- sistere vestigi- is. Sis bo- nus,
bona, Sis bona,

BASSUS CONTINUUS.

III. MOTET A DEUX VOIX,

foelix, Sis bonus, sis foelix, liceat tuis in- sistere vestigi- is,
bona,
Sis bonus, sis foelix liceat tuis in- sistere vestigi- is,
bona,
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

liceat tuis insiste- re vestigiis. Gaude dilecta Domino,
A la Reprise jusques au mot fin.
ligeat tuis insiste- fe vestigiis. Gaude dilecta Domino,
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



III. MOTET A DEUX VOIX.

PSEAUME XCII.

Ominus.
Dominus.
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



Dominus regnavit, decorem indutus est; indutus est Dominus fortis.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



Dominus regnavit, decorem indutus est;

tudinem, & præcinxit se. Dominus regnavit, decorem indutus est; Dominus re-



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



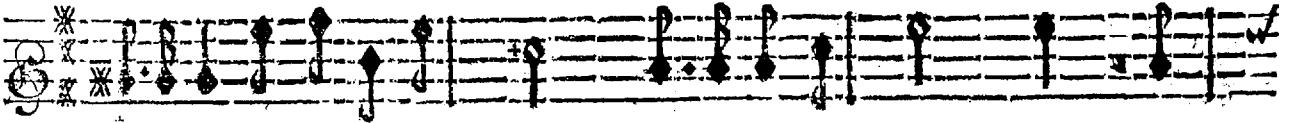
Dominus regnavit, decorem indutus est; indutus est Dominus fortis.



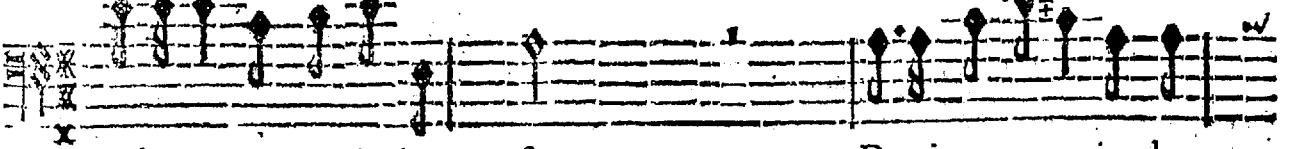
gnavit, decorem indutus est; indutus est Dominus fortis.



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



tudinem, & præcinxit se. Dominus regnabit, de-

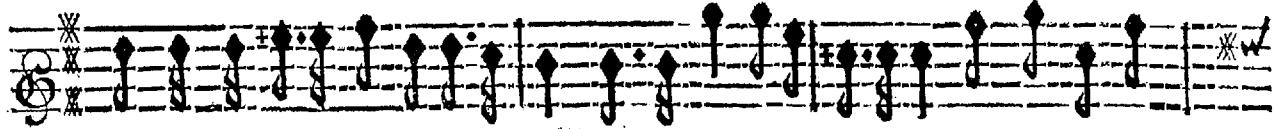


tudinem, & præcinxit se.

Dominus regnavit, de-



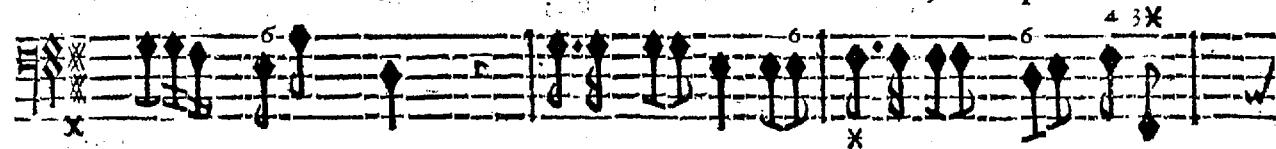
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



corem indutus est; indutus est Dominus fortitudinem, & præcinxit



corem indutus est; indutus est Dominus fortitudinem, & præcinxit



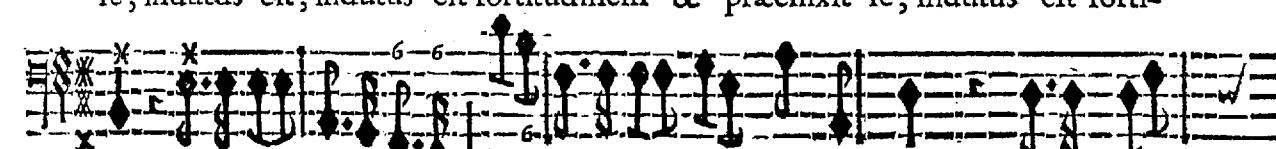
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



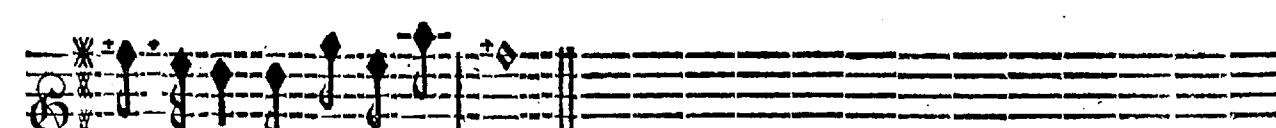
se, indutus est, Dominus fortitudinem & præcinxit se, indutus est fort-



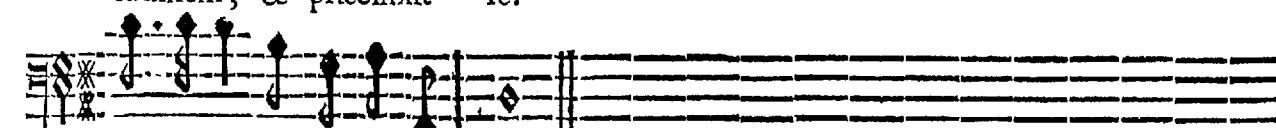
se, indutus est, indutus est fortitudinem & præcinxit se, indutus est fort-



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



tudinem, & præcinxit se.



tudinem, & præcinxit se.



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

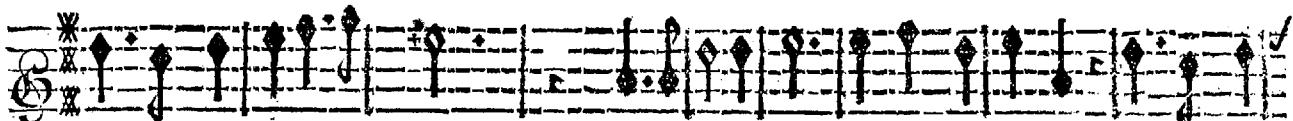
DESSUS seul.



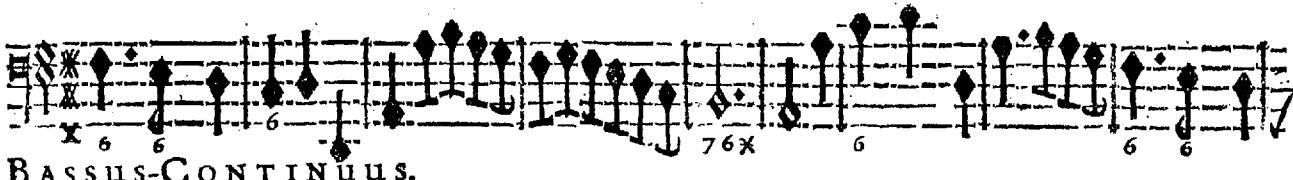
Etenim firma- vit orbem terræ:



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



qui non commovebi- tur. Etenim firma- vit orbem terræ: qui non com-



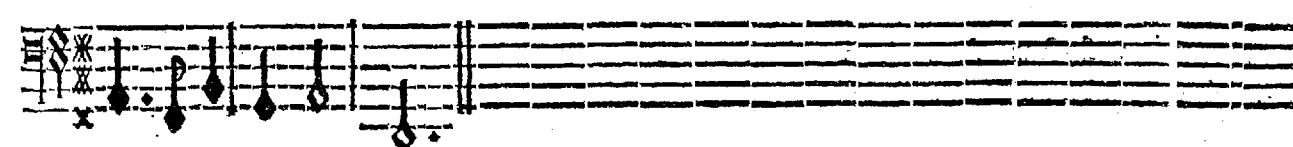
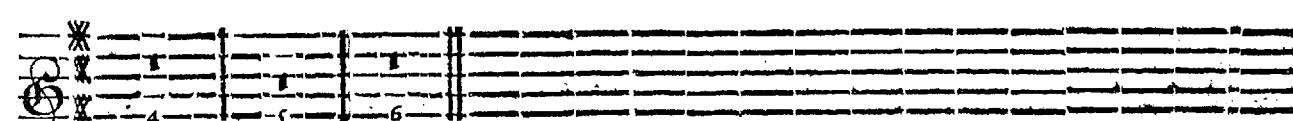
movebitur. Parata sedes tu- a ex tunc: à sœculo tu es.



Etenim firma- vit orbem terræ: qui non commovebi- tur. Ete-

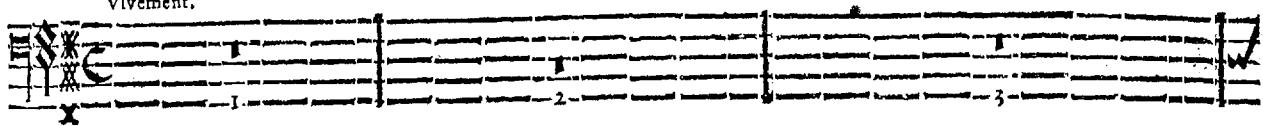


nim firma- vit orbem terræ: qui non commovebi- tur.



III. MOTET A DEUX VOIX,

Vivement.



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



Elevaverunt flu-

mina Domine:

Elevaverunt



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



flu-

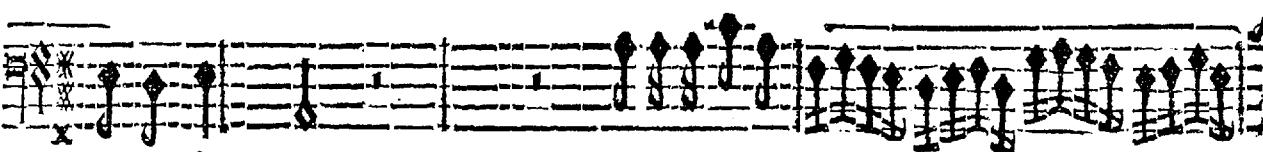
mina

vo-



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

*



ccm su- am.

Elevaverunt flu-



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

*



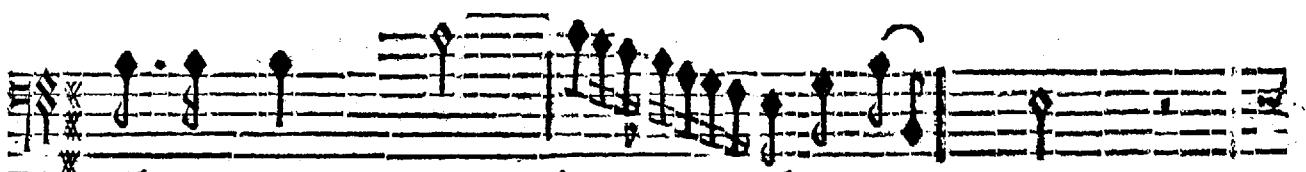
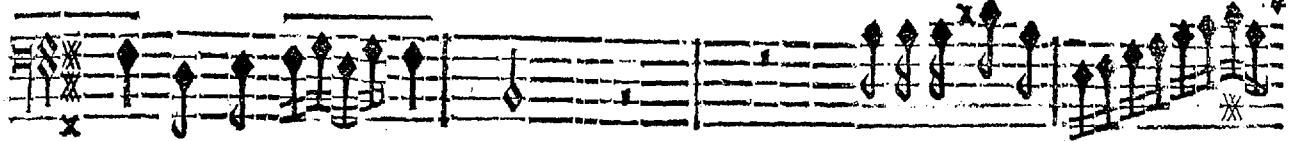
mina fluctus suos; à vocibus aqua-



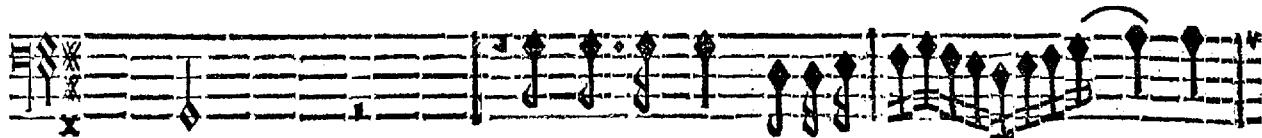
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

D E M. C A M P R A.

51



III. MOTET A DEUX VOIX,



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

ma- ris: mirabilis, mirabilis in

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

altis Domi-nus, mirabilis in al-tis Dominus.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

Gravement

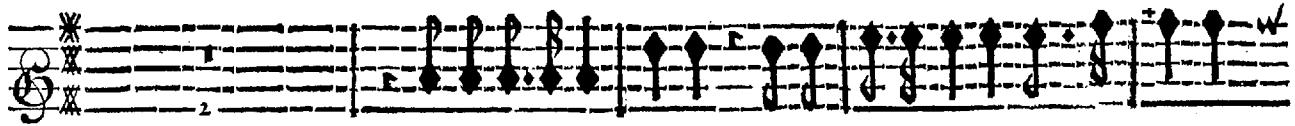
Testimonia tua credi-bilia facta sunt nimis: Domum tuam decet sancti

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

tudo, Domi-ne, in longitudinem die-rum.

Testimonia tua credi-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



bilia facta sunt nimis: Domum

BASSUS-C O N T I N U U S.



Domum tuam decet sancti- tudo, Domine, in longitudinem die- rum.

tu- am decet sancti- tudo, Domine, in longitudinem dierum. Domum

BASSUS-C O N T I N U U S.



Domum tuam decet sancti- tudo, Domine, in longitudinem di-

tuam decet sancti- tudo, Domine, in longi- tudinem die-

BASSUS-C O N T I N U U S.



e- rum. Domum tuam decet sancti- tudo, Domi- ne,

rum, in longi- tudinem die- rum, decet sancti- tudo, Domi- ne,

BASSUS-C O N T I N U U S.

III. MOTET A DEUX VOIX,

ne, in longitudinem die- rum, in longitudinem die-
rum, in longitudinem die- rum, in longitudinem die-

BASSUS CONTINUUS.

rum. Domum tuam decet sanctitudo, Domi- ne, in longi-
rum. Domum tuam decet sanctitudo, Domine, in longitudinem di-

BASSUS CONTINUUS.

tudinem die- rum, in longitudinem die- rum.
c- rum, in longitudinem die- rum.

BASSUS CONTINUUS.

I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR,
ET SYMPHONIE.

PSEAUME CXXV.



Gravement.
PRELUDE.

N convertendo Dominus.

BASSE DE VOLON ET CONTINUE.

BASSE DE VOLON ET CONTINUE.

56 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,

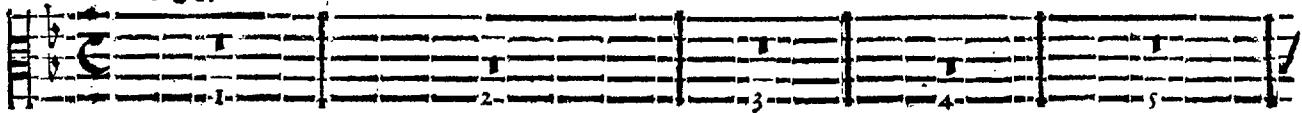
The musical score consists of four staves of music. The top two staves are for voices (Soprano and Alto) and the bottom two are for the orchestra (Violin Bass and Continuo). The music is in common time, with a key signature of one flat. Measure numbers 75, 76, 4, 3x, 6, and 6x are indicated above the staff. The vocal parts sing in homophony, while the orchestra provides harmonic support.

BASSE DE VIOOLON ET CONTINUE.

The musical score consists of five staves of music for Violin Bass and Continuo. The bass line is sustained throughout, providing harmonic support. Measure numbers 6, 6, 5, 6, and 6 are indicated above the staff. The Continuo part is represented by a single line of dots below the bass staff.

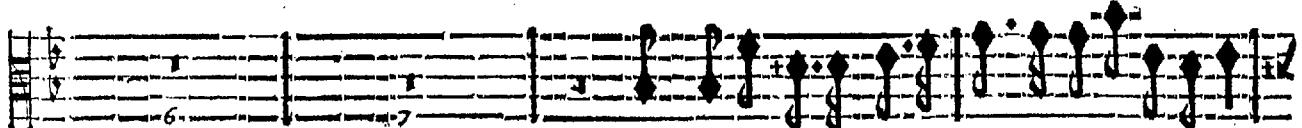
BASSE DE VIOOLON ET CONTINUE.

DUO.

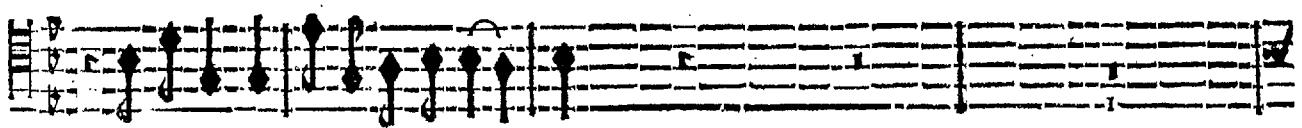


IN convertendo Dominus captivi- tatem Sion, facti sumus sicut consolati,

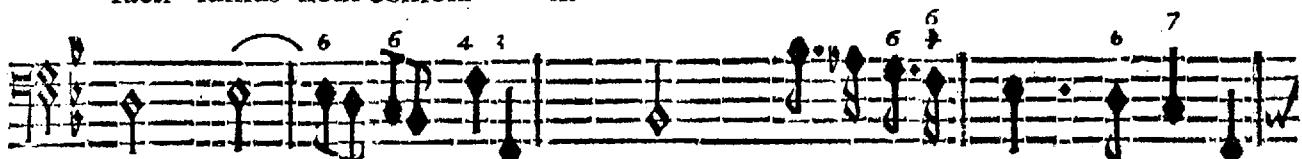
BASSE-CONTINUE.



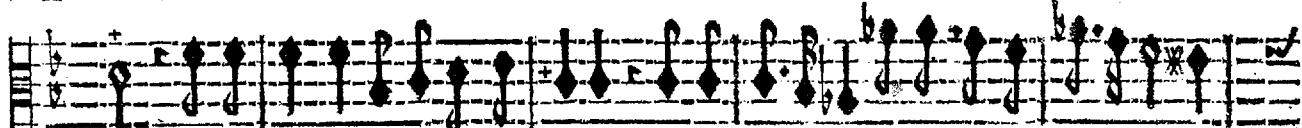
IN convertendo Dominus captivitatem Si-



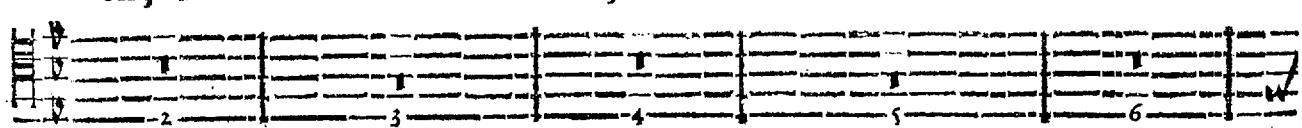
facti sumus sicut consola- ti.



BASSE-CONTINUE.



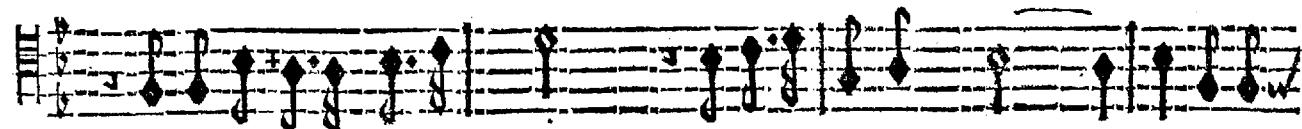
on, facti sumus sicut conso- lati, facti sumus sicut consola-



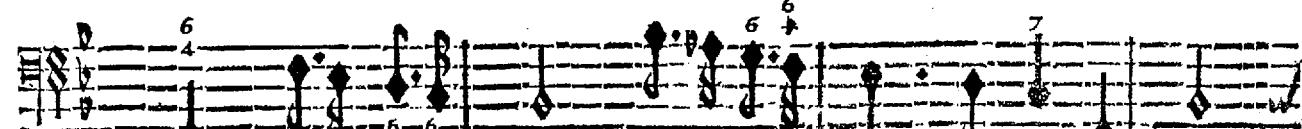
BASSE-CONTINUE.



ti. In convertendo Dominus captivitatem Si- on,

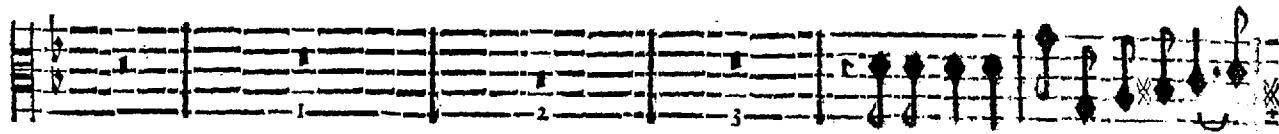


In convertendo Domi- nus captivi- tatem Si- on, facti



BASSE-CONTINUE.

58 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,



facti sumus sicut consola-



sumus sicut consolati, sicut conso- la- ti.

BASSE-CONTINUE.



ti, sicut consola- ti.

In convertendo Dominus captivi-



In convertendo Dominus captivi- tatem Si-



tatem Sion, facti su- mus, facti su- mus sicut conso- la- ti, sicut conso-

on, facti su- mus, facti su- mus sicut conso- la- ti.

BASSE-CONTINUE.



la- ti, consola-

sicut consola-



BASSE-CONTINUE.

D E M. C A M P R A.

C HŒ U R.

59

Tous.

Vivement.

Tunc repletum est gau-

dio os nostrum, gaudio os

ti.

Tunc re-

ti.

Tunc repletum est gau-

Tunc repletum est gau- dio os

V I O L O N S .

BASSE DE V I O L O N E T B A S S O N .

B A S S E - C O N T I N U E .

60 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,

no- strum: gau- dio os nostrum, os nostrum: Tunc re-
 pletum est gau- dio os nostrum: gau- di-o os
 dio os no- strum: Tunc repletum est gau-
 Tunc repletum est gau- dio os no- strum:
 no- strum, os nostrum: Tunc repletum est gau-

BASSE-CONTINUE.

pletum est gau- dio os no- strum: Tunc repletum est
 nostrum: Tunc repletum est gau- dio os no- strum:
 dio os nostrum, os nostrum: Tunc repletum est gau- dio re-
 Tunc repletum est gau- dio os
 dio os no- strum: Tunc re-

BASSE-CONTINUE.

62 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,

gau- dio os nostrum: Tunc repletum est gau-
 Tunc repletum est gaudio os no- strum;
 ple- tum est gaudio os nostrum: Tunc repletum est
 no- strum, repletum est gaudio os no- strum:
 pletum est gau- dio os no- strum:

 BASSO-CONTINUE.

dio os no strum: Tunc repletum est
 Tunc repletum est gaudio os no strum: os no
 gau dio os no strum:
 & lingua nostra exulta ti o
 & lingua nostra exulta ti o

BASSO CONTINUE.
 6 6 76

64 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,

The musical score consists of ten staves of music. The top staff features a soprano vocal line with lyrics: "gau- dio os no-", followed by "strum: Tunc re-", "strum:", "& lingua nostra exultati- o-", and "ne.". The second staff continues the soprano line with "Tunc répletum est gau-". The third staff begins with a basso continuo line, followed by "nie.". The fourth staff continues the basso continuo line with "ne.". The fifth staff begins with a soprano vocal line, followed by "Tunc re-". The sixth staff continues the soprano line. The seventh staff begins with a basso continuo line. The eighth staff continues the basso continuo line, marked with a measure number "6" and an asterisk "x". The ninth staff is a continuation of the basso continuo line. The tenth staff is a continuation of the basso continuo line, marked with a measure number "43" and an asterisk "x".

BASSE-CONTINUE.

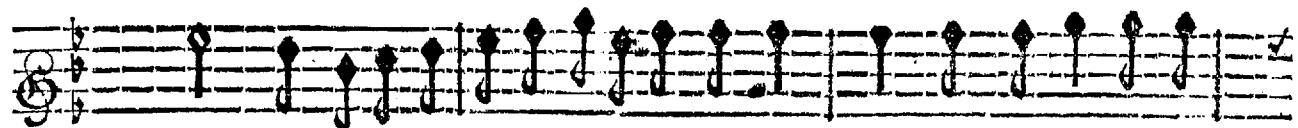
pletum est gaudio os no- strum : Tunc re-
 & lingua nostra exulta- ti- o- ne ,
 dio os nostrum , os no- strum : & lingua nostra exul- ta- ti-
 & lingua nostra exul- tatio-
 pletum est gau- dio os no- strum :
 BASSO-CONTINUE.
 76 76

66 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,

pletum est gau- dio os no- strum : & lingua
 & lingua nostra exul- ta- ti- o- ne, exul- ta- ti- o- ne.
 ne. Tunc repleteum est gau-
 ne. Tunc re- pletum est
 & lingua nostrā exul- tati- o- ne.

43 6 54 6

BASSE-CONTINUE.

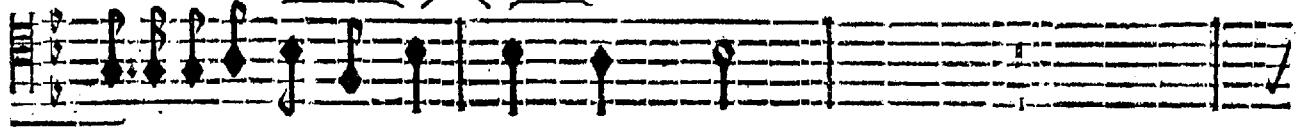


no- stra, & lingua nostra exulta- ti- o- ne. Tunc repletum est



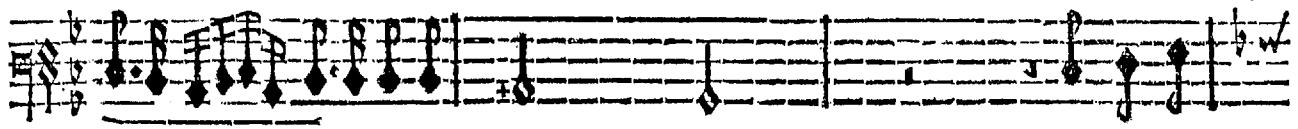
o- ne. Tunc re- pletum est gau-

dio os nostrum:



dio os no-

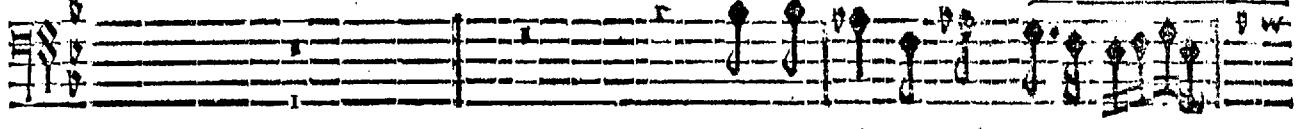
strum:



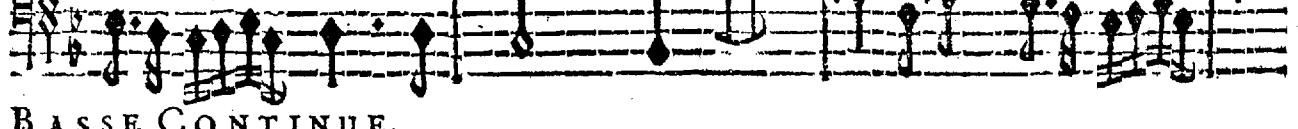
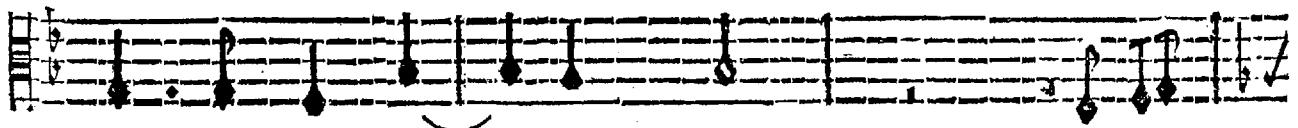
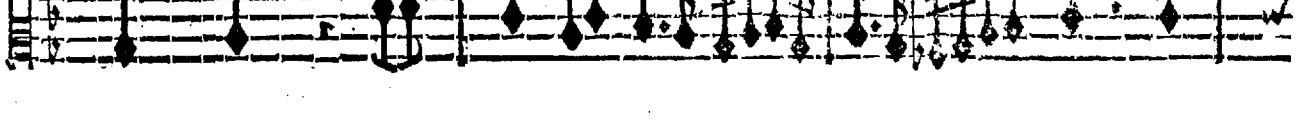
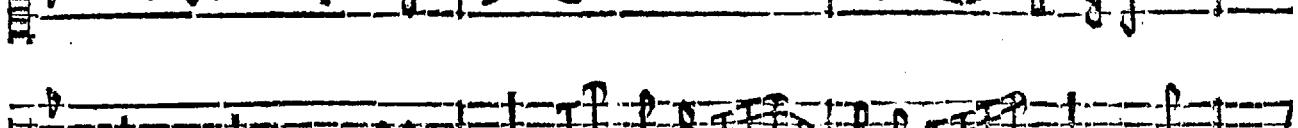
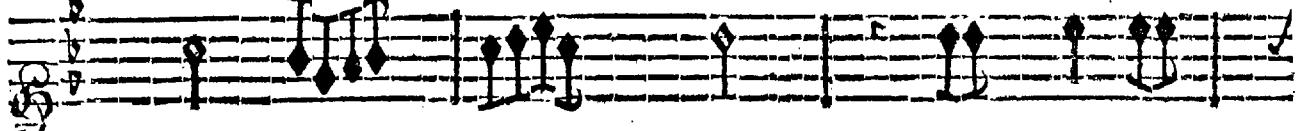
gau- dio os no-

strum:

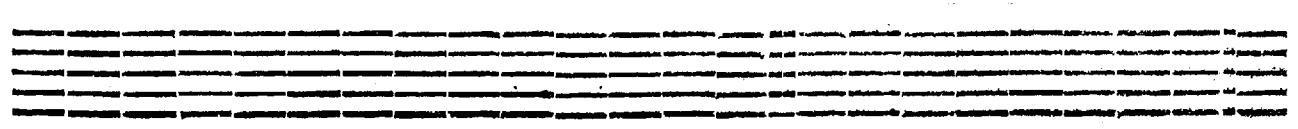
& lingua



Tunc re- pletum est gau-



BASSE CONTINUE.



68 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,

gaudio os nostrum, repletum est gau- di- o os no-
 gaudio os nostrum, os nostrum: & lingua nostra exulta- ti- o-
 & lingua nostra exultatio-
 nostra exultatio- ne. Tunc repletum est
 dio os no- strum:

 BASSO-CONTINUO.
 3 43

D E M . C A M P R A.

69

strum, & lingua nostra exultati- o- ne.
 ne. Tunc repletum est gau- dio os
 ne, & lingua nostra exultati- o- ne. Tunc re-
 gaudio os no- strum: Tunc repletum est gau-
 & lingua nostra exultatio- ne.

BASSE-CONTINUE.

70 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,

no strum, Tunc repletum est gau dio os nostrum,
 pletum est gau dio, reple tum est gaudio os
 dio os nostrum: & lingua
 Tunc repletum est gau dio os

BASSE-CONTINUE.

D E M . C A M P R A.

71

BASSE-CONTINUE.

72 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,

gau- dio os no- strum: & lingua nostra, lingua nostra exulta-
 ti- no- strum: & lingua no- stra, Tunc re-
 ne, & lingua nostra exul- ta- ti- o- ne, exul- tati-
 Tunc re- pletum est gau- dio os no- strum:
 ne. Tunc repletum est gaudio os nostrum: & lingua nostra exultatio-
 ne.
 BASSO-CONTINUE.

o- ne, & lingua nostra exultati- o- ne, e- xul- ta- ti- o- ne.

pletum est gaudio os no- strum: Tunc repletum est gaudio os nostrum.

o- nc. Tunc repletum est gaudio, & lingua nostra exultatio- ne.

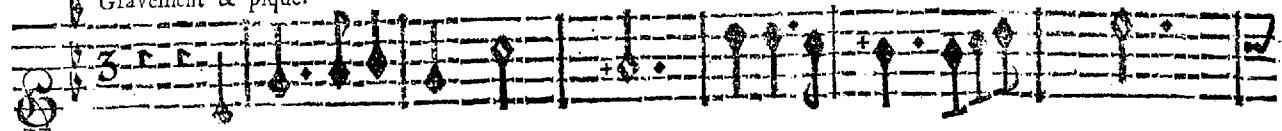
Tunc repletum est gaudio os no- strum, os nostrum.

ne, exul- ta- ti- o- ne.

BASSE-CONTINUE.

74 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,

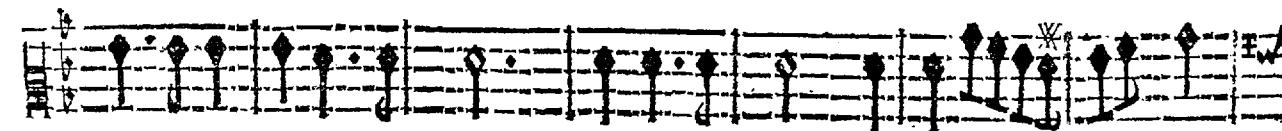
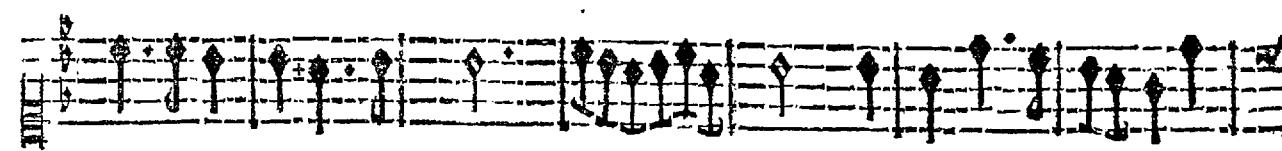
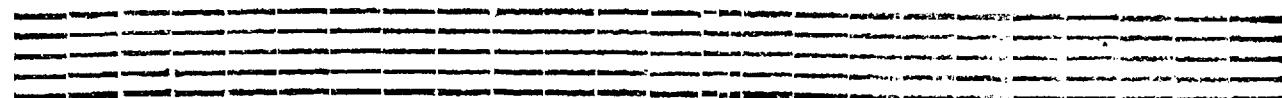
b Gravement & piqué.



V I O L O N S .



B A S S E C O N T I N U E .



B A S S E - C O N T I N U E .



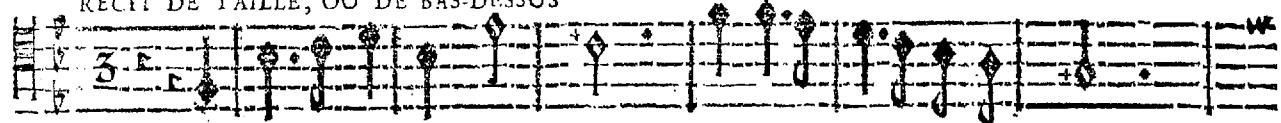
BASSE-CONTINUE.



BASSE-CONTINUE.

76 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,

RECIT DE TAILLE, OU DE BAS-DESSUS



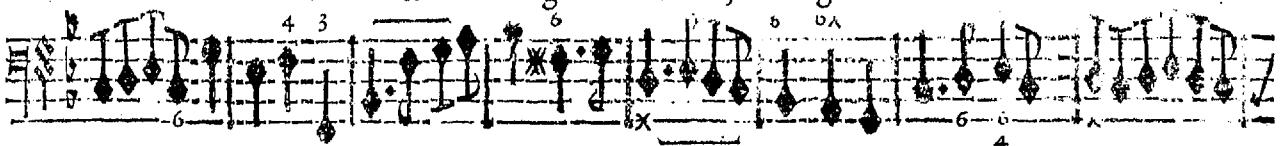
Tunc dicent inter gentes: Magnifi- cavit Domi- nus



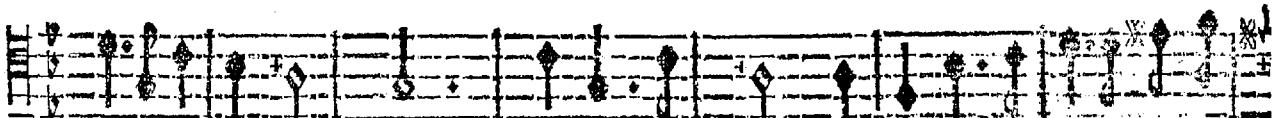
BASSE-CONTINUE.



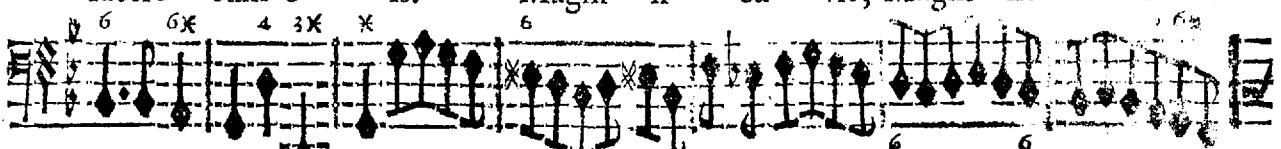
facere cum e- is. Magnifi- cavit, Magnifi- cavit Domi- nus



BASSE-CONTINUE.



facere cum e- is. Magnifi- cavit, Magnifi- cavit Domi-



BASSE-CONTINUE.



nus facere cum e- is. Tunc dicent inter gentes:



BASSE-CONTINUE.



Magnifi- cavit Domi- nus facere cum e- is. Magnifi-



BASSE-CONTINUE.



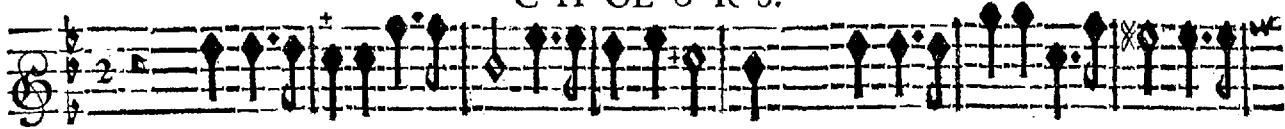
cavit Domi- nus facere cum e-



BASSE-CONTINUE.

D E M. C A M P R A.
C H O E U R S.

77



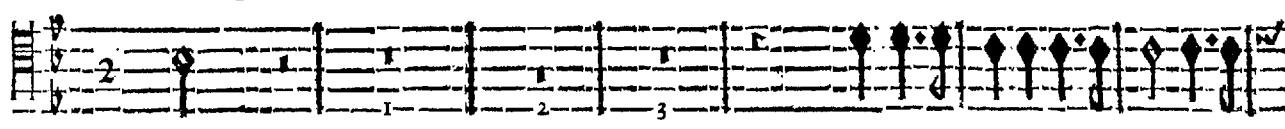
Magnificavit Dominus facere nobiscum : Magnificavit Dominus face-



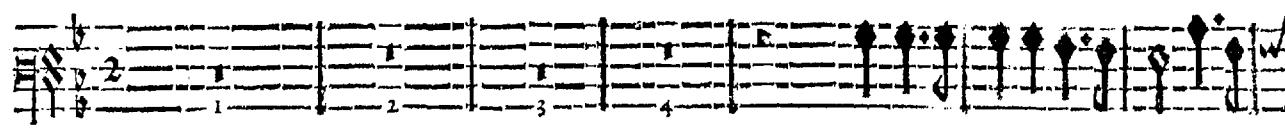
Magnificavit Dominus facere nobiscum : Magnificavit Dominus face-



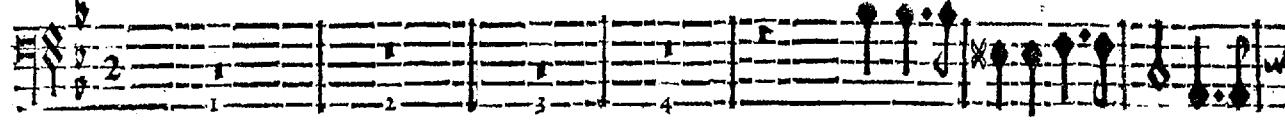
Magnificavit Dominus facere nobiscum : Magnificavit Dominus face-



is. Magnificavit Dominus face-



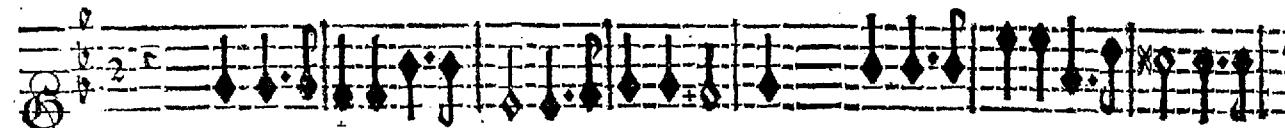
Magnificavit Dominus face-



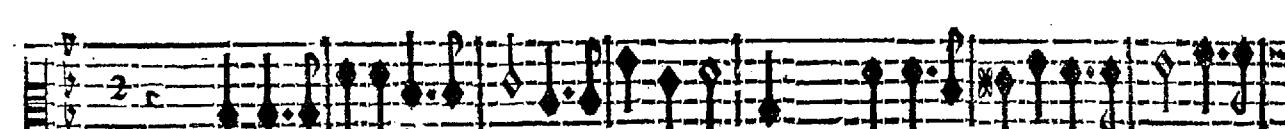
Magnificavit Dominus face-



PREMIER DESSUS DE VIOLON ET DE HAUT-BOIS.



SECOND DESSUS DE VIOLON ET DE HAUT-BOIS.



Petit Chœur.



Tous.

BASSE DE VIOLON ET CONTINUE.

78 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,

re nobiscum : Magnificavit Dominus facere nobiscum : Magnificavit Domi-
 re nobiscum : Magnificavit Dominus facere nobiscum : Magnificavit Domi-
 re nobiscum : Magnificavit Dominus facere nobiscum : Magnificavit Domi-
 re nobiscum . Magnificavit Domi-
 re nobiscum : Magnificavit Domi-
 re nobiscum : Magnificavit Domi-

The musical score consists of ten staves of music. The top five staves are for voices (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass, and another Bass), each with a melodic line and a harmonic basso continuo line below it. The bottom five staves are for the continuo basso violon, indicated by a cello-like bow and a bassoon-like reed. The vocal parts sing the Magnificat in Latin, with the continuo providing harmonic support. The music is written in common time, with various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. The vocal parts are mostly in soprano and alto ranges, while the continuo basso violon provides a deep harmonic foundation.

Petit Chœur.
BASSE DE VIOLEN ET CONTINUE.

82 MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,

facti sumus lætantes, lætantes, lætan- tes, lætan-
 facti sumus lætantes, lætantes, lætan- tes, lætan-
 facti sumus lætan- tes, lætan-
 facti sumus læ-
 facti sumus læ-

Petit Chœur.

Tous.

BASSE DE VIOOLON ET CONTINUE.

43X * 6

tes, lætan- tes, lætan- tes, lætan- tes, facti
 tes, lætan- tes, lætan- tes, lætan- tes, facti
 tes, lætan- tes, facti sumus lætantes, lætantes, læ- tantes, facti
 tantes, lætan- tes, facti
 tantes, lætan- tes, facti
 rantes, lætan- tes, facti

HAUT-BOIS.

HAUT-BOIS.

Petit Chœur,

BASSE DE VIOOLON ET CONTINUE.

6 43 5 43 6 ✓

Tous.

84 I. MOTÉT A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,

The musical score consists of ten staves of music. The top two staves are soprano voices, followed by two alto voices, three tenor voices, and three bass voices. Below the bass voices is a continuo bass staff with a bassoon part. The vocal parts sing in four-part harmonies, with lyrics in Latin: "sumus lætan- tes, lætan- tes, lætan- tes, facti sumus lætan- tes, lætan- tes, lætan- tes, facti sumus lætan- tes, facti sumus lætan- tes, lætan- tes, facti sumus lætan- tes, lætan- tes, facti sumus lætan- tes, facti sumus lætan- tes, lætan- tes, facti sumus lætan- tes, lætan- tes, facti". The continuo bass part provides harmonic support, indicated by 'x' marks above certain notes. Measure numbers 6 and 6x are visible at the bottom of the continuo staff.

BASSE DE VIOOLON ET CONTINUE.

sumus lætan- tes, lætan- tes, lætan- tes, facti sumus læ-

sumus lætan- tes, lætan- tes, lætan- tes, facti sumus læ-

sumus lætan- tes, lætan- tes, lætan- tes, facti sumus læ-

sumus lætan- tes, facti sumus lætan- tes, facti sumus læ-

facti sumus læ-

BASSE DE VIOOLON ET CONTINUE.

86 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE;

The musical score consists of ten staves of music. The first five staves are for voices (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass, and another Bass), each with lyrics: "tantes, læ- tantes, læ- tantes, læ- tan- tes." The next five staves are for the continuo bass (Basse de Violon et Continuue), indicated by a bass clef and a cello-like staff. The score includes various musical markings such as fermatas, slurs, and dynamic signs.

BASSE DE VIOOLON ET CONTINUE.

facti sumus lætan.
facti sumus lætan.
facti sumus læ- tantes, lætantes, lætantes, læ- tan-
facti sumus læ- tantes, lætantes, lætantes, læ- tan-
facti sumus læ- tantes, lætantes, lætantes, læ- tan-

b

6 6 X 6 4 3X 6 6 5 2 3

BASSE DE VIOOLON ET CONTINUE.

88 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,

tes.

lætan- tes, lætan-

tes.

lætan- tes, lætan-

tes.

facti sumus lætantes, lætantes, læ-

tes.

facti sumus lætan- tes, læ-

tes.

facti sumus lætantes, lætantes, læ-

Haut-Bois.

Tous.

Haut-Bois.

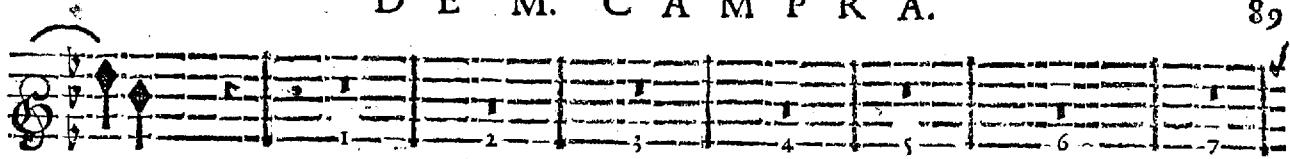
BASSONS.

BASSE DE VIOOLON ET CONTINUE.

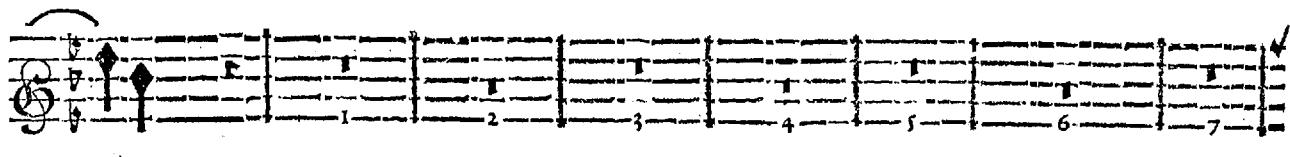
Tous.

D E M. C A M P R A.

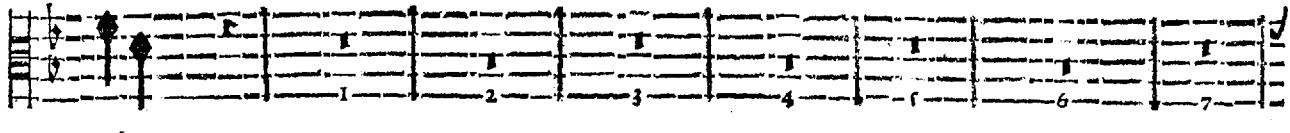
89



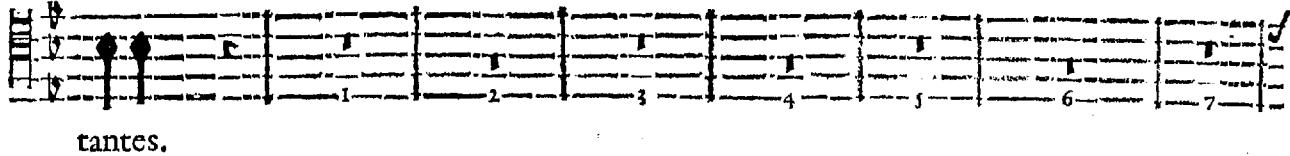
tes.



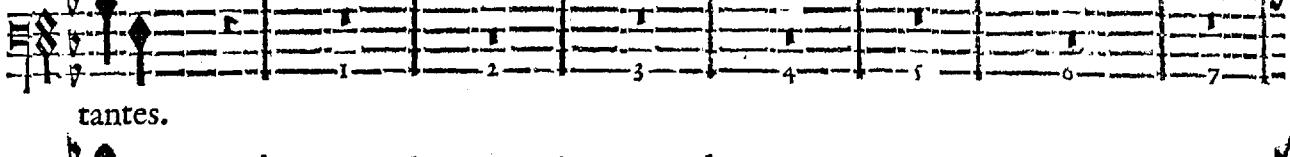
tes.



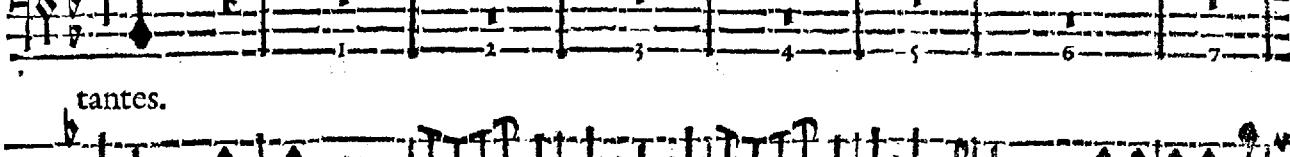
tantes.



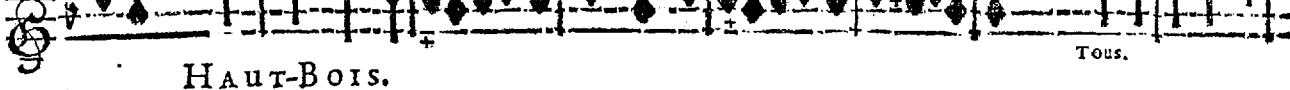
tantes.



tantes.



tantes.



Haut-Bois.

Tous.



Haut-Bois.



BASSE DE V I O L O N ET C O N T I N U E .

Z

90 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,

The musical score is composed of ten staves of music. The staves are numbered 8 through 15 from left to right. The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. The notes are represented by black dots on the staff lines. The first five staves are labeled "facti" at the end of each measure. The remaining five staves show a continuous sequence of notes across the measures.

BASSE DE VIOOLON ET CONTINUE.

The musical score consists of six staves of music for bassoon and continuo. The lyrics are in Latin and are repeated three times across the staves. The lyrics are:

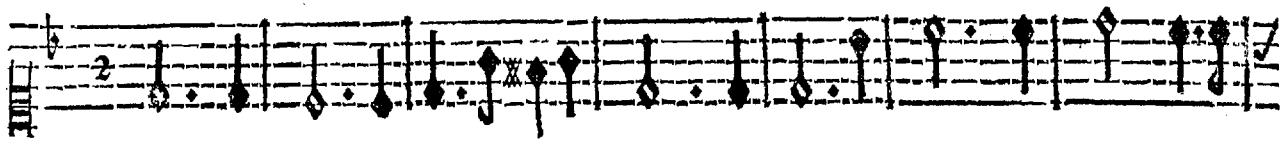
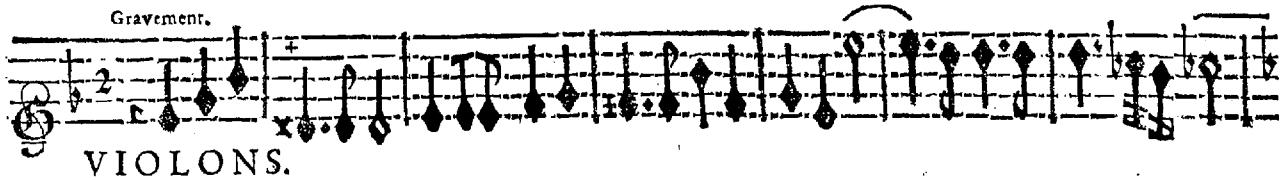
sumus lætan- tes, lætan- tes, lætan- tes.
 sumus lætan- tes, lætan- tes, lætan- tes.
 sumus lætan- tes, facti sumus lætan- tes, lætan- tes.
 sumus lætan- tes, facti sumus lætan- tes, lætan- tes.
 sumus lætan- tes, facti sumus lætan- tes, lætan- tes.
 sumus lætan- tes, facti sumus lætan- tes, lætan- tes.

Below the score, the bassoon part is shown with fingerings: 6, 6x, 6, 6x, 6, 4, 3.

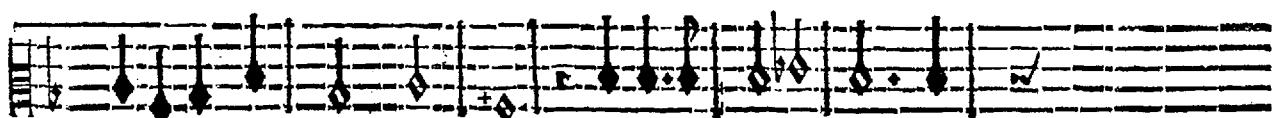
BASSE DE VIOOLON ET CONTINUEE.

92 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,

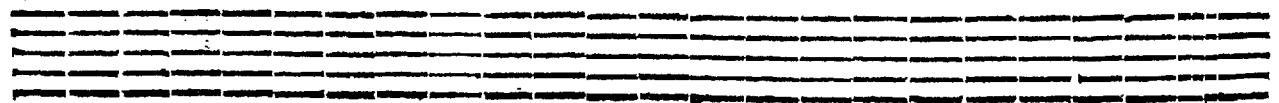
Gravement.



BASSE-CONTINUE.



BASSE-CONTINUE.



D E M. C A M P R A.

93

RECKT.



BASSO-CONTINUO.

captivitatem nostram: Converte Domine, captivitatem nostram:

The image shows three staves of musical notation, likely for a three-part setting such as SATB or three voices. The top staff uses soprano C-clef, the middle staff alto F-clef, and the bottom staff bass G-clef. Each staff has four measures. The notation includes various note heads (solid black, hollow white, and cross-hatched) and rests, with some notes having stems pointing up and others down. Measure 1: Top staff has a solid black note on the 2nd line, a hollow white note on the 3rd line, a solid black note on the 4th line, and a hollow white note on the 5th line. Middle staff has a solid black note on the 2nd line, a hollow white note on the 3rd line, a solid black note on the 4th line, and a hollow white note on the 5th line. Bottom staff has a solid black note on the 2nd line, a hollow white note on the 3rd line, a solid black note on the 4th line, and a hollow white note on the 5th line. Measure 2: Top staff has a solid black note on the 2nd line, a hollow white note on the 3rd line, a solid black note on the 4th line, and a hollow white note on the 5th line. Middle staff has a solid black note on the 2nd line, a hollow white note on the 3rd line, a solid black note on the 4th line, and a hollow white note on the 5th line. Bottom staff has a solid black note on the 2nd line, a hollow white note on the 3rd line, a solid black note on the 4th line, and a hollow white note on the 5th line. Measure 3: Top staff has a solid black note on the 2nd line, a hollow white note on the 3rd line, a solid black note on the 4th line, and a hollow white note on the 5th line. Middle staff has a solid black note on the 2nd line, a hollow white note on the 3rd line, a solid black note on the 4th line, and a hollow white note on the 5th line. Bottom staff has a solid black note on the 2nd line, a hollow white note on the 3rd line, a solid black note on the 4th line, and a hollow white note on the 5th line. Measure 4: Top staff has a solid black note on the 2nd line, a hollow white note on the 3rd line, a solid black note on the 4th line, and a hollow white note on the 5th line. Middle staff has a solid black note on the 2nd line, a hollow white note on the 3rd line, a solid black note on the 4th line, and a hollow white note on the 5th line. Bottom staff has a solid black note on the 2nd line, a hollow white note on the 3rd line, a solid black note on the 4th line, and a hollow white note on the 5th line.

BASSE-CONTINUE.

A a

94 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,

Converte, Converte Do-mine, Converte, Converte Do-mine, captivi-
tum

BASSE-CONTINUE.

ta-tem no-stram, captivi-ta-tem no-

BASSE-CONTINUE.

D E M. C A M P R A.

25

Duo. Vivement.

A handwritten musical score for a six-string instrument, likely a guitar or banjo. The score consists of five measures of music on a staff with a common time signature. The first measure starts with a G major chord (B, D, G) followed by a single note. The second measure contains a single note. The third measure starts with a G major chord (B, D, G) followed by a single note. The fourth measure contains a single note. The fifth measure starts with a G major chord (B, D, G) followed by a single note. The score is written on a staff with six horizontal lines, corresponding to the six strings of the instrument. The notes are represented by vertical stems with small circles at the top. The measure numbers 1 through 5 are written below the staff.

stram :

A horizontal musical staff consisting of five lines and four spaces. It features several note heads, some with stems extending upwards and others downwards. Some note heads have small vertical dashes or dots near their bases. The staff begins with a sharp sign (F#) and a common time signature (C). There are also some small, illegible markings, possibly rehearsal numbers or performance instructions, scattered across the staff.

ficut tor-

reps in Au-

A musical score page featuring a single staff with six measures. The first measure begins with a bass clef, a '3' above the staff indicating a triplet, and a sharp sign. Measures 2 through 6 show a continuous sequence of eighth-note chords. Measure 6 concludes with a double bar line.

TOUTES LES BASSES.

A handwritten musical score page featuring two staves of music. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a time signature of common time. It consists of six measures, ending with a double bar line. The second staff begins with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a time signature of common time. It also consists of six measures, ending with a double bar line. Measures 11 and 12 are identical on both staves, featuring eighth-note patterns primarily on the A and C strings.

ficut tor-

rents in Au-

stro, sicut tor-

rens in

A musical staff with eleven measures. The first measure starts with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. Measures 1 through 10 each contain a single vertical bar line. Measure 11 begins with a vertical bar line and ends with a double bar line, indicating a section change.

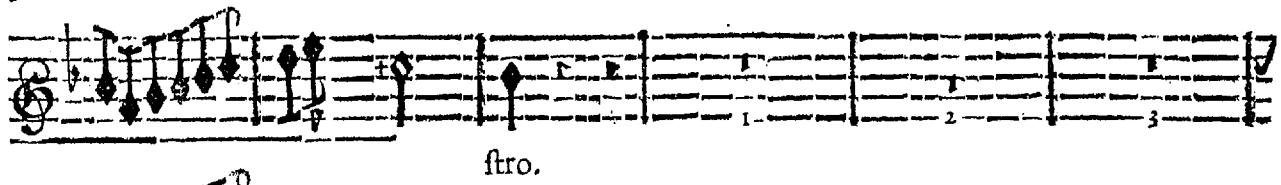
A musical staff consisting of six horizontal lines and five vertical bar lines. The notes are eighth notes. Below the staff, there are tick marks at positions 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, and 11.

A musical staff consisting of eleven vertical bar lines. The first bar line has a small note head above it. Below the staff, the numbers 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, and 11 are written under the corresponding bar lines.

6

BASSE-CONTINUE.

96 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,



stro.

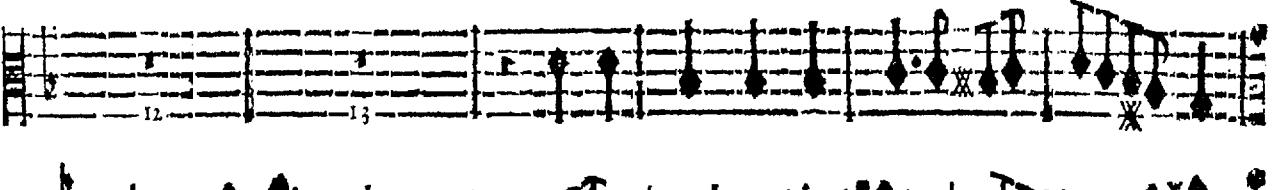


Au-

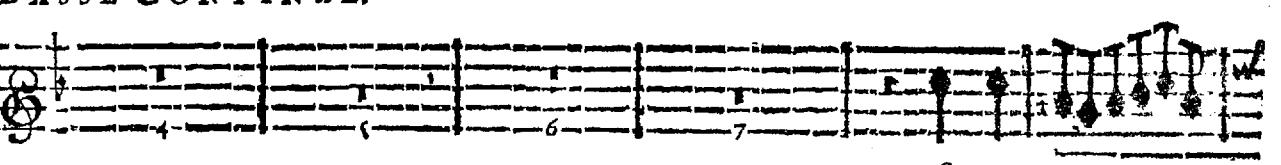
stro.



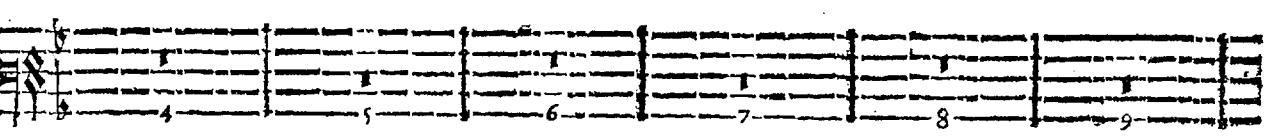
fort.



BASSE-CONTINUE.



sicut tor-



BASSE-CONTINUE.



rens in Au-

fi-cut

BASSE-CONTINUE.

stro. sicut tor-

rens in Austro, in Au-

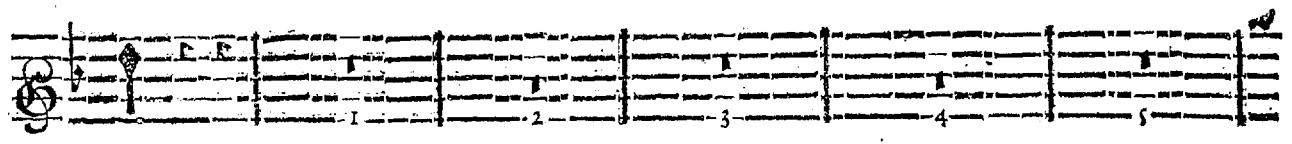
tor-

rens in Au-

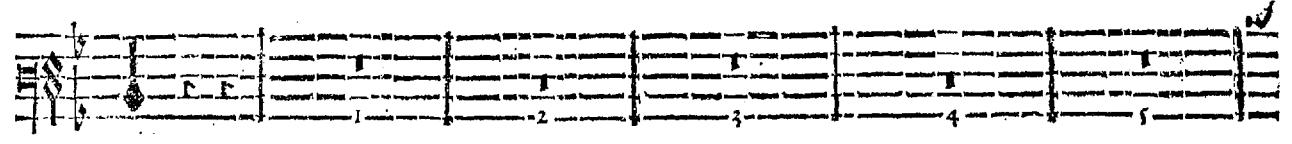
BASSE-CONTINUE.

6 x x 4 3 x B b

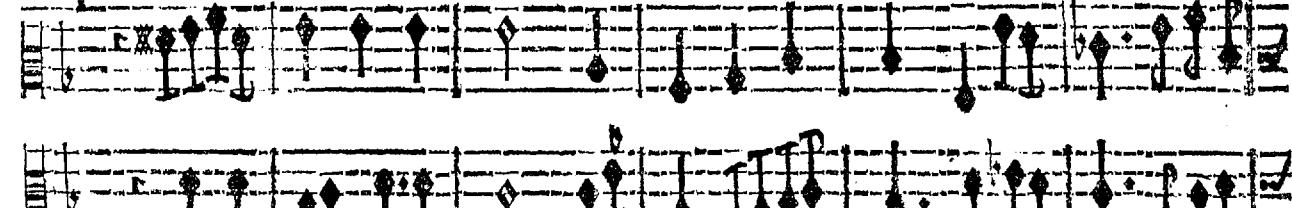
98 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,



stro.



stro.



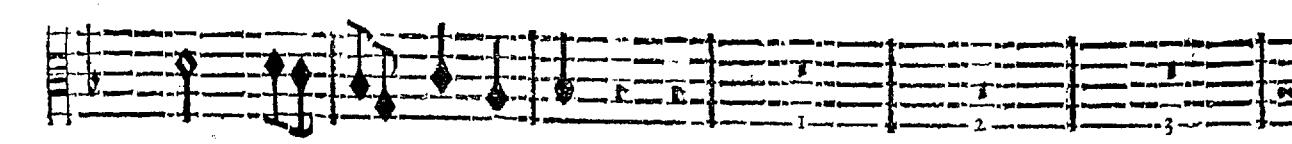
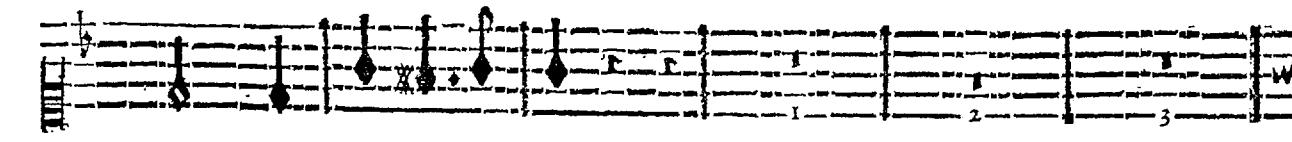
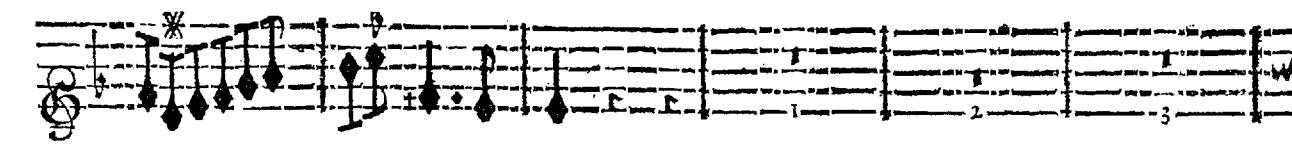
BASSE CONTINUE.



sicut tor- rens in Au-



sicut tor- rens in Au-



BASSE CONTINUE.

D E M . C A M P R A.

99

BASSE-CONTINUE.

rens in Austro, in Au stro.

rens in Au stro.

BASSE-CONTINUE.

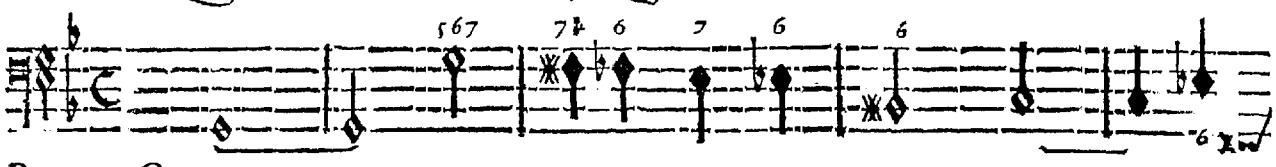
100 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,



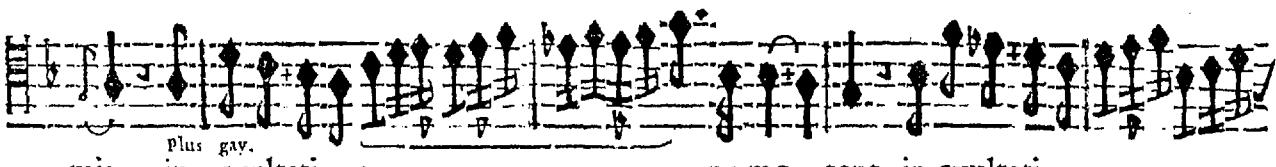
Lentement.

Qui seminant in lachrimis, Qui se-

minant in la- chri-

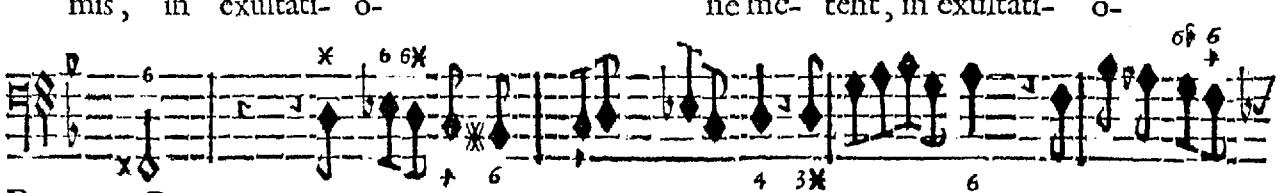


BASSE-CONTINUE.

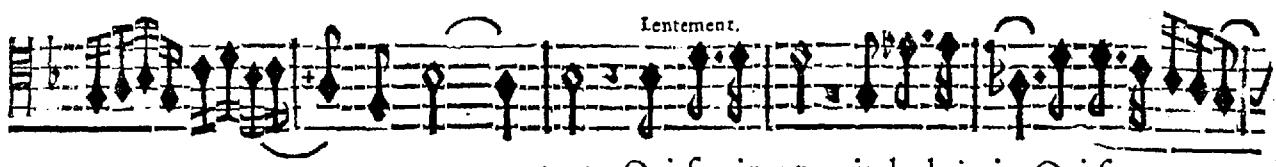


mis, in exultati- o-

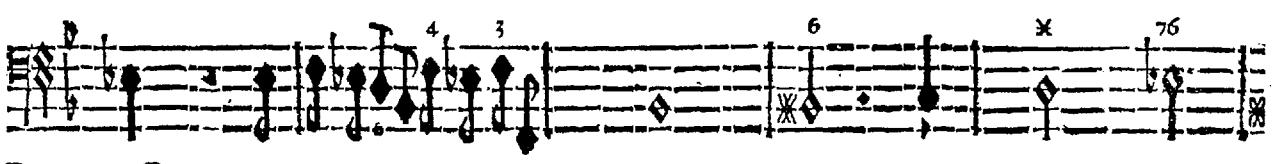
ne me- tent, in exultati- o-



BASSE-CONTINUE.



ne me- tent. Qui seminant in lachrimis, Qui se-

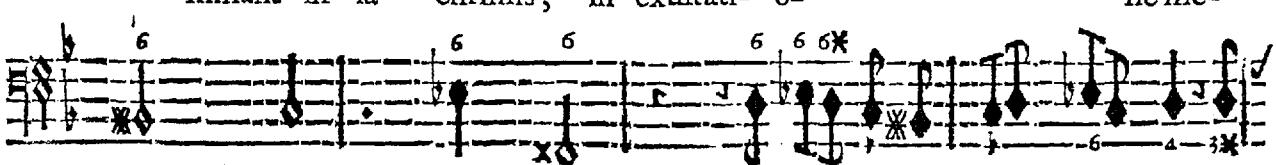


BASSE-CONTINUE.



minant in la- chrimis, in exultati- o-

ne me-



BASSE-CONTINUE.



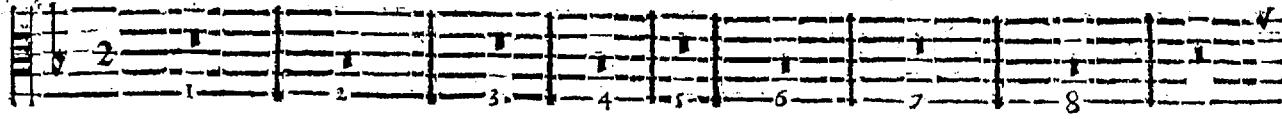
tent, in exultati- one, in exultati- o-

ne me-



BASSE-CONTINUE.

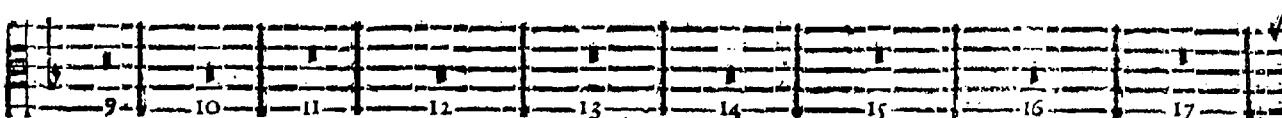
TRIO.



tent.



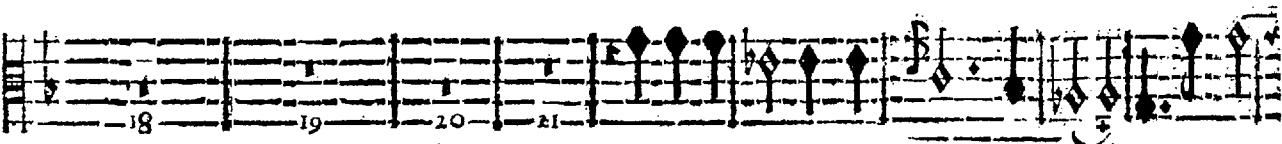
BASSE-CONTINUÉ.



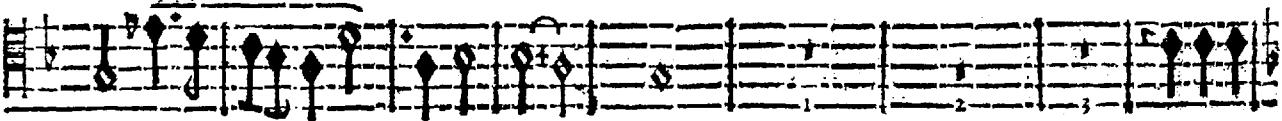
Euntes ibant, & fle- bant, mittens-



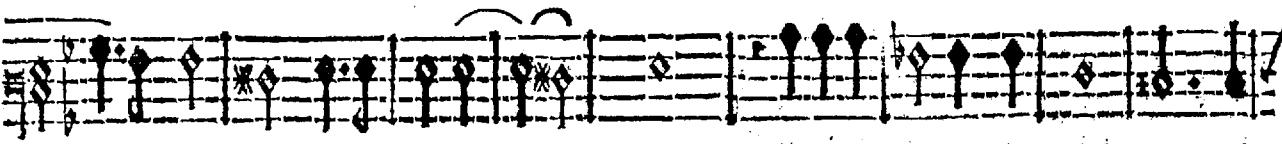
BASSE-CONTINUÉ.



Euntes ibant, & fle- batit, mitten-



Euntes



BASSE-CONTINUÉ.

C c

102 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,

tes, mitten- tes se- mina su- a, mitten-
ibant, & fle- bant, mittentes semina su- a, mittentes se-
ten- tes, mitten- tes semi- na su- a, mitten- tes
BASSE-CONTINUE.

tes se- mina su- a.
mina, semi- na su- a. Euntas ibant, & fle-
se- mi- na, semi- na su- a. Euntas ibant, & fle-
BASSE-CONTINUE.

Euntas ibant, & fle- bant, mittentes se- mina su-
bant, ibant, & fle- bant, mittentes semi- na su-
bant, mit- ten- tes se- mi- na su-
BASSE-CONTINUE.

mittens, mitten- tes sc- mi-

a, mittentes, mittentes semina su- a, se-

a, mitten- tes semi- na, mit- ten- tes se- mi-

BASSE CONTINUE.

na, semina su- a, mitten- tes semina

mi- na su- a, mitten- tes semina

na, semi- na su- a, mitten- tes semi- na su-

BASSE-CONTINUE.

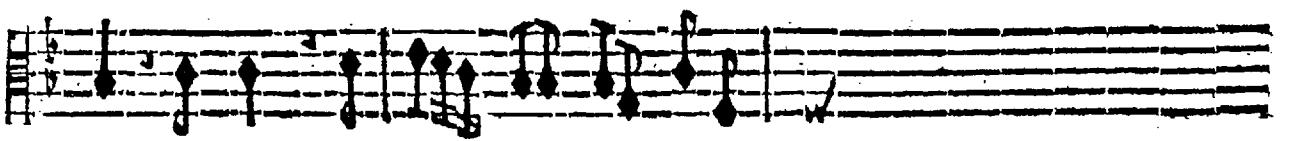
su- a.

su- a.

a.

BASSE-CONTINUE.

104 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,
LES CHOEURS.



BASSE-CONTINUE.

D E M. C A M P R A.

195

Venientes autem venient cum exultati- one, exultatio- ne:
 Venientes autem
 Venientes autem venient cum e- xultatio- ne: Veni-
 Venientes
 Venientes autem venient cum exultatio- ne:
 Venientes

BASSE-CONTINUE.

106 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,

Venientes autem venient cum exultati- o-
 venient cum exultati- o- ne: Venientes autem venient cum exultati-
 entes autem venient cum exultati- o- ne, cum exulta- tione: Veni-
 autem veni- ent, Venientes autem venient cum exultati- o-
 Venientes autem venient cum exultati o-



ne: Venientes autem venient cum exultatione:



one: Venientes au- tem venient,



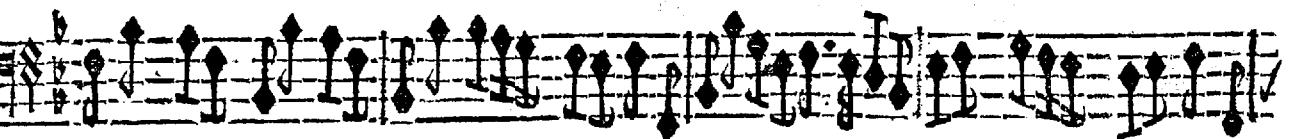
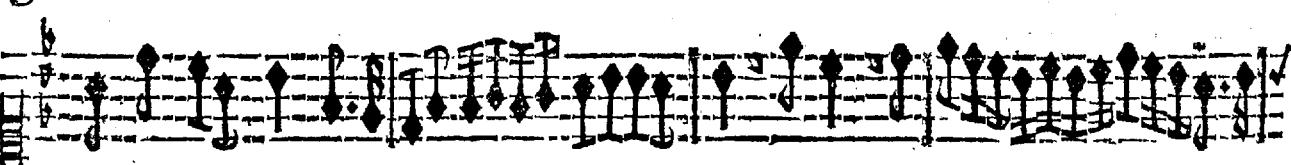
entes autem venient cum e- xultati- one:



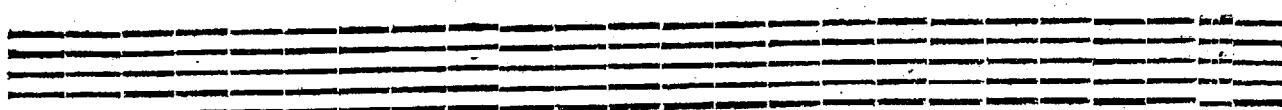
ne:portantes, portantes manipulos su- os.



ne.portantes, portantes manipulos su- os.



BASSE-CONTINUE.



108 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,

TRIO DE VIOLONS.

doux.

Venientes autem venient cum exultati- o- ne: portantes,

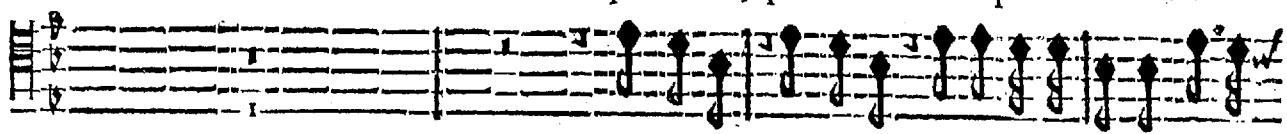
BASSE-CONTINUE.

portantes manipulos su- os, portantes, portantes manipulos su-

BASSE-CONTINUE.



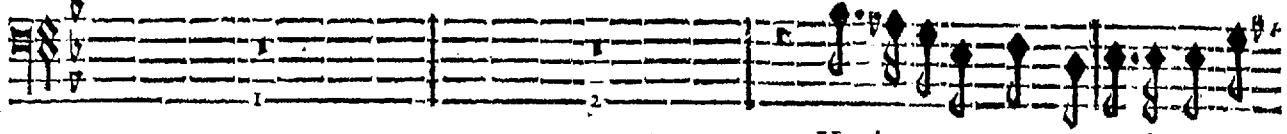
Venientes autem venient cum exultati- one, cum
portantes, portantes manipulos suos.



portantes, portantes manipulos suos. Veni-



os, portantes manipulos su- os. ^{Tous.} Veni- entes, Venientes autem venient



Venientes autem venient cum

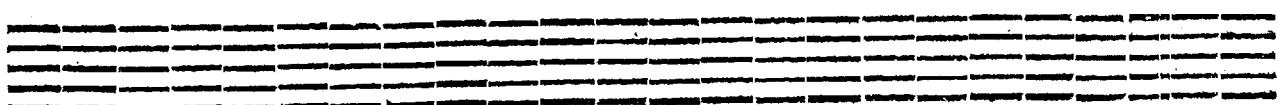


doux.

^{Tous.}



BASSE-CONTINUE.



110 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,

exulta- ti- o- ne, cum exulta- ti- o- ne: portantes, portantes ma-

Venientes autem venient cum exultati-

entes autem venient cum exulta- ti- o- ne:

Veni- entes autem ve- ni- ent, portantes, portantes manipulos

exulta- ti- o- ne: portantes, portantes manipulos

BASSO-CONTINUE.

nipulos suos. Venientes autem venient cum exultati- one: Veni-

o- ne:portantes manipu- los su- os, manipulos suos,ma- nipo- los su-

Venientes autem venient, portantes manipulos su-

su- os, portantes, portantes, portantes, portantes manipulos su-

su- os. Venientes autem venient cum exultati- o-

BASSE-CONTINUE.

112 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,



os, portantes, portantes manipulos su- os.

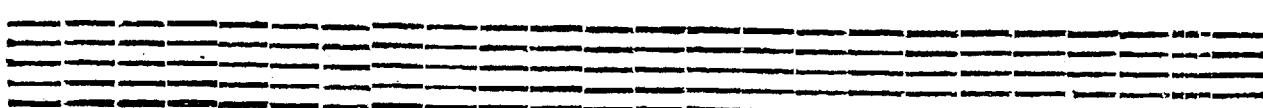
os. Venientes autem ve- nient cum exultati- o- ne:

os, portantes, portantes, portan- tes, portantes manipulos su- os.

ne: portantes, portantes, portantes manipulos su- os.



BASSE-CONTINUE.



The musical score consists of ten staves of music. The first three staves are soprano voices, each with lyrics: "Venientes autem venient cum exultati-", "ne: Veni-", and "Venientes autem venient cum exultati-". The next two staves are basso continuo staves, each with a basso continuo part and a soprano continuo part. The remaining five staves are basso continuo staves, each with a basso continuo part and a soprano continuo part. The music is in common time, with various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes. Measure numbers 1 through 7 are indicated below the basso continuo staves. The score is labeled "PETIT CHOEUR." above the basso continuo parts and "BASSE CONTINUE." below the basso continuo parts.

114 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,



ne, Venientes autem ve-

nient.



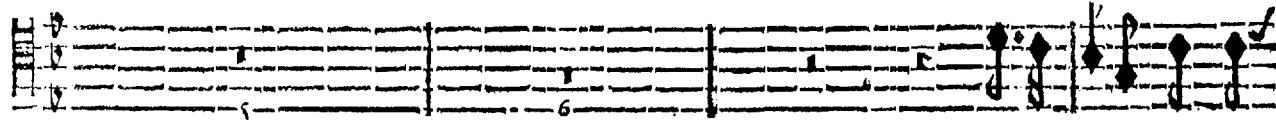
entes autem venient, portantes manipulos su-

os.



ne, portantes, portantes, manipulos su-

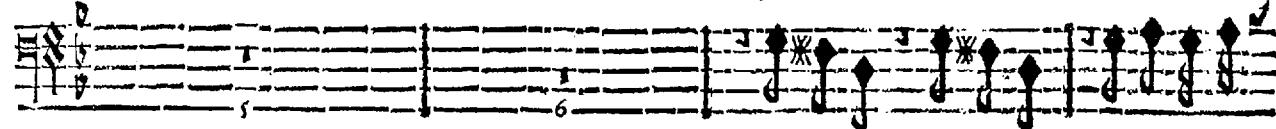
os, portantes, manipulos su-



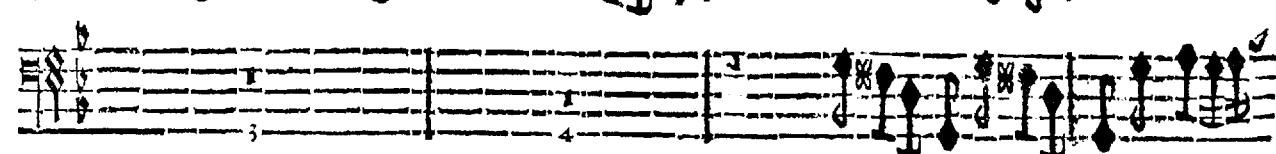
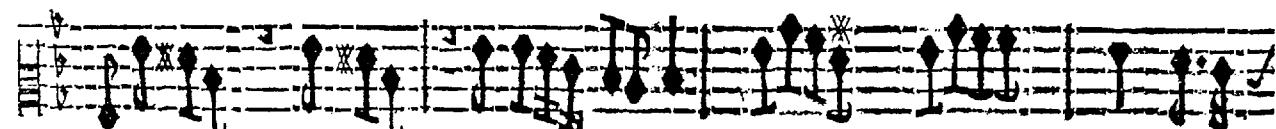
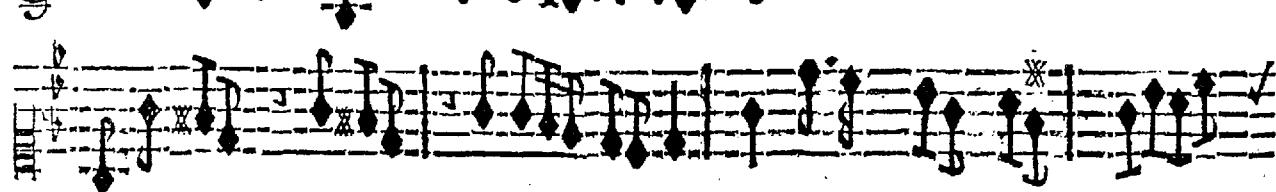
Venientes autem



Venientes, Venientes autem venient



portantes, portantes manipulos



BASSE-CONTINUE.

Tous.

Venientes autem ve- nient cum exultati- one, cum exultati-
 os,
 portantes, por- tan- tes,
 ve- ni- ent, Venientes autem venient cum exultati- o-
 atarem venient, portantes manipulos suos.
 su- os. Venientes autem venient cum exultati- o-
 BASSO-CONTINUE.

116 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,

on: portantes, manipulos suos, portantes manipulos su os.
 Venientes autem venient cum exultati o- ne: portantes manipulos su os.
 nc: portantes manipulos suos, portantes, portantes manipulos su os.
 portantes, portantes manipulos su os, portantes manipulos suos.
 ne: portantes, portantes manipulos su os, portan tes manipulos su os.

 BASSE-CONTINUE.
43

MOTET A LA MANIERE ITALIENNE,
A VOIX SEULE, AVEC DEUX DESSUS DE VIOLONS.



Adagio.

RITORNELLO.

Uis ego Domine.

RITORNELLO.

BASSO-CONTINUO.

Musical score for the first system, showing two staves of music for the vocal line and two staves for the continuo basso continuo. The vocal line consists of a soprano and alto part, indicated by a G-clef and an F-clef respectively. The continuo basso continuo consists of two violins, indicated by a C-clef and a bass clef. The music is in common time.

Musical score for the second system, continuing the two staves of music for the vocal line and the continuo basso continuo. The vocal line consists of a soprano and alto part, indicated by a G-clef and an F-clef respectively. The continuo basso continuo consists of two violins, indicated by a C-clef and a bass clef. The music is in common time.

BASSO-CONTINUO.

Musical score for the third system, continuing the two staves of music for the vocal line and the continuo basso continuo. The vocal line consists of a soprano and alto part, indicated by a G-clef and an F-clef respectively. The continuo basso continuo consists of two violins, indicated by a C-clef and a bass clef. The music is in common time.

Musical score for the fourth system, continuing the two staves of music for the vocal line and the continuo basso continuo. The vocal line consists of a soprano and alto part, indicated by a G-clef and an F-clef respectively. The continuo basso continuo consists of two violins, indicated by a C-clef and a bass clef. The music is in common time.

BASSO-CONTINUO.

Musical score for the fifth system, continuing the two staves of music for the vocal line and the continuo basso continuo. The vocal line consists of a soprano and alto part, indicated by a G-clef and an F-clef respectively. The continuo basso continuo consists of two violins, indicated by a C-clef and a bass clef. The music is in common time.

Musical score for the sixth system, continuing the two staves of music for the vocal line and the continuo basso continuo. The vocal line consists of a soprano and alto part, indicated by a G-clef and an F-clef respectively. The continuo basso continuo consists of two violins, indicated by a C-clef and a bass clef. The music is in common time.

Musical score for the seventh system, continuing the two staves of music for the vocal line and the continuo basso continuo. The vocal line consists of a soprano and alto part, indicated by a G-clef and an F-clef respectively. The continuo basso continuo consists of two violins, indicated by a C-clef and a bass clef. The music is in common time.

BASSO-CONTINUO.

Pi. no.

Piano.

Quis ego Domine, Quis ego Domine, ut memor, ut memor sis me-

BASSO CONTINUO.

Forte.

Piano.

Piano.

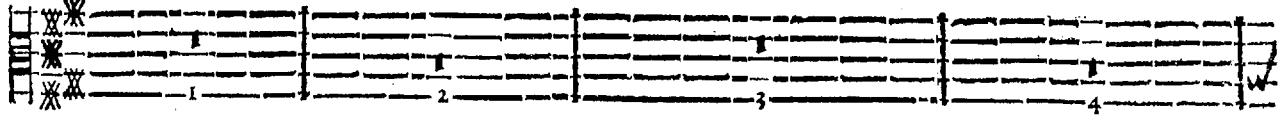
i. Quis ego Domine, ut me- mor sis me-

BASSO CONTINUO.

i. E- go in iniqu- tate conceptus & plenus mi- se- riis.

BASSO CONTINUO.

Vivace:



BASSO-CONTINUO.



Tu Rex Regum &



BASSO-CONTINUO.



Dominus dominan-

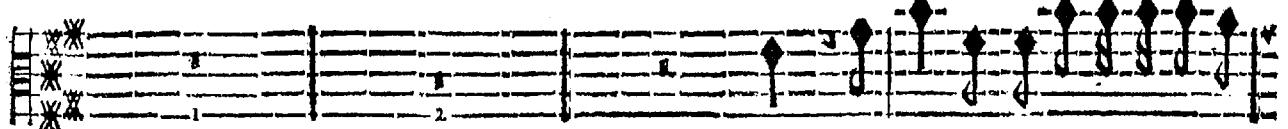


ti- um,



BASSO CONTINUO.

MOTET A LA MANIERE ITALIENNE,



Tu Rex Regum & Dominus domi-



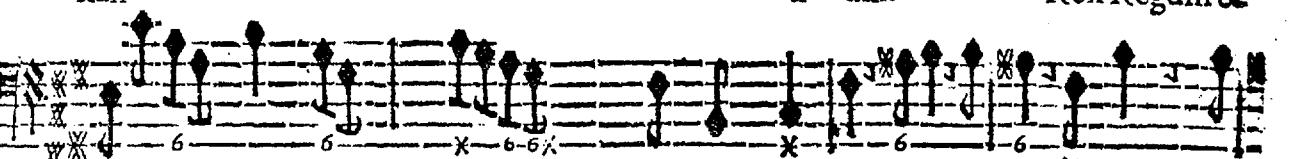
BASSO. CONTINUO.



nan-

ti- um.

Rex Regum &



BASSO. CONTINUO.



Dominus dominan-

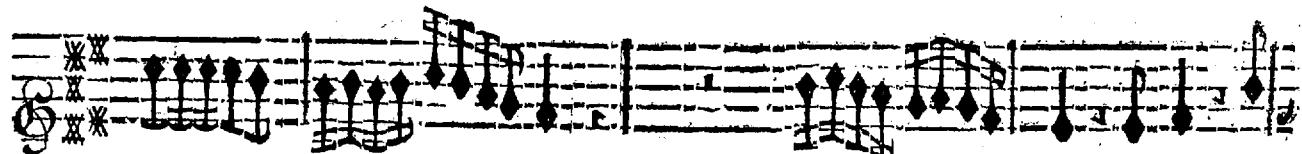
ti- um.



BASSO. CONTINUO.

D E M. C A M P R A.

11

Tu Rex Regum & Domin^b dominan-

BASSO-CONTINUO.

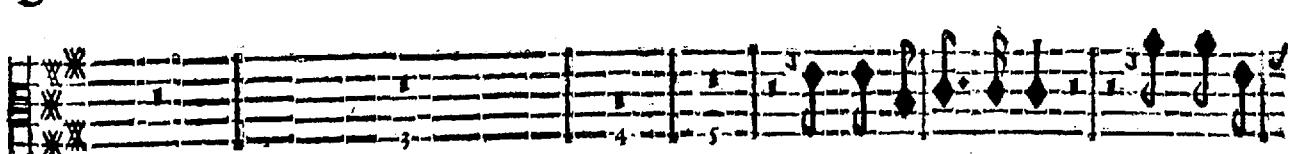


ti- um.

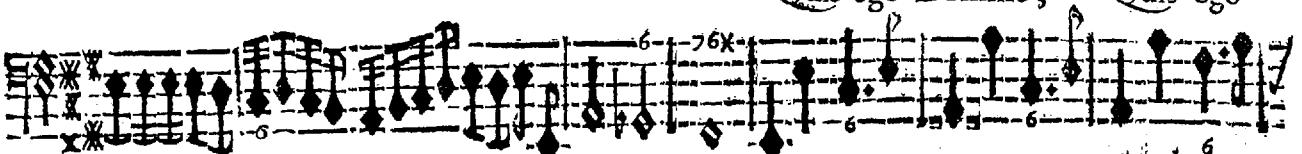


BASSO-CONTINUO.

Adagio.



Quis ego Domine, Otiis ego



BASSO-CONTINUO.

H h⁶

22 MOTET A LA MANIERE ITALIENNE,



Dominic, ut me- mor sis me- i? ut memor, ut me- mor sis me- i?

BASSO-CONTINUO.

Affectuoso.

FLÛTE ALLEMANDE.



BASSO-CONTINUO.



BASSO-CONTINUO.



BASSO-CONTINUO.

DE M. CAMPRA.

123

Musical score for two voices and basso continuo. The vocal parts are in soprano and alto clefs. The basso continuo part includes a bass clef and a staff with various note heads and markings like 'x', '6', '7', and '3'. The vocal parts sing a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes.

BASSO-CONTINUO.

Continuation of the musical score. The vocal parts continue their rhythmic pattern. The basso continuo staff shows more complex patterns with 'x', '6', '7', and '3' markings.

BASSO-CONTINUO.

Continuation of the musical score. The vocal parts continue their rhythmic pattern. The basso continuo staff shows more complex patterns with 'x', '6', '7', and '3' markings.

Ec- ce quantum amas me,

Ec- ce quantum amas me, ut er-

Continuation of the musical score. The vocal parts sing the lyrics 'Ec- ce quantum amas me, ut er-' followed by a repeat of the vocal line. The basso continuo staff shows more complex patterns with 'x', '6', '7', and '3' markings.

BASSO-CONTINUO.

Continuation of the musical score. The vocal parts sing the lyrics 'rantem ducas, erran-' followed by a repeat of the vocal line. The basso continuo staff shows more complex patterns with 'x', '6', '7', and '3' markings.

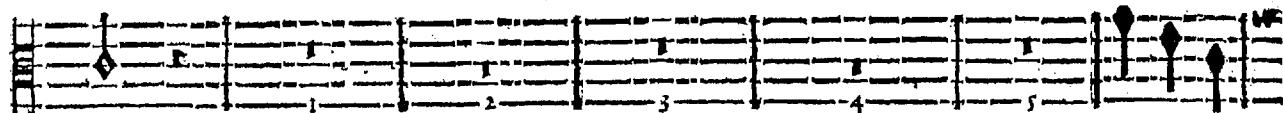
rantem ducas, erran-

tem du-

Continuation of the musical score. The vocal parts sing the lyrics 'rantem ducas, erran-' followed by a repeat of the vocal line. The basso continuo staff shows more complex patterns with 'x', '6', '7', and '3' markings.

BASSO-CONTINUO.

124 MOTET A LA MANIERE ITALIENNE,

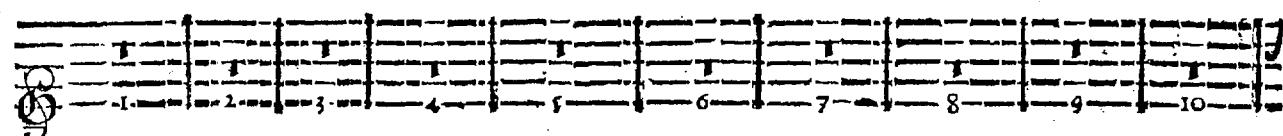


cas,

Cadentem



BASSO-CONTINUO.



subleves, & divina consolatio- ne tua languen- tem refi- ci-



BASSO-CONTINUO.



as,

Ec- ce quantum amas me, quantum amas me,

ut ex-



BASSO CONTINUO.

D E M. C A M P R A.

12

ran- tem du- cas. Cadentem

BASSO CONTINUO.

subleves, & di- vina consola- tione tua languen- tem refi- ci-

BASSO CONTINUO.

as, languen- tem, languen- tem refi- ci-

BASSO CONTINUO.

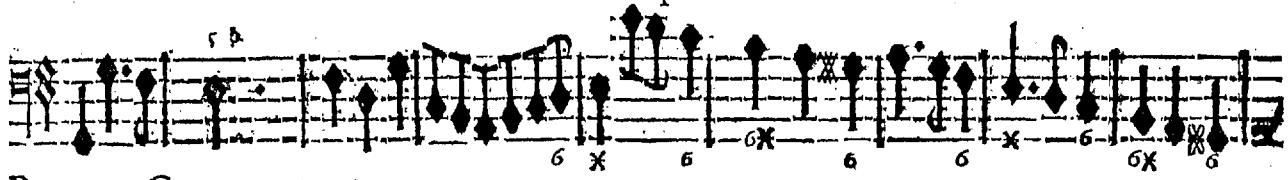
11

126 MOTET A LA MANIERE ITALIENNE,



28.

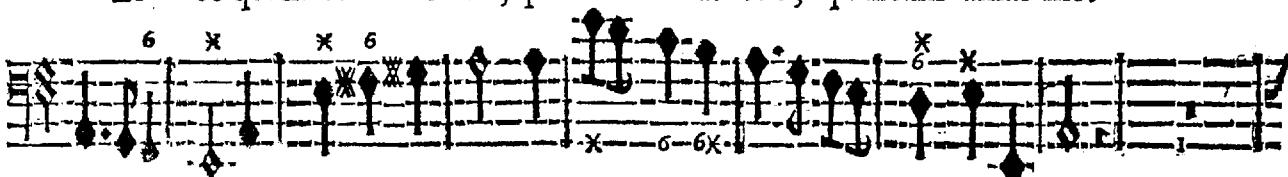
Ec- ce quantum amas me.



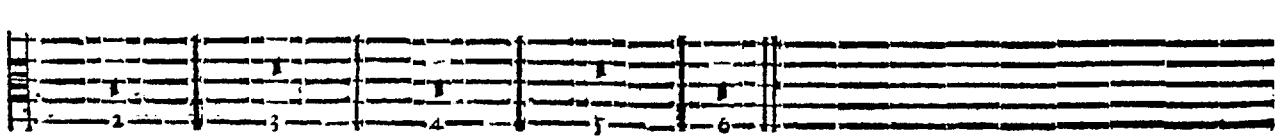
BASSO-CONTINUO.



Ec- ce quantum amas me, quantum amas me, quantum amas me.

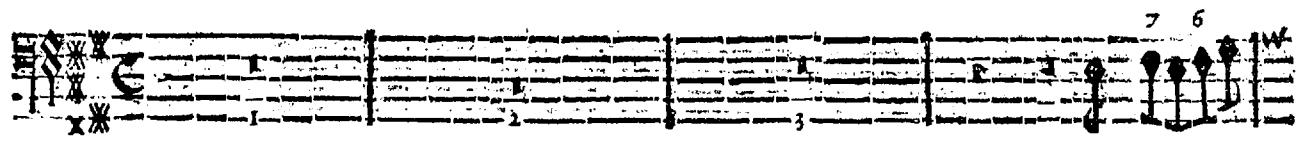


BASSO-CONTINUO.

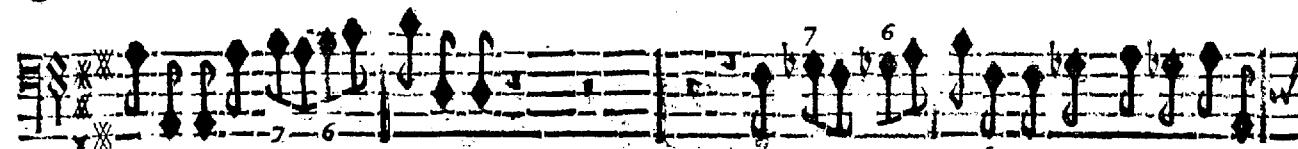


BASSO-CONTINUO.

Vivace.



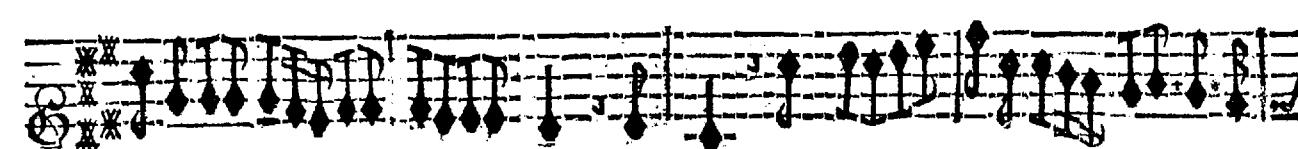
BASSO-CONTINUO.



BASSO-CONTINUO.



BASSO-CONTINUO.



BASSO CONTINUO.

228 MOTET A LA MANIRE ITALIENNE,



Cantabo in æternum,

Cantabo in æternum, Canta-

BASSO-CONTINUO.



bo in æternum multitudinem misera- rati- o- num tu-

BASSO-CONTINUO.



a- rum.

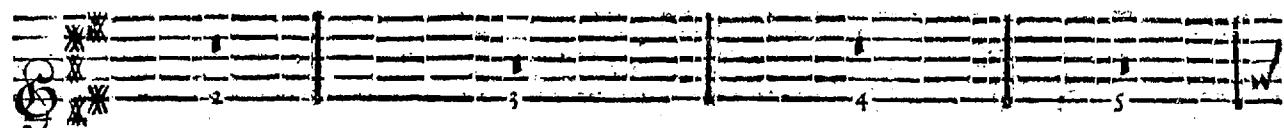
Cantabo in æter- num,Canta-

BASSO-CONTINUO.



bo in æ- ter- num, in æter- num, & memori abundantiæ

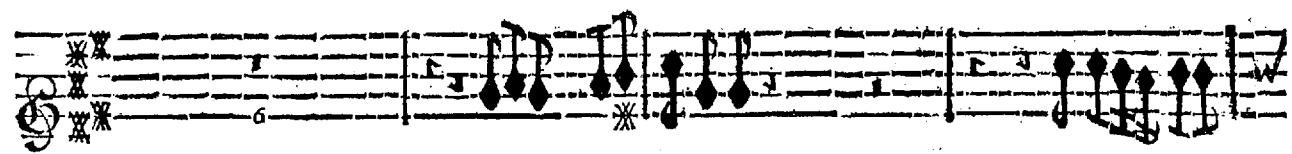
BASSO-CONTINUO.



tu- æ, Te laudabo, Te lauda-

bo & benedicam tibi quia be-

BASSO CONTINUO.



nignus & misericors es.

Cantabo in æternum,

BASSO CONTINUO.



Canta-

bo in æternum multitudinem misse-

BASSO-CONTINUO.



ra- tio- num tu- a- rum. Cantabo in æternum,

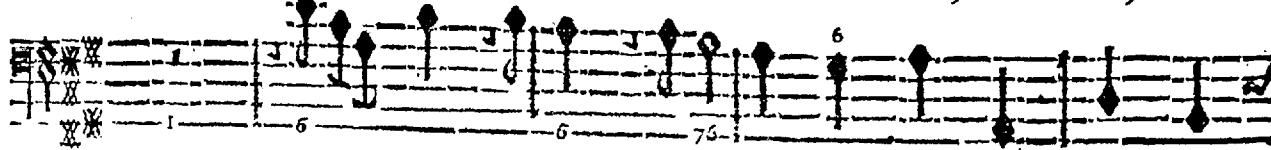
Cantabo in æ-

BASSO-CONTINUO.

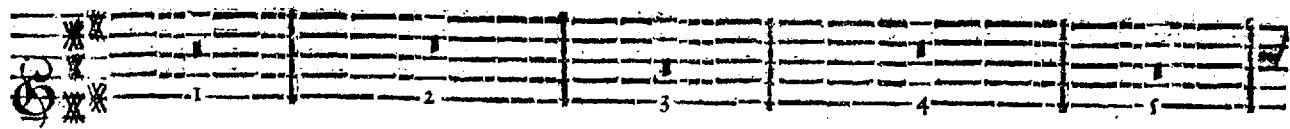
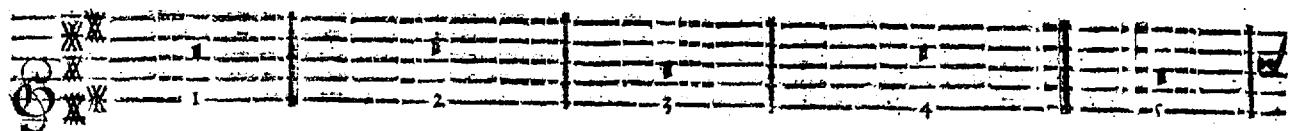


ter- num, Canta-

bo in æternum. Te laudabo, Te laudabo, Te lau-



BASSO-CONTINUO.



da- bo & benedicam tibi quia benignus & misericors es, quia be-



BASSO-CONTINUO.

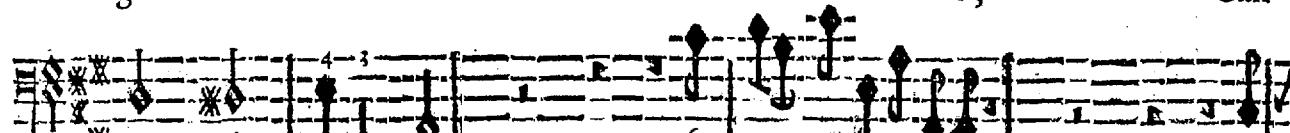


nignus & misericors es.

Canta-

bo,

Can-



BASSO-CONTINUO.



ta- bo in æ- tet-

num quia benignus & mi-

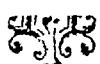


BASSO-CONTINUO.

13^e MOTET A LA MANIERE ITALIENNE DE MONSIEUR CAMPRA.

EXTRAIT DU PRIVILEGE.

PA R Lettres Patentes du Roy données à Arras l'onzième jour du mois de May , l'An de Grace mil six cent soixante & treize , Signées L O U I S : & plus bas , Par le Roy , COLBERT ; Scellées du grand Sceau de cuir jaune ; Verifiées & Registrées en Parlement le 15. Avril 1678. Confirmées par Arrests contradictoires du Conseil Privé du Roy des 30. Septembre 1694. & 8. Aoüst. 1696. Il est permis à Christophe Ballard , seul Imprimeur du Roy pour la Musique , d'Imprimer , faire Imprimer , Vendre & Distribuer toute sorte de Musique , tant Vocale , qu'Instrumentale , de tous Auteurs : Faisant défenses à toutes autres personnes de quelque condition & qualité qu'elles soient , d'entreprendre ou faire entreprendre ladite Impression de Musique , ny autre chose concernant icelle , en aucun lieu de ce Royaume , Terres & Seigneuries de son obéissance , nonobstant toutes Lettres à ce contraires ; ny mesme de Tailler ny Fondre aucuns Caractères de Musique , sans le congé & permission dudit Ballard , à peine de confiscation desdits Caractères & Impressions , & de six mille livres d'amende , ainsi qu'il est plus amplement déclaré esdites Lettres : Sadite Majesté voulant qu'à l'Extrait d'icelles mis au commencement ou fin desdits Livres imprimez , foy soit ajoutée comme à l'Original .



BASSO-CONTINUO.