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C. DOUNIS

REITENDE ÜBUNGEN
AVEN UND DEZIMEN

PREPARATORY STUDIES
IN OCTAVES AND TENTHS

OP. 22

I

(OKTAVEN / OCTAVES)

VIOLINO SOLO



UNIVERSAL-EDITION

No. 9548

D. C. DOUNIS

VIOLIN-STUDIEN

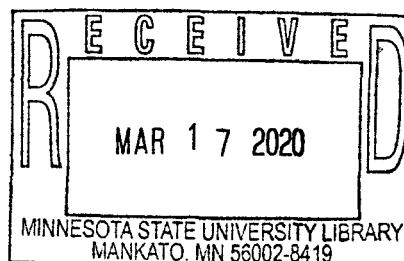
VORBEREITENDE ÜBUNGEN
in Oktaven und Dezimen auf
wissenschaftlicher Basis

PREPARATORY STUDIES
in Octaves and Tenths
on a scientific basis

Op 22

U. E. No. 9548, I. Heft / 1st book: Oktaven / Octaves
U. E. No. 9549, II. Heft / 2nd book: Dezimen / Tenths

Deutsche Übersetzung von Dr. WALTER KERN



UNIVERSAL-EDITION A. G.
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VORWORT

Unter Studierenden herrscht allgemein die Meinung, daß die Ausführung einfacher Oktaven (1. und 4. Finger) im Vergleich zu anderen Doppelgriffen sehr schwierig sei. Wenn man jedoch den mechanischen Vorgang bei der Ausführung von Oktaven sorgfältig analysieren würde, käme man zu der Schlußfolgerung, daß einfache Oktaven von allen Doppelgriffen — ohne Ausnahme — am leichtesten zu spielen sind. Tatsächlich sind sie es auch! Die Lage der Finger, die beim Spielen einfacher Oktaven nötig ist, ist die natürlichste und bequemste und bleibt unverändert, da sie sich immer über das Intervall einer vollkommenen Oktave erstreckt.

Der Grund, warum Studierende die einfache Oktave schwierig finden, liegt darin, daß ihre linke Hand infolge mangelhafter Schulung die „Formung“ zum Greifen einer vollkommenen Quart mit dem ersten und vierten Finger, die, wenn der vierte Finger auf der nächsthöheren Saite greift, eine Oktave ergibt, nicht angenommen hat, oder daß ihr vierter Finger — ebenfalls infolge mangelhafter Schulung — außerordentlich schwach ist. Mit Bezug auf die Intonation sind einfache Oktaven aus den oben angeführten Gründen viel leichter zu spielen als irgend ein anderer Doppelgriff auf der Geige, denn es bedarf eines sehr scharfen Gehörs, um leichte Intonationsabweichungen (Unreinheiten) bei Terzen, Sexten usw. wahrzunehmen, während bei Oktaven auch ein weniger geübtes Ohr jede leiseste Unreinheit bemerkte.

Dies ist der Grund, warum Oktaven so falsch klingen, während Terzen usw. rein klingen; denn falsch intonierte Oktaven klingen für jedes Gehör falsch, während Terzen, Sexten usw., wenn sie auch nicht vollkommen rein intoniert sind, dem Durchschnittsgehör nicht falsch klingen.

Es gibt nur ein verlässliches Mittel, um die Hand zum sicheren und effektvollen Oktavenspiel vorzubereiten. Dies ist, die Hand zum Greifen einer vollkommenen Quart mit erstem und viertem Finger zu „formen“, nicht nur in der ersten, sondern in allen Lagen, denn das Intervall zwischen erstem und viertem Finger verkleinert sich in den höheren Lagen. Der nächste Schritt, nachdem die Hand derart „geformt“ wurde, ist, die Hand daran zu gewöhnen, die notwendige Änderung der Entfernung zwischen erstem und viertem Fingervorzunehmen, um ganz unbewußt die „Formung“ zur Quart in jeder beliebigen Lage zu finden. Hierin liegt das ganze Geheimnis des Oktavenspiels, wie auch — bei ungenügender Schulung in diesem Sinn — die wahre Ursache unreiner Intonierung.

Die in diesem Band enthaltenen Übungen verhalten den Studierenden, a) dem Geist und der Hand die „Formung“ zur vollkommenen Quart in allen Lagen einzuprägen, b) die Hand dahin zu entwickeln, daß die notwendigen Änderungen der Entfernung zwischen erstem und viertem Finger vorgenommen werden, um die Quart in jeder Lage — aus jeder Lage in jede Lage — mit absoluter Sicherheit greifen zu können. Außerdem wird dem Auf- und Abwärtswechsel der Saiten im Oktavenspiel besonderes Augenmerk zugewendet, wie dies bei Skalen vorkommt, da die Außerachtlassung dieser Übung das einzige wirkliche Hindernis für die Gleichmäßigkeit im Skalenspiel nach sich zieht.

Es wäre wünschenswert, daß jeder Studierende der Entwicklung des Oktavenspiels täglich einige Minuten Zeit widmete, nicht nur wegen des Oktavenspiels an und für sich, sondern insbesondere deshalb, weil eine wirklich gründliche Vorbereitung zu diesem Zweig der Geigentechnik, wie sie in diesem Band angestrebt wird, in bemerkenswerter Weise die reine Intonierung¹ in allen Lagen überhaupt fördert.

So wie bei Terzen und Fingersatzoktaven, wird auch hier der Bogen durch den ununterbrochenen Saitenwechsel sehr viel Nutzen ziehen, da dies den Weg zu einem wirklich vollkommenen Legato ebnet.

FOREWORD

There is a general belief among violin students that a good execution of simple octaves (1st—4th) is a difficult matter, when compared with other double stops. If we were, however, to analyse carefully the mechanism of their execution we would come to the conclusion that simple octaves should be the easiest among all double stops, none excepted. And, truthfully, they are so! The position of the fingers required for playing simple octaves is the most natural and easy one and it stays invariably the same, stopping always the interval of a perfect octave.

The reason why violin students find simple octaves difficult is because — through improper schooling — their left hand has not acquired the “imprint” of stopping a perfect fourth with the 1st and 4th fingers (which makes the interval of a perfect octave when the fourth finger stops on the next higher string), or — also through improper schooling — their fourth finger is abnormally weak. As to intonation, simple octaves are — for reasons above stated — much easier than any other interval on the violin: it requires a keen ear to distinguish slight deviations from true intonation in thirds, sixths, etc., while in octaves even a dull ear can at once perceive any impurity of intonation. This is the reason why octaves sound so out of tune, while thirds, etc. sound in tune; octaves when out of tune sound so to any ear, but thirds, sixths, etc. when slightly out of tune do not sound so to the average ear.

We have only one sure way to prepare adequately the hand for an easy and effective execution of octaves. This is to impress on the hand the “imprint” of a perfect fourth between the first and fourth fingers and this not only in the first position but in all positions, because the distance from the first to the fourth finger diminishes gradually as the hand ascends up the fingerboard. The next step — after this imprint is well impressed on the hand — is to accustom the hand to make the necessary adjustments in the distance between the 1st and 4th fingers so as to be able to find unconsciously at once the “imprint of the fourth” in any position. This is the real secret of octave playing as well as the real cause — when not adequately trained in this direction — for imperfect intonation.

The exercises contained in this book train systematically the violinist: a) in impressing upon the mind and the hand the imprint of the interval of the perfect fourth in all positions, and b) in developing the hand to make the necessary changes in the distance from the 1st to the 4th finger in order to be able to locate at once with absolute sureness the imprint of the fourth in any position — from and to any position. Furthermore special attention is given to the backward and forward change of strings while playing octaves such as it is to be found in scale playing — the non-development of which forms the only real handicap to the evenness in scale playing.

It is to be hoped that violin students will devote a few minutes every day to the development of octave playing — not merely for the sake of octaves but — chiefly because a rational preparation to this particular branch of violin technic, as presented in this book, will further in a remarkable degree the intonation in all positions.

As in the case of thirds and fingered octaves the bow, too, will greatly benefit from the continuous crossing of strings, which paves the way to a really perfect legato. —

DER AUTOR

THE AUTHOR

ANLEITUNG ZUM ÜBEN

Ersten und vierten Finger immer auf der Saite liegen lassen! Vermeide, diese beiden Finger getrennt zu bewegen, da dies die „Formung“ zur Quart verhindert!

Um die Unabhängigkeit des ersten und vierten Fingers von den zwei Mittelfingern zu fördern, sind alle in diesem Band enthaltenen Übungen folgendermaßen zu spielen:

a) Die beiden Mittelfinger greifen auf der höheren Saite diejenigen beiden Noten, die der Tonart, in der man spielt, entsprechen.

b) Die beiden Mittelfinger werden über der Saite in solcher Lage gehalten, daß sie jeden Augenblick auf die Saite fallen gelassen werden können.

Eine feste Regel, wann die beiden Mittelfinger auf der Saite liegen sollen und wann nicht, läßt sich nicht aufstellen. Im allgemeinen ist es bei langsamem, melodischen Passagen — insbesondere in den höheren Lagen — empfehlenswert, die Mittelfinger von der Saite entfernt zu halten, da die Hand dadurch freier vibrieren kann; in technischen Passagen hingegen ist es — wegen der Genauigkeit derselben — ratsam, die Mittelfinger auf der Saite liegen zu lassen. Dies sind jedoch nur ganz allgemeine Grundsätze, und es gibt sehr viele Ausnahmen. Derjenige Geiger, der jede Einzelheit des Oktavenspiels wirklich gründlich beherrschen will, muß seine linke Hand so entwickeln, daß er sich beim Oktavenspiel vollkommen „zu Hause“ fühlt, gleichgültig, ob die Mittelfinger aufliegen oder nicht.

Alle Übungen sollen auch in den folgenden rhythmischen Variationen gespielt werden.

Übung 1 a) des Kapitels II (A) diene als Beispiel:

DIRECTIONS FOR PRACTISING

Keep always down on the string the first and fourth fingers: avoid carefully to move them separately, as this will tend to destroy the impression of the “imprint of the fourth.”

In order to develop the independence of the first and fourth fingers from the two middle fingers, practise all exercises contained in this book in the following two ways:

a) by holding the two middle fingers down on the higher string, stopping the respective notes according to the key in which one is playing, and

b) by holding the two middlefingers up, away from the string, in such a position as to be able to fall on the string at any moment.

There is no absolute rule as to when to keep down or up the middle fingers in executing octaves. In general, for slow and melodic passages — and especially in the higher positions — it is best that the middle fingers be kept away from the string, as this will help considerably the hand to vibrate more freely; while in technical passages — for the sake of accuracy — it is advisable to keep the middle fingers down. But these are general rules and there are many exceptions. The violinist, who wishes to master thoroughly every phase of octave technic, should train his left hand in such a way as to feel perfectly “at home” in playing octaves, whether keeping the middle fingers down or up, as directed above.

All exercises in this book should also be practised according to the following rhythmical variations:

Exercise 1 a) of chapter II (A), is used as illustration

IV=G oder 4^{te} Saite
III=D oder 3^{te} Saite

II=A oder 2^{te} Saite
I=E oder 1^{te} Saite

IV=G or 4th string
III=D or 3rd string

II=A or 2nd string
I=E or 1st string

Alle folgenden Übungen sollen in allen Dur- und Molltonarten gespielt werden.

All following Exercises should be practised in all keys, major and minor.

VORBEREITENDE STUDIEN PREPARATORY STUDIES

IN OKTAVEN UND DEZIMEN

IN OCTAVES AND TENTHS

AUF WISSENSCHAFTLICHER GRUNDLAGE

ON A SCIENTIFIC BASIS

D. C. DOUNIS

D. C. DOUNIS

OP. 22

OP. 22

BAND I — OKTAVEN

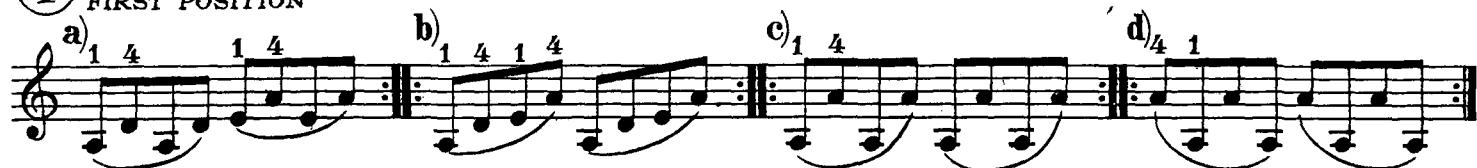
FIRST BOOK — OCTAVES

KAPITEL I

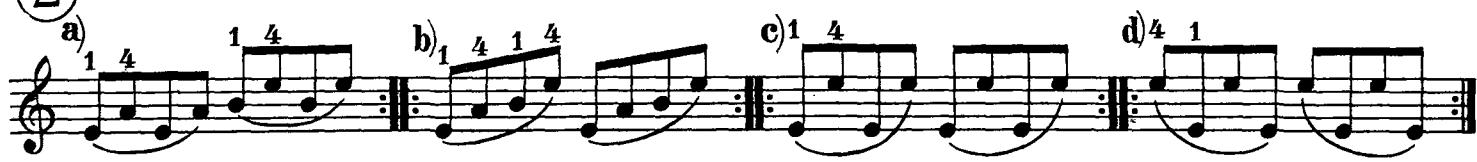
CHAPTER I

ÜBUNGEN OHNE LAGENWECHSEL

EXERCISES WITHOUT SHIFTING

① ERSTE LAGE
FIRST POSITION

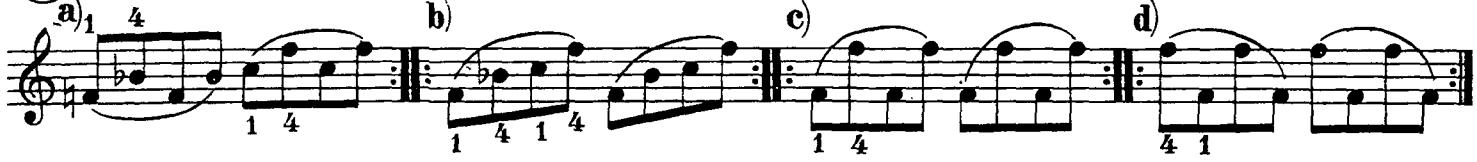
②



③

① ZWEITE LAGE
SECOND POSITION

②



③



① Dritte Lage
Third Position

a)  b)  c)  d) 

②

a)  b)  c)  d) 

③

a)  b)  c)  d) 

① Vierte Lage
Fourth Position

a)  b)  c)  d) 

②

a)  b)  c)  d) 

③

a)  b)  c)  d) 

① Fünfte Lage
Fifth Position

a)  b)  c)  d) 

②

a)  b)  c)  d) 

③

a)  b)  c)  d) 

1 SECHSTE LAGE
SIXTH POSITION

1) SECHSTE LAGE SIXTH POSITION

a) IV 4 b) III, 1 4, 1 4 c) 1 4 d) 4 1

a) 1 4 b) 1 4 1 4 c) 1 4 d) 4 1

a) 1 4 b) 1 4 1 4 c) 1 4 d) 4 1

1 SIEBENTE LAGE
SEVENTH POSITION

1) SIEBENTE LAGE SEVENTH POSITION

a) 1 4 b) III, 1 4, 1 4 c) 1 4 d) 4 1

a) 1 4 b) 1 4 1 4 c) 1 4 d) 4 1

a) 1 4 b) 1 4 1 4 c) 1 4 d) 4 1

1 ACHTE LAGE
EIGHTH POSITION

1) ACHTE LAGE EIGHTH POSITION

a) 1 4 b) III, 1 4, 1 4 c) 1 4 d) 4 1

a) 1 4 b) 1 4 1 4 c) 1 4 d) 4 1

a) 1 4 b) 1 4 1 4 c) 1 4 d) 4 1

1 NEUNTE LAGE
NINTH POSITION

2

3

1 ZEHNTE LAGE
TENTH POSITION

2

3

1 ELFTE LAGE
ELEVENTH POSITION

2

3

KAPITEL II

LAGENWECHSEL AUF ZWEI SAITEN

A AUSGANGSPUNKT: ERSTE LAGE

CHAPTER II

SHIFTING EXERCISES ON TWO STRINGS

A STARTING POINT: FIRST POSITION

1 ERSTE UND ZWEITE LAGE
FIRST AND SECOND POSITIONS

2 a) 1 4-4 1 4 1-1 4

1 ERSTE UND DRITTE LAGE
FIRST AND THIRD POSITIONS

2 a) 1 4-4 1 4 1-1 4

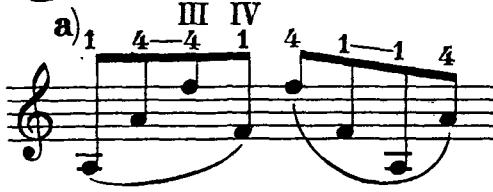
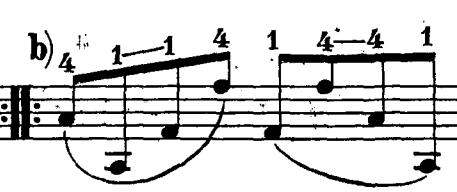
1 ERSTE UND VIERTE LAGE
FIRST AND FOURTH POSITIONS

2 a) 1 4-4 1 4 1-1 4

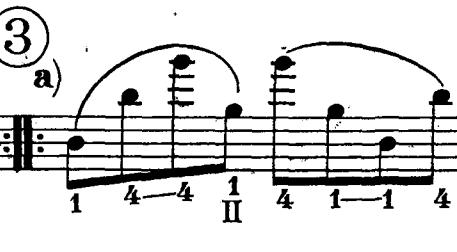
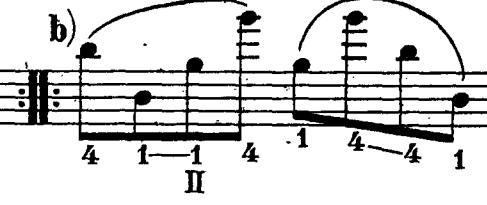
1 ERSTE UND FÜNFT LAGE
FIRST AND FIFTH POSITIONS

2 a) 1 4-4 1 4 1-1 4

1 ERSTE UND SECHSTE LAGE
FIRST AND SIXTH POSITIONS.

a) 
b) 

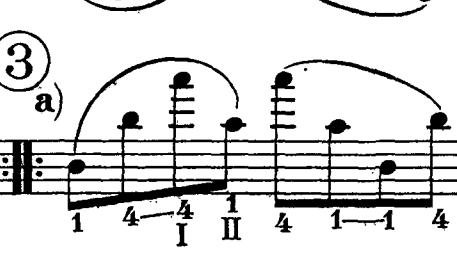
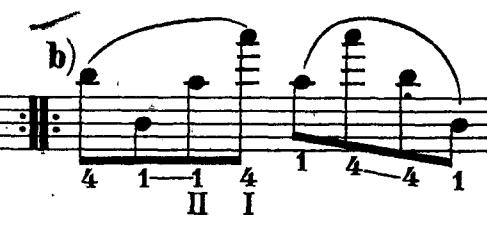
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3 
a) 
b) 

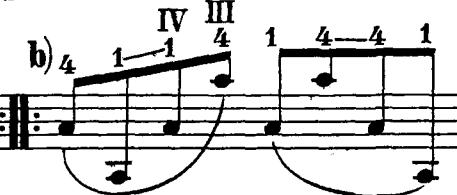
1 ERSTE UND SIEBENTE LAGE
FIRST AND SEVENTH POSITIONS

a) 
b) 

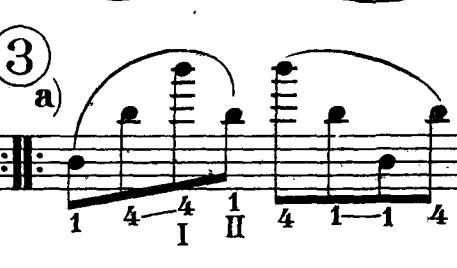
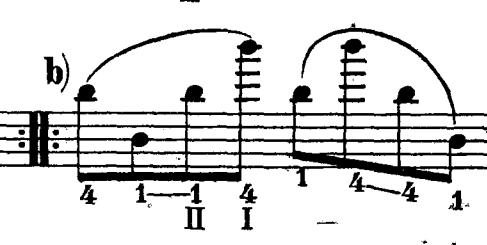
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3 
a) 
b) 

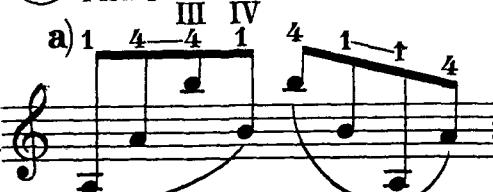
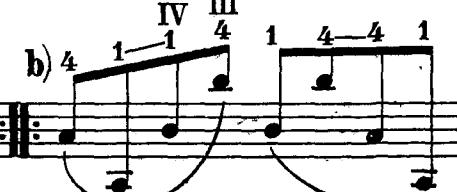
1 ERSTE UND ACHTE LAGE
FIRST AND EIGHTH POSITIONS

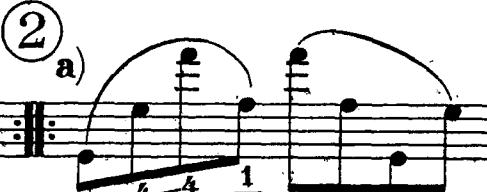
a) 
b) 

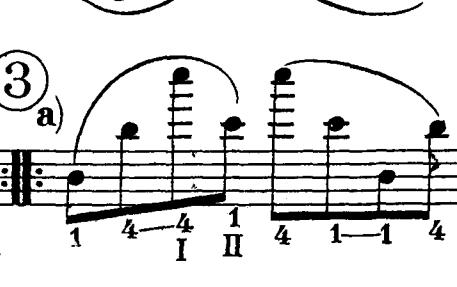
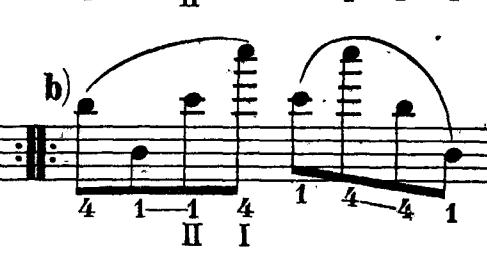
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3 
a) 
b) 

1 ERSTE UND NEUNTE LAGE
FIRST AND NINTH POSITIONS

a) 
b) 

2 

3 
a) 
b) 

10
1 ERSTE UND ZEHNTE LAGE
 FIRST AND TENTH POSITIONS

2

3

1 ERSTE UND ELFTE LAGE
 FIRST AND ELEVENTH POSITIONS

2

3

B AUSGANGSPUNKT: ZWEITE LAGE

B STARTING POINT: SECOND POSITION

1 ZWEITE UND DRITTE LAGE
 SECOND AND THIRD POSITIONS

2

3

1 ZWEITE UND VIERTE LAGE
 SECOND AND FOURTH POSITIONS

2

3

1 ZWEITE UND FÜNFTE LAGE
SECOND AND FIFTH POSITIONS

1) **a)** 1 4-4 1 4 1-1 4 b) 4 1-1 4 1 4-4 1

2) **a)** 1 4-4 1 4 1-1 4 b) 4 1-1 4 1 4-4 1

1 ZWEITE UND SECHSTE LAGE
SECOND AND SIXTH POSITIONS

1) **a)** 1 4-4 1 4 1-1 4 b) 4 1-1 4 1 4-4 1

2) **a)** 1 4-4 1 4 1-1 4 b) 4 1-1 4 1 4-4 1

1 ZWEITE UND SIEBENTE LAGE
SECOND AND SEVENTH POSITIONS

1) **a)** 1 4-4 1 4 1-1 4 b) 4 1-1 4 1 4-4 1

2) **a)** 1 4-4 1 4 1-1 4 b) 4 1-1 4 1 4-4 1

1 ZWEITE UND ACHTE LAGE
SECOND AND EIGHTH POSITIONS

1) **a)** 1 4-4 1 4 1-1 4 b) 4 1-1 4 1 4-4 1

2) **a)** 1 4-4 1 4 1-1 4 b) 4 1-1 4 1 4-4 1

12 ZWEITE UND NEUNTE LAGE
SECOND AND NINTH POSITIONS

Figure 1: Second and Ninth Positions. The first section shows two sets of exercises labeled 'a' and 'b'. Each set consists of two measures. Measure 1: a) 1 4-4 1, 4 1-1 4; b) 4 1-1 4, 1 4-4 1. Measure 2: a) 4 1-1 4, 1 4-4 1; b) 1 4-4 1, 4 1-1 4. The second section shows three sets of exercises labeled 'a', 'b', and '3'. Each set consists of two measures. Measure 1: a) 1 4-4 1, 1 4-4 1; b) 4 1-1 4, 1 4-4 1. Measure 2: a) 1 4-4 1, 1 4-4 1; b) 4 1-1 4, 1 4-4 1. The third section shows three sets of exercises labeled 'a', 'b', and '3'. Each set consists of two measures. Measure 1: a) 1 4-4 1, 1 4-4 1; b) 4 1-1 4, 1 4-4 1. Measure 2: a) 1 4-4 1, 1 4-4 1; b) 4 1-1 4, 1 4-4 1.

1 ZWEITE UND ZEHNTE LAGE
SECOND AND TENTH POSITIONS

Figure 1: Second and Tenth Positions. The first section shows two sets of exercises labeled 'a' and 'b'. Each set consists of two measures. Measure 1: a) 1 4-4 1, 4 1-1 4; b) 4 1-1 4, 1 4-4 1. Measure 2: a) 1 4-4 1, 4 1-1 4; b) 1 4-4 1, 4 1-1 4. The second section shows three sets of exercises labeled 'a', 'b', and '3'. Each set consists of two measures. Measure 1: a) 1 4-4 1, 1 4-4 1; b) 4 1-1 4, 1 4-4 1. Measure 2: a) 1 4-4 1, 1 4-4 1; b) 4 1-1 4, 1 4-4 1. The third section shows three sets of exercises labeled 'a', 'b', and '3'. Each set consists of two measures. Measure 1: a) 1 4-4 1, 1 4-4 1; b) 4 1-1 4, 1 4-4 1. Measure 2: a) 1 4-4 1, 1 4-4 1; b) 4 1-1 4, 1 4-4 1.

1 ZWEITE UND ELFTE LAGE
SECOND AND ELEVENTH POSITIONS

Figure 1: Second and Eleventh Positions. The first section shows two sets of exercises labeled 'a' and 'b'. Each set consists of two measures. Measure 1: a) 1 4-4 1, 4 1-1 4; b) 4 1-1 4, 1 4-4 1. Measure 2: a) 1 4-4 1, 4 1-1 4; b) 1 4-4 1, 4 1-1 4. The second section shows three sets of exercises labeled 'a', 'b', and '3'. Each set consists of two measures. Measure 1: a) 1 4-4 1, 1 4-4 1; b) 4 1-1 4, 1 4-4 1. Measure 2: a) 1 4-4 1, 1 4-4 1; b) 4 1-1 4, 1 4-4 1. The third section shows three sets of exercises labeled 'a', 'b', and '3'. Each set consists of two measures. Measure 1: a) 1 4-4 1, 1 4-4 1; b) 4 1-1 4, 1 4-4 1. Measure 2: a) 1 4-4 1, 1 4-4 1; b) 4 1-1 4, 1 4-4 1.

C AUSGANGSPUNKT: DRITTE LAGE

C STARTING POINT: THIRD POSITION

1 DRITTE UND VIERTE LAGE
THIRD AND FOURTH POSITIONS

Figure 1: Third and Fourth Positions. The first section shows two sets of exercises labeled 'a' and 'b'. Each set consists of two measures. Measure 1: a) 1 4-4 1, 4 1-1 4; b) 4 1-1 4, 1 4-4 1. Measure 2: a) 1 4-4 1, 4 1-1 4; b) 1 4-4 1, 4 1-1 4. The second section shows three sets of exercises labeled 'a', 'b', and '3'. Each set consists of two measures. Measure 1: a) 1 4-4 1, 1 4-4 1; b) 4 1-1 4, 1 4-4 1. Measure 2: a) 1 4-4 1, 1 4-4 1; b) 4 1-1 4, 1 4-4 1. The third section shows three sets of exercises labeled 'a', 'b', and '3'. Each set consists of two measures. Measure 1: a) 1 4-4 1, 1 4-4 1; b) 4 1-1 4, 1 4-4 1. Measure 2: a) 1 4-4 1, 1 4-4 1; b) 4 1-1 4, 1 4-4 1.

① DRITTE UND FÜNFTE LAGE
THIRD AND FIFTH POSITIONS

② a)

③ a)

b)

③ a)

b)

① DRITTE UND SECHSTE LAGE
THIRD AND SIXTH POSITIONS

② a)

③ a)

b)

③ a)

b)

① DRITTE UND SIEBENTE LAGE
THIRD AND SEVENTH POSITIONS

② a)

③ a)

b)

③ a)

b)

① DRITTE UND ACHTE LAGE
THIRD AND EIGHTH POSITIONS

② a)

③ a)

b)

③ a)

b)

14

1 Dritte und neunte Lage
Third and Ninth Positions

a)
b)

2

3

1 Dritte und zehnte Lage
Third and Tenth Positions

a)
b)

2

3

1 Dritte und elfte Lage
Third and Eleventh Positions

a)
b)

2

3

D AUSGANGSPUNKT: VIERTE LAGE

D STARTING POINT: FOURTH POSITION

1 VIERTE UND FÜNFTE LAGE
Fourth and Eighth Positions

a)
b)

2

3

1 VIERTE UND SECHSTE LAGE
FOURTH AND SIXTH POSITIONS

The diagram shows a guitar neck with six strings and twelve frets. It is divided into four sections by vertical dashed lines. The first section (frets 1-4) has positions III and IV. The second section (frets 5-8) has positions IV and III. The third section (frets 9-12) has positions II and III. The fourth section (frets 13-16) has positions I and II. The notation consists of two parts, 'a' and 'b', each with three measures. Measure 1 starts at the beginning of section I. Measure 2 starts at the beginning of section II. Measure 3 starts at the beginning of section III.

1 VIERTE UND SIEBENTE LAGE
FOURTH AND SEVENTH POSITIONS

The diagram shows a guitar neck with six strings and twelve frets. It is divided into four sections by vertical dashed lines. The first section (frets 1-4) has positions III and IV. The second section (frets 5-8) has positions IV and III. The third section (frets 9-12) has positions II and III. The fourth section (frets 13-16) has positions I and II. The notation consists of two parts, 'a' and 'b', each with three measures. Measure 1 starts at the beginning of section I. Measure 2 starts at the beginning of section II. Measure 3 starts at the beginning of section III.

1 VIERTE UND ACHTE LAGE
FOURTH AND EIGHTH POSITIONS

The diagram shows a guitar neck with six strings and twelve frets. It is divided into four sections by vertical dashed lines. The first section (frets 1-4) has positions III and IV. The second section (frets 5-8) has positions IV and III. The third section (frets 9-12) has positions II and III. The fourth section (frets 13-16) has positions I and II. The notation consists of two parts, 'a' and 'b', each with three measures. Measure 1 starts at the beginning of section I. Measure 2 starts at the beginning of section II. Measure 3 starts at the beginning of section III.

1 VIERTE UND NEUNTE LAGE
FOURTH AND NINTH POSITIONS

The diagram shows a guitar neck with six strings and twelve frets. It is divided into four sections by vertical dashed lines. The first section (frets 1-4) has positions III and IV. The second section (frets 5-8) has positions IV and III. The third section (frets 9-12) has positions II and III. The fourth section (frets 13-16) has positions I and II. The notation consists of two parts, 'a' and 'b', each with three measures. Measure 1 starts at the beginning of section I. Measure 2 starts at the beginning of section II. Measure 3 starts at the beginning of section III.

1 VIERTE UND ZEHNTE LAGE
FOURTH AND TENTH POSITIONS

1 VIERTE UND ZEHNTE LAGE
FOURTH AND TENTH POSITIONS

a)

b)

2

a)

b)

3

a)

b)

1 VIERTE UND ELFTE LAGE
FOURTH AND ELEVENTH POSITIONS

1 VIERTE UND ELFTE LAGE
FOURTH AND ELEVENTH POSITIONS

a)

b)

2

a)

b)

3

a)

b)

E AUSGANGSPUNKT: FÜNFTE LAGE

E STARTING POINT: FIFTH POSITION

1 FÜNFTE UND SECHSTE LAGE
FIFTH AND SIXTH POSITIONS

1 FÜNFTE UND SECHSTE LAGE
FIFTH AND SIXTH POSITIONS

a)

b)

2

a)

b)

3

a)

b)

1 FÜNFTE UND SIEBENTE LAGE
FIFTH AND SEVENTH POSITIONS

1 FÜNFTE UND SIEBENTE LAGE
FIFTH AND SEVENTH POSITIONS

a)

b)

2

a)

b)

3

a)

b)

1 FÜNFTE UND ACHTE LAGE
FIFTH AND EIGHTH POSITIONS

Two sets of musical examples labeled 'a)' and 'b)' for the Fifth and Eighth Positions. Each set consists of two measures. The first measure in each set shows a chord progression from IV to III, with fingerings 1-4-4-1 and 4-1-1-4 respectively. The second measure shows a progression from III to IV, with fingerings 4-1-1-4 and 1-4-4-1 respectively. The strings are numbered IV, III, II, I from top to bottom.

1 FÜNFTE UND NEUNTE LAGE
FIFTH AND NINTH POSITIONS

Two sets of musical examples labeled 'a)' and 'b)' for the Fifth and Ninth Positions. Each set consists of two measures. The first measure in each set shows a chord progression from IV to III, with fingerings 1-4-4-1 and 4-1-1-4 respectively. The second measure shows a progression from III to IV, with fingerings 1-4-4-1 and 4-1-1-4 respectively. The strings are numbered IV, III, II, I from top to bottom.

1 FÜNFTE UND ZEHNTE LAGE
FIFTH AND TENTH POSITIONS

Two sets of musical examples labeled 'a)' and 'b)' for the Fifth and Tenth Positions. Each set consists of two measures. The first measure in each set shows a chord progression from IV to III, with fingerings 1-4-4-1 and 4-1-1-4 respectively. The second measure shows a progression from III to IV, with fingerings 1-4-4-1 and 4-1-1-4 respectively. The strings are numbered IV, III, II, I from top to bottom.

1 FÜNFTE UND ELFTE LAGE
FIFTH AND ELEVENTH POSITIONS

Two sets of musical examples labeled 'a)' and 'b)' for the Fifth and Eleventh Positions. Each set consists of two measures. The first measure in each set shows a chord progression from IV to III, with fingerings 1-4-4-1 and 4-1-1-4 respectively. The second measure shows a progression from III to IV, with fingerings 1-4-4-1 and 4-1-1-4 respectively. The strings are numbered IV, III, II, I from top to bottom.

F AUSGANGSPUNKT: SECHSTE LAGE

1 SECHSTE UND SIEBENTE LAGE
SIXTH AND SEVENTH POSITIONS

a)

IV III IV
1 4 4 1
4 1-1 4

b)

4 1-1 4
1 4-4 1
III II III

3

a)

1 4-4 1
1 4-4 1
II I II

2

a)

1 4-4 1
4, 1-1, 4
III II III

b)

4 1-1 4
1 4-4 1
I II I

1 SECHSTE UND ACHTE LAGE
SIXTH AND EIGHTH POSITIONS

a)

1 4, 4, 1
IV III IV
IV 1-1 4

b)

4 1-1 4
1 4-4 1
III II III

3

a)

1 4-4 1
1 4-4 1
II I II

2

a)

1 4-4 1
4, 1-1, 4
III II III

b)

4 1-1 4
1 4-4 1
I II I

1 SECHSTE UND NEUNTE LAGE
SIXTH AND NINTH POSITIONS

a)

1 4, 4, 1
IV III IV
IV 1-1 4

b)

4 1-1 4
1 4-4 1
III II III

3

a)

1 4-4 1
1 4-4 1
II I II

2

a)

1 4-4 1
4, 1-1, 4
III II III

b)

4 1-1 4
1 4-4 1
I II I

1 SECHSTE UND ZEHNTE LAGE
SIXTH AND TENTH POSITIONS

a)

1 4, 4, 1
IV III IV
IV 1-1 4

b)

4 1-1 4
1 4-4 1
III II III

3

a)

1 4-4 1
1 4-4 1
II I II

2

a)

1 4-4 1
4, 1-1, 4
III II III

b)

4 1-1 4
1 4-4 1
I II I

F STARTING POINT: SIXTH POSITION

2

a)

1 4-4 1
4, 1-1, 4
III II III

b)

4 1-1 4
1 4-4 1
I II I

1 SECHSTE UND ELFTE LAGE SIXTH AND ELEVENTH POSITIONS

The page contains six examples of strumming patterns for guitar, arranged in two rows of three. Each example includes a letter label (a) or (b), a treble clef, and a staff with six horizontal lines. Below each staff are six numbers representing the fingers used for strumming: (a) row 1: IV-III-IV, 4-1-1-4; row 2: II-III-II; (b) row 1: 4-1-1-4, 1-4-4-1; row 2: I-II-I. The patterns involve various combinations of downstrokes (indicated by a dot) and upstrokes (indicated by a vertical line). Some strokes are grouped by brackets under the numbers. A circled number '3' is positioned between the first and second examples of row 1.

G. AUSGANGSPUNKT: SIEBENTE LAGE

G STARTING POINT: SEVENTH POSITION

**1 SIEBENTE UND ACHTE LAGE
SEVENTH AND EIGHTH POSITIONS**

The image shows two staves of musical notation for guitar. The top staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. It features three measures of chords labeled 'a)', 'b)', and 'a)'. Below each chord is a strumming pattern consisting of a vertical bar with horizontal strokes. The first measure's pattern is '1 4 -4 1', the second is '4 1 -1 4', and the third is '1 4 -4 1'. The bottom staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. It features two measures of chords labeled 'b)' and 'a)'. The first measure's pattern is '4 1 -1 4' and the second is '1 4 -4 1'. A circled '3' is placed above the first measure of the bottom staff.

1 SIEBENTE UND NEUNTE LAGE SEVENTH AND NINTH POSITIONS

Sheet music for the second ending of the first section, starting with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The music consists of two systems. The first system begins with measure 1, featuring a bass line with eighth-note patterns and a treble line with sixteenth-note patterns. The second system begins with measure 9, continuing the bass line's eighth-note patterns. Measure numbers 1 through 9 are indicated below the staff.

**1 SIEBENTE UND ZEHNTE LAGE
SEVENTH AND TENTH POSITIONS**

1 SIEBENTE UND ELFTE LAGE
SEVENTH AND ELEVENTH POSITIONS

a) b)

1 4-4 1
IV III IV
4 1-1 4
III IV
1 4-4 1
III

a) b)

4 1-1 4
II III II
1 4-4 1
II I
4 1-1 4
I II I

3 a) b)

1 4-4 1
II I
4 1-1 4
I
1 4-4 1
I

H AUSGANGSPUNKT: ACHTE LAGE

1 ACHTE UND NEUNTE LAGE
EIGHTH AND NINTH POSITIONS

a) b)

1 4-4 1
IV III IV
4 1-1 4
II III II
1 4-4 1
II I

3 a) b)

1 4-4 1
II I
4 1-1 4
I
1 4-4 1
I

2 a) b)

1 4-4 1
III II III
4 1-1 4
I II I

H STARTING POINT: EIGHTH POSITION

1 ACHTE UND ZEHNTEN LAGE
EIGHTH AND TENTH POSITIONS

a) b)

1 4-4 1
IV III IV
4 1-1 4
II III II
1 4-4 1
II I

3 a) b)

1 4-4 1
III IV III
4 1-1 4
I II I

2 a) b)

1 4-4 1
III II III
4 1-1 4
I II I

1 ACHTE UND ELFTE LAGE
EIGHTH AND ELEVENTH POSITIONS

a) b)

1 4-4 1
IV III IV
4 1-1 4
II III II
1 4-4 1
II I

3 a) b)

1 4-4 1
III IV III
4 1-1 4
I II I

2 a) b)

1 4-4 1
III II III
4 1-1 4
I II I

I AUSGANGSPUNKT: NEUNTE LAGE

I STARTING POINT: NINTH POSITION 21

1 NEUNTE UND ZEHNTE LAGE
NINTH AND TENTH POSITIONS

a)

b)

3

a)

b)

1 NEUNTE UND ELFTE LAGE
NINTH AND ELEVENTH POSITIONS

a)

b)

3

a)

b)

J AUSGANGSPUNKT: ZEHNTE LAGE

J STARTING POINT: TENTH POSITION

1 ZEHNTE UND ELFTE LAGE
TENTH AND ELEVENTH POSITIONS

a)

b)

3

a)

b)

KAPITEL III

CHAPTER III

LAGENWECHSEL AUF DREI SAITEN

A AUSGANGSPUNKT: ERSTE LAGE

1 ERSTE UND ZWEITE LAGE
FIRST AND SECOND POSITIONS

a)

b)

c)

d)

SHIFTING EXERCISES ON THREE STRINGS

A STARTING POINT: FIRST POSITION

a)

b)

c)

d)

1 ERSTE UND DRITTE LAGE
FIRST AND THIRD POSITIONS

2

1 ERSTE UND VIERTE LAGE
FIRST AND FOURTH POSITIONS

2

1 ERSTE UND FÜNFTE LAGE
FIRST AND FIFTH POSITIONS

2

1 ERSTE UND SECHSTE LAGE
FIRST AND SIXTH POSITIONS

2

1 ERSTE UND SIEBENTE LAGE
FIRST AND SEVENTH POSITIONS

2

1 ERSTE UND ACHTE LAGE
FIRST AND EIGHTH POSITIONS

2

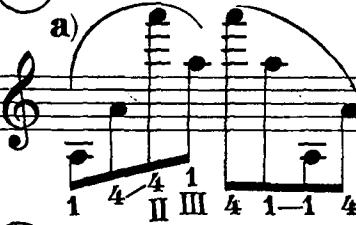
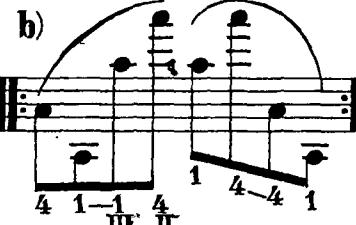
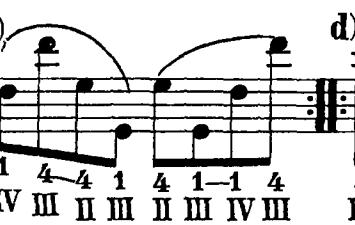
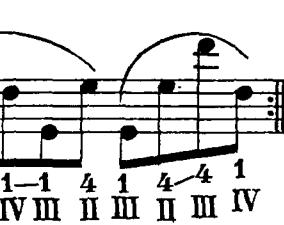
1 ERSTE UND NEUNTE LAGE
FIRST AND NINTH POSITIONS

2

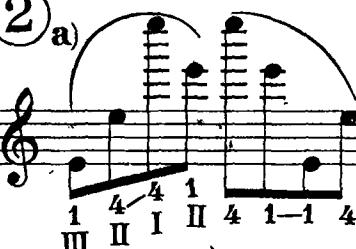
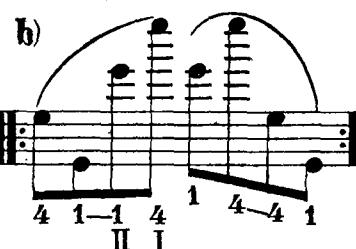
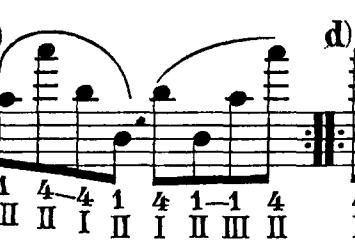
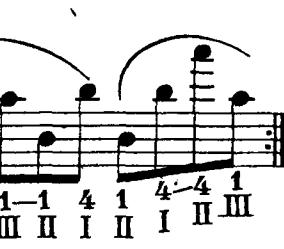
1 ERSTE UND ZEHNTE LAGE
FIRST AND TENTH POSITIONS

2

1 ERSTE UND ELFTE LAGE
FIRST AND ELEVENTH POSITIONS

a)  b)  c)  d) 

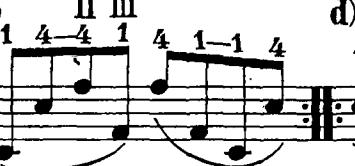
2

a)  b)  c)  d) 

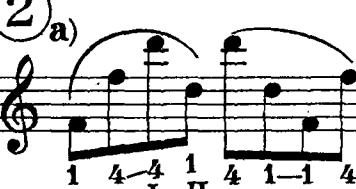
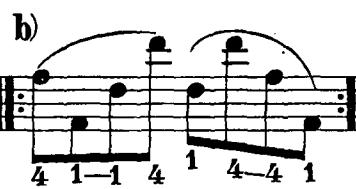
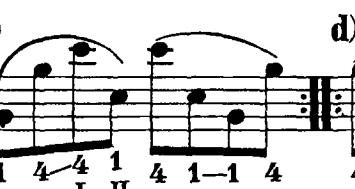
B AUSGANGSPUNKT: ZWEITE LAGE

B STARTING POINT: SECOND POSITION

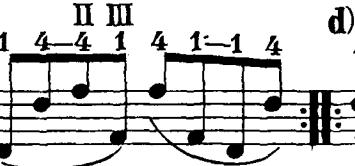
1 ZWEITE UND DRITTE LAGE
SECOND AND THIRD POSITIONS

a)  b)  c)  d) 

2

a)  b)  c)  d) 

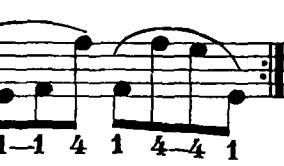
1 ZWEITE UND VIERTE LAGE
SECOND AND FOURTH POSITIONS

a)  b)  c)  d) 

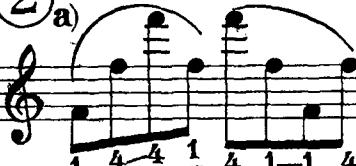
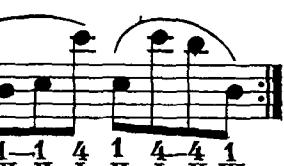
2

a)  b)  c)  d) 

1 ZWEITE UND FÜNFTE LAGE
SECOND AND FIFTH POSITIONS

a)  b)  c)  d) 

2

a)  b)  c)  d) 

1 ZWEITE UND SECHSTE LAGE
SECOND AND SIXTH POSITIONS

Four staves of musical notation labeled a), b), c), and d). Each staff has a treble clef and four measures. Fingerings are indicated below each measure. Staff a) starts with a grace note and a 1-4-4-1 pattern. Staff b) starts with a 4-1-1-4 pattern. Staff c) starts with a 1-4-4-1 pattern. Staff d) starts with a 4-1-1-4 pattern.

1

a) 1 4 4 1 II III 4 1-1 4
b) 4 1-1 4 1 4-4 1
c) 1 4-4 1 IV III II III IV III
d) 4 1-1 4 1 4-4 1 III IV III II III IV

2

a) 1 4 4 1 III II I II 4 1-1 4
b) 4 1-1 4 1 4-4 1 II I
c) 1 4-4 1 III II I II I II III II
d) 4 1-1 4 1 4-4 1 II III II I II I II III

1 ZWEITE UND SIEBENTE LAGE
SECOND AND SEVENTH POSITIONS

Four staves of musical notation labeled a), b), c), and d). Each staff has a treble clef and four measures. Fingerings are indicated below each measure. Staff a) starts with a 1-4-4-1 pattern. Staff b) starts with a 4-1-1-4 pattern. Staff c) starts with a 1-4-4-1 pattern. Staff d) starts with a 4-1-1-4 pattern.

1

a) 1 4 4 1 II III 4 1-1 4
b) 4 1-1 4 1 4-4 1 III II
c) 1 4-4 1 IV III II III IV III
d) 4 1-1 4 1 4-4 1 III IV III II III IV

2

a) 1 4 4 1 I II 4 1-1 4
b) 4 1-1 4 1 4-4 1 II I
c) 1 4-4 1 III II I II I II III II
d) 4 1-1 4 1 4-4 1 II III II I II I II III

1 ZWEITE UND ACHTE LAGE
SECOND AND EIGHTH POSITIONS

Four staves of musical notation labeled a), b), c), and d). Each staff has a treble clef and four measures. Fingerings are indicated below each measure. Staff a) starts with a 1-4-4-1 pattern. Staff b) starts with a 4-1-1-4 pattern. Staff c) starts with a 1-4-4-1 pattern. Staff d) starts with a 4-1-1-4 pattern.

1

a) 1 4 4 1 II III 4 1-1 4
b) 4 1-1 4 1 4-4 1 III II
c) 1 4-4 1 IV III II III IV III
d) 4 1-1 4 1 4-4 1 III IV III II III IV

2

a) 1 4 4 1 I II 4 1-1 4
b) 4 1-1 4 1 4-4 1 II I
c) 1 4-4 1 III II I II I II III II
d) 4 1-1 4 1 4-4 1 II III II I II I II III

1 ZWEITE UND NEUNTE LAGE
SECOND AND NINTH POSITIONS

Four staves of musical notation labeled a), b), c), and d). Each staff has a treble clef and four measures. Fingerings are indicated below each measure. Staff a) starts with a 1-4-4-1 pattern. Staff b) starts with a 4-1-1-4 pattern. Staff c) starts with a 1-4-4-1 pattern. Staff d) starts with a 4-1-1-4 pattern.

1

a) 1 4 4 1 II III 4 1-1 4
b) 4 1-1 4 1 4-4 1 III II
c) 1 4-4 1 IV III II III IV III
d) 4 1-1 4 1 4-4 1 III IV III II III IV

2

a) 1 4 4 1 III II I II 4 1-1 4
b) 4 1-1 4 1 4-4 1 II I
c) 1 4-4 1 III II I II I II III II
d) 4 1-1 4 1 4-4 1 II III II I II I II III

1 ZWEITE UND ZEHNTEN LAGE
SECOND AND TENTH POSITIONS

Diagram showing four fretboard positions (a, b, c, d) for the second and tenth positions. Each diagram includes a musical staff and a fretboard with fingerings below it. The fingerings are numbered 1 through 4, indicating which fingers to use for each note. The diagrams show various note patterns and chord shapes.

2

Diagram showing four fretboard positions (a, b, c, d) for the second and eleventh positions. Similar to the first section, it shows note patterns and chord shapes with specific fingerings indicated by numbers 1 through 4.

1

ZWEITE UND ELFTE LAGE
SECOND AND ELEVENTH POSITIONS

Diagram showing four fretboard positions (a, b, c, d) for the third and fourth positions. It illustrates note patterns and chord shapes with fingerings numbered 1 through 4.

2

Diagram showing four fretboard positions (a, b, c, d) for the third and fifth positions. It shows note patterns and chord shapes with fingerings numbered 1 through 4.

C AUSGANGSPUNKT: DRITTE LAGE

C STARTING POINT: THIRD POSITION

1 DRITTE UND VIERTE LAGE
THIRD AND FOURTH POSITIONS

Diagram showing four fretboard positions (a, b, c, d) for the third and fourth positions, continuing from the previous section. It shows note patterns and chord shapes with fingerings numbered 1 through 4.

2

Diagram showing four fretboard positions (a, b, c, d) for the third and fifth positions, continuing from the previous section. It shows note patterns and chord shapes with fingerings numbered 1 through 4.

1 DRITTE UND FÜNFTE LAGE
THIRD AND FIFTH POSITIONS

Diagram showing four fretboard positions (a, b, c, d) for the third and fifth positions, continuing from the previous section. It shows note patterns and chord shapes with fingerings numbered 1 through 4.

2

Diagram showing four fretboard positions (a, b, c, d) for the third and fifth positions, continuing from the previous section. It shows note patterns and chord shapes with fingerings numbered 1 through 4.

1 Dritte und sechste Lage
Third and Sixth Positions

a) II III, IV 1-1 4 b) III II, IV 1-1 4 c) IV III II III, IV 1-1 4 d) III IV III II III, IV 1-1 4

1 Dritte und siebente Lage
Third and Seventh Positions

a) II III, IV 1-1 4 b) III II, IV 1-1 4 c) IV III II III, IV 1-1 4 d) III IV III II III, IV 1-1 4

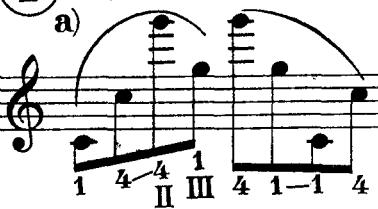
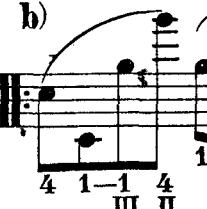
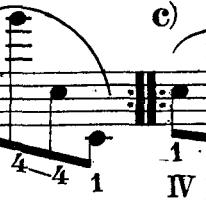
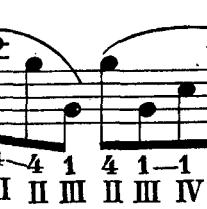
1 Dritte und achte Lage
Third and Eighth Positions

a) II III, IV 1-1 4 b) III II, IV 1-1 4 c) IV III II III, IV 1-1 4 d) III IV III II III, IV 1-1 4

1 Dritte und neunte Lage
Third and Ninth Positions

a) II III, IV 1-1 4 b) III II, IV 1-1 4 c) IV III II III, IV 1-1 4 d) III IV III II III, IV 1-1 4

1 DREITTE UND ZEHNTE LAGE
THIRD AND TENTH POSITIONS

a)  b)  c)  d) 

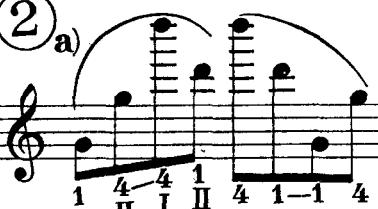
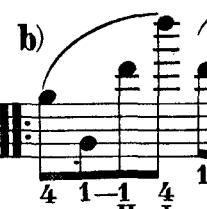
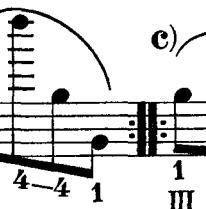
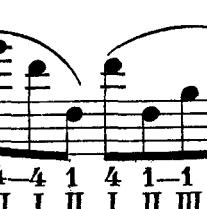
1 4 4 1 1-4-1-1-4
II III

4 1-1 4 1 4-4 1
III II

1 4 4 1 4 1-1 4
IV III II III II III IV III

4 1-1 4 1 4 4 1
III IV III II II III IV

2

a)  b)  c)  d) 

1 4 4 1 1-2-1-4
III II I II I

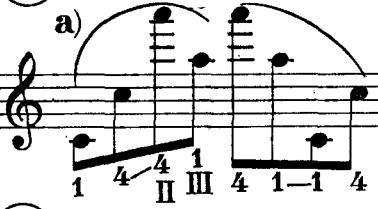
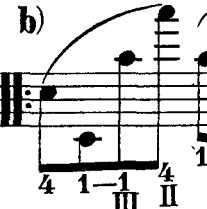
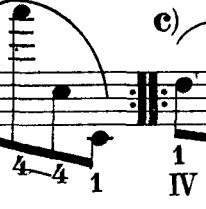
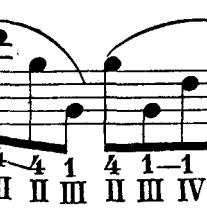
4 1-1 4 1 4-4 1
II I

1 4 4 1 1 4-4 1
III II I II I

4 1-1 4 1 4 4 1
III III II I I II III

1

1 DREITTE UND ELFTE LAGE
THIRD AND ELEVENTH POSITIONS

a)  b)  c)  d) 

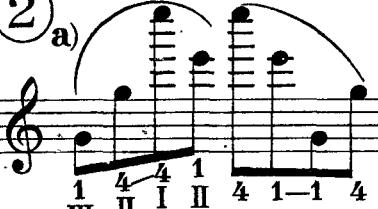
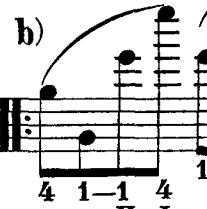
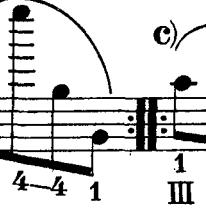
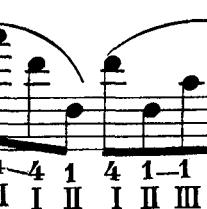
1 4 4 1 1-2-1-4
II III I II

4 1-1 4 1 4-4 1
III II I

1 4 4 1 1 4-4 1
IV III II III II III IV III

4 1-1 4 1 4 4 1
III IV III II II III IV

2

a)  b)  c)  d) 

1 4 4 1 1-2-1-4
III II I II I

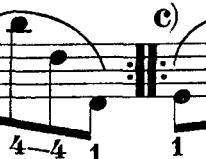
4 1-1 4 1 4-4 1
II I

1 4 4 1 1 4-4 1
III II I II I

4 1-1 4 1 4 4 1
II III II I I II III

D AUSGANGSPUNKT: VIERTE LAGE.**D** STARTING POINT: FOURTH POSITION

1 VIERTE UND FÜNFTE LAGE
FOURTH AND FIFTH POSITIONS

a)  b)  c)  d) 

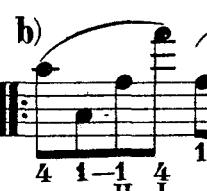
1 4 4 1 1-2-1-4
II III I II

4 1-1 4 1 4-4 1
III II I

1 4 4 1 1 4-4 1
IV III II III II III IV III

4 1-1 4 1 4 4 1
III IV III II II III IV

2

a)  b)  c)  d) 

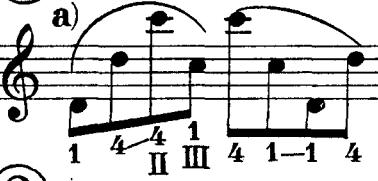
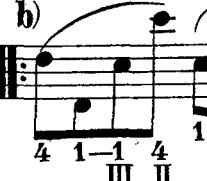
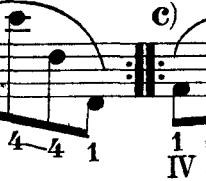
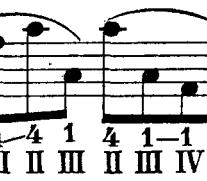
1 4 4 1 1-2-1-4
III II I II I

4 1-1 4 1 4-4 1
II I

1 4 4 1 1 4-4 1
III II I II I

4 1-1 4 1 4 4 1
II III II I I II III

1 VIERTE UND SECHSTE LAGE
FOURTH AND SIXTH POSITIONS

a)  b)  c)  d) 

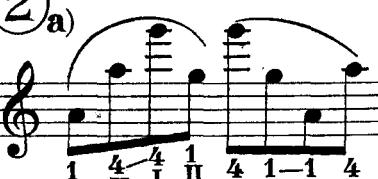
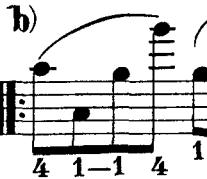
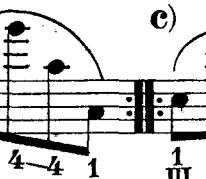
1 4 4 1 1-2-1-4
II III I II

4 1-1 4 1 4-4 1
III II I

1 4 4 1 1 4-4 1
IV III II III II III IV III

4 1-1 4 1 4 4 1
III IV III II II III IV

2

a)  b)  c)  d) 

1 4 4 1 1-2-1-4
III II I II I

4 1-1 4 1 4-4 1
II I

1 4 4 1 1 4-4 1
III II I II I

4 1-1 4 1 4 4 1
II III II I I II III

1 VIERTE UND SIEBENTE LAGE
FOURTH AND SEVENTH POSITIONS

1 VIERTE UND ACHTE LAGE
FOURTH AND EIGHTH POSITIONS

1 VIERTE UND NEUNTE LAGE
FOURTH AND NINTH POSITIONS

1 VIERTE UND ZEHNTE LAGE
FOURTH AND TENTH POSITIONS

1 VIERTE UND ELFTE LAGE
FOURTH AND ELEVENTH POSITIONS

The diagram shows four fretboard patterns labeled a, b, c, and d. Each pattern consists of two staves. The first staff shows a scale-like sequence of notes with fingerings: 1, 4, 4, 1; II, III, 4; 1, 1-1, 4. The second staff shows a similar sequence: 4, 1-1, 4; III, II. The patterns are repeated across the fretboard.

E AUSGANGSPUNKT: FÜNFTE LAGE

1 FÜNFTE UND SECHSTE LAGE
FIFTH AND SIXTH POSITIONS

The diagram shows four fretboard patterns labeled a, b, c, and d. Each pattern consists of two staves. The first staff shows a scale-like sequence: 1, 4, 4, 1; IV, III, II, III; 4, 1-1, 4. The second staff shows: III, II. The patterns are repeated across the fretboard.

E STARTING POINT: FIFTH POSITION

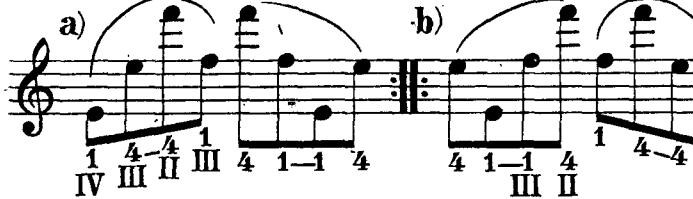
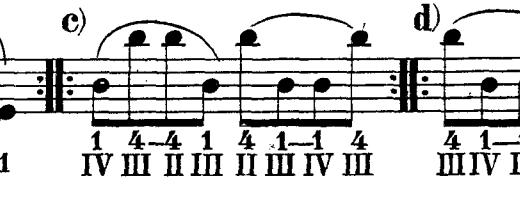
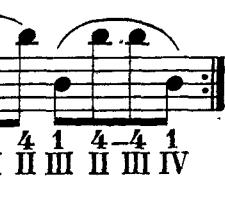
1 FÜNFTE UND SIEBENTE LAGE
FIFTH AND SEVENTH POSITIONS

The diagram shows four fretboard patterns labeled a, b, c, and d. Each pattern consists of two staves. The first staff shows a scale-like sequence: 1, 4, 4, 1; IV, III, II, III; 4, 1-1, 4. The second staff shows: III, II. The patterns are repeated across the fretboard.

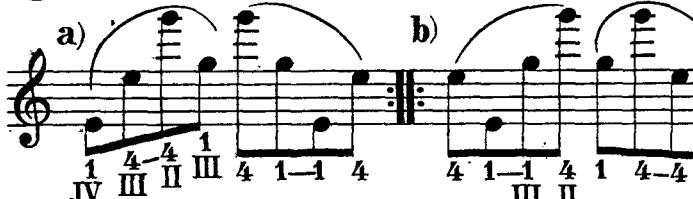
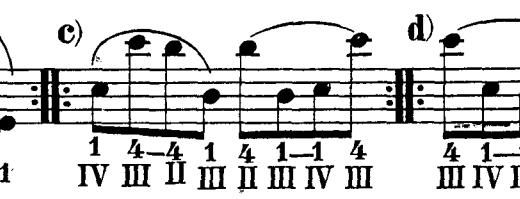
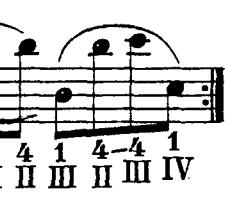
1 FÜNFTE UND ACHTE LAGE
FIFTH AND EIGHTH POSITIONS

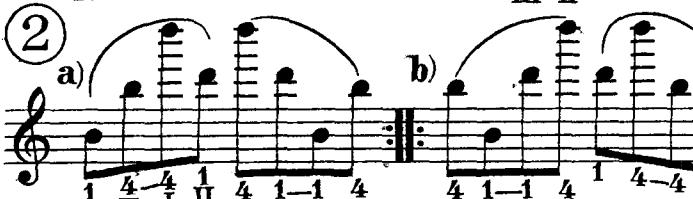
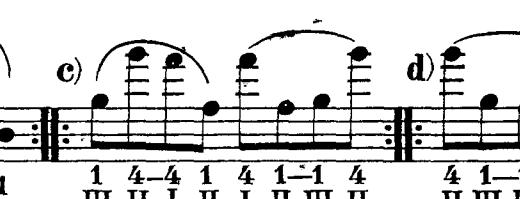
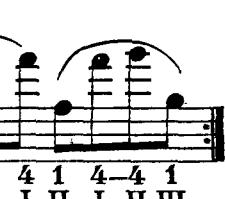
The diagram shows four fretboard patterns labeled a, b, c, and d. Each pattern consists of two staves. The first staff shows a scale-like sequence: 1, 4, 4, 1; IV, III, II, III; 4, 1-1, 4. The second staff shows: III, II. The patterns are repeated across the fretboard.

1 FÜNFTE UND NEUNTE LAGE
FIFTH AND NINTH POSITIONS

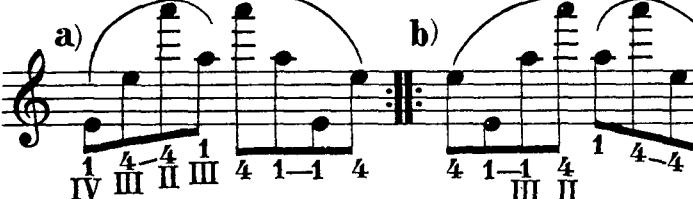
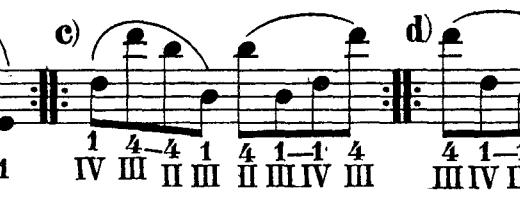
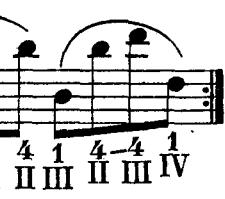
a)  b)  c)  d)

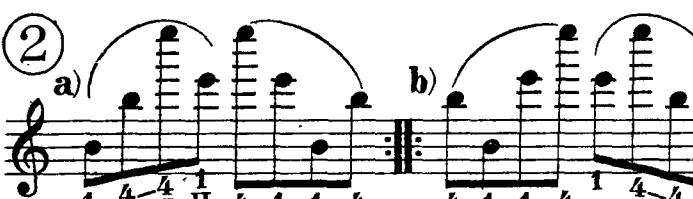
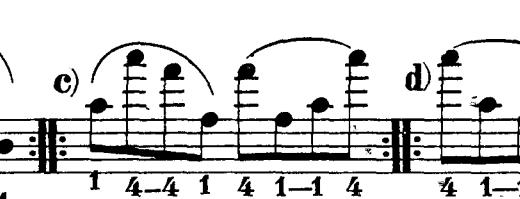
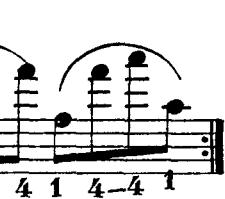
2 FÜNFTE UND ZEHNTE LAGE
FIFTH AND TENTH POSITIONS

a)  b)  c)  d)

a)  b)  c)  d)

1 FÜNFTE UND ELFTE LAGE
FIFTH AND ELEVENTH POSITIONS

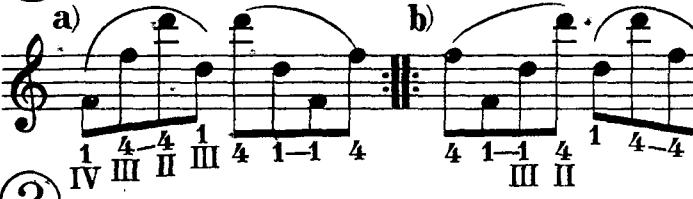
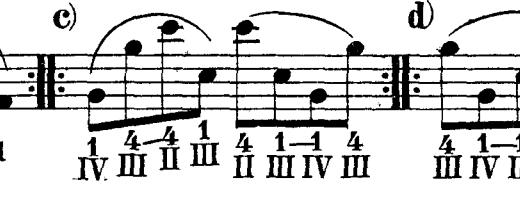
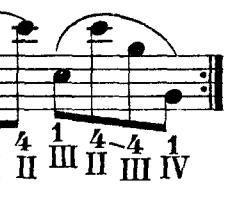
a)  b)  c)  d)

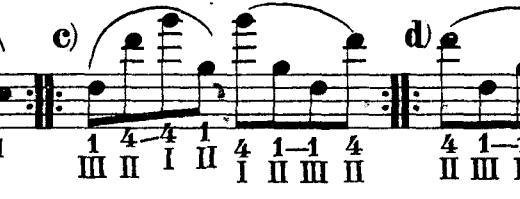
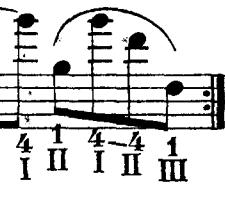
a)  b)  c)  d)

F AUSGANGSPUNKT: SECHSTE LAGE

F STARTING POINT: SIXTH POSITION

1 SECHSTE UND SIEBENTE LAGE
SIXTH AND SEVENTH POSITIONS

a)  b)  c)  d)

a)  b)  c)  d)

1 SECHSTE UND ACHTE LAGE
SIXTH AND EIGHTH POSITIONS

2

1 SECHSTE UND NEUNTE LAGE
SIXTH AND NINTH POSITIONS

2

1 SECHSTE UND ZEHNTE LAGE
SIXTH AND TENTH POSITIONS

2

1 SECHSTE UND ELFTE LAGE
SIXTH AND ELEVENTH POSITIONS

2

G AUSGANGSPUNKT: SIEBENTE LAGE

G STARTING POINT; SEVENTH POSITION

**1 SIEBENTE UND ACHTE LAGE
SEVENTH AND EIGHTH POSITIONS**

1 SIEBENTE UND NEUNTE LAGE
SEVENTH AND NINTH POSITIONS

SEVENTH AND NINTH POSITIONS

a)

b)

c)

d)

Handwritten musical score page 2, featuring a treble clef staff with four measures labeled a, b, c, and d. Each measure contains six notes. Fingerings are indicated above the notes: measure a has 1 4-4 1, II 4 1-1 4; measure b has 4 1-1 4; measure c has 1 4-4 1; measure d has 4 1-1 4. A tempo marking of 120 BPM is written above the staff.

**1 SIEBENTE UND ZEHNTE LAGE
SEVENTH AND TENTH POSITIONS**

SEVENTH AND TENTH POSITIONS

a) IV III II III IV 1-4 4
b) IV III II III IV 1-1 4 1
c) IV III II III IV 1-1 4
d) III IV III II III IV 1-1 4-4 1

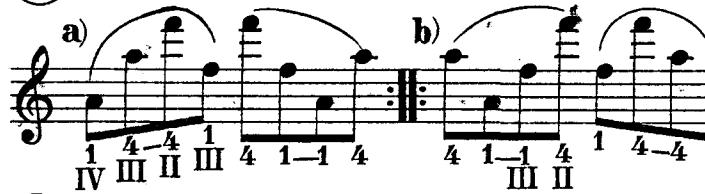
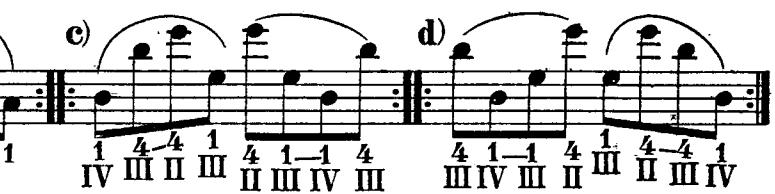
**1 SIEBENTE UND ELFTE LAGE
SEVENTH AND ELEVENTH POSITIONS**

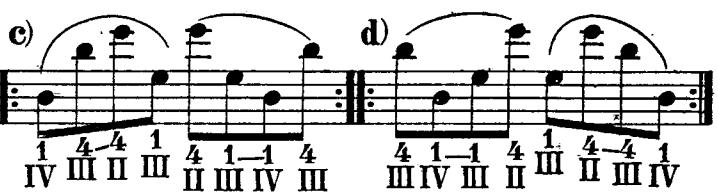
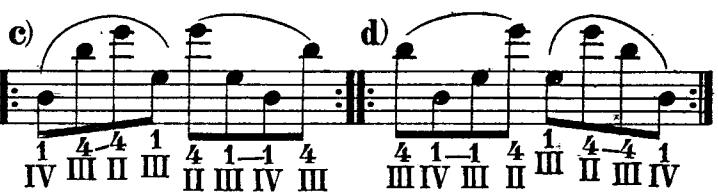
The image shows a guitar neck diagram with six strings and twelve frets. The neck is divided into four sections by vertical dotted lines. Each section contains a specific pattern of dots representing fingerings. The patterns are labeled 'a', 'b', 'c', and 'd' above the neck. The labels correspond to the following fingerings from left to right:

- a)** 1 4-4 1
- b)** 4 1-4 4
- c)** 1 4-4 1 4 1-1 4
- d)** 4 1-1 4 1 4-4 1

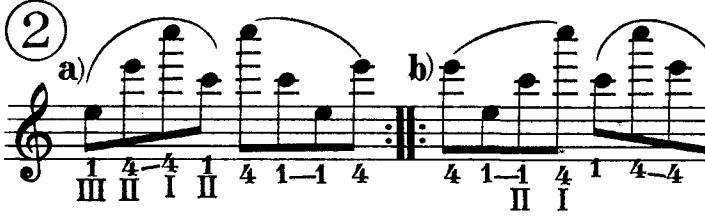
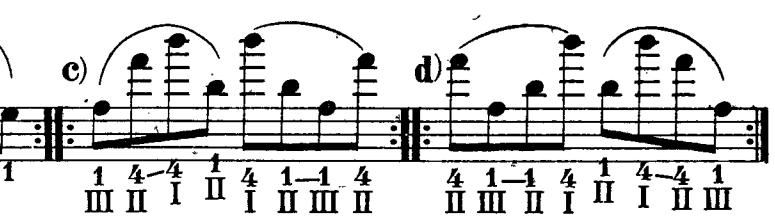
The numbers below the neck indicate the frets: IV, III, II, III, IV, III, II, III, IV, III, IV.

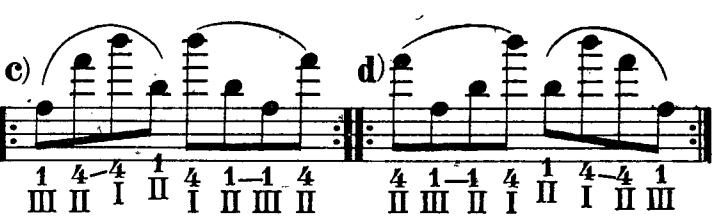
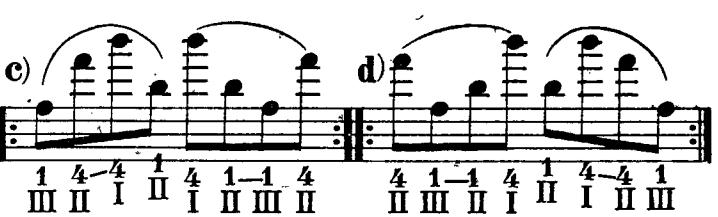
H AUSGANGSPUNKT: ACHTE LAGE**H STARTING POINT: EIGHTH POSITION****1 ACHTE UND NEUNTE LAGE
EIGHTH AND NINTH POSITIONS**

a)  b) 

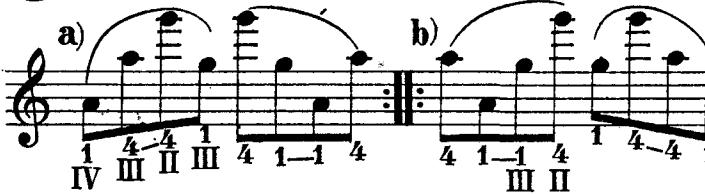
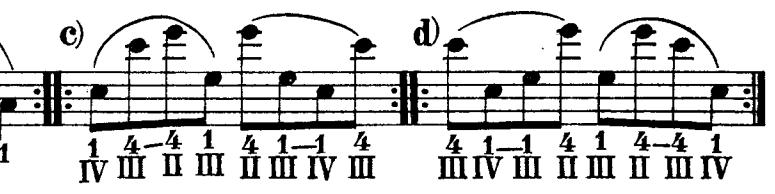
c)  d) 

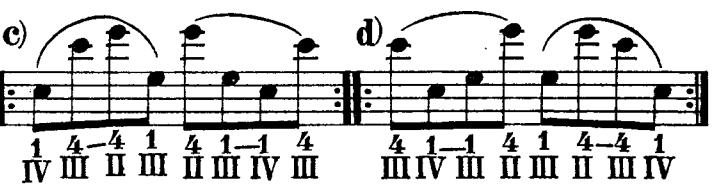
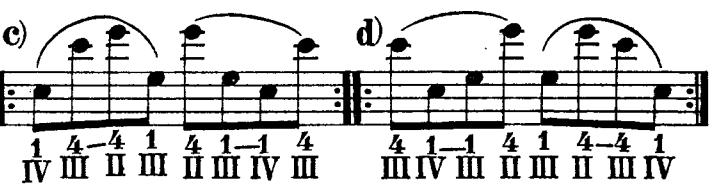
2

a)  b) 

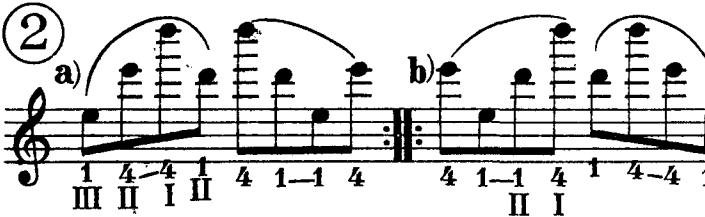
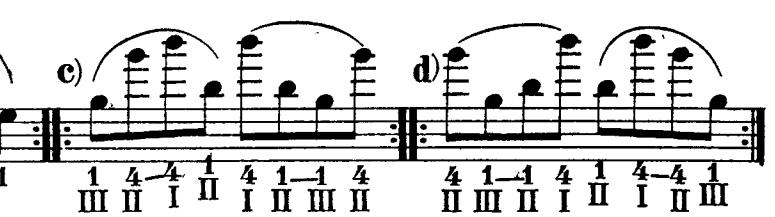
c)  d) 

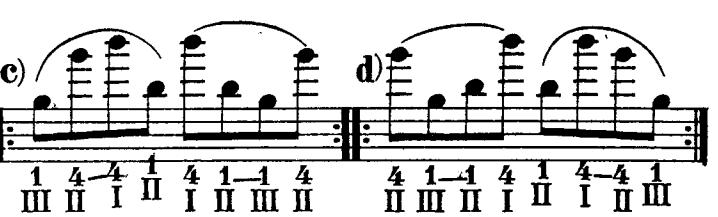
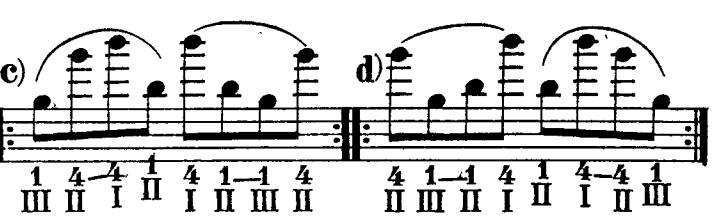
**1 ACHTE UND ZEHNTE LAGE
EIGHTH AND TENTH POSITIONS**

a)  b) 

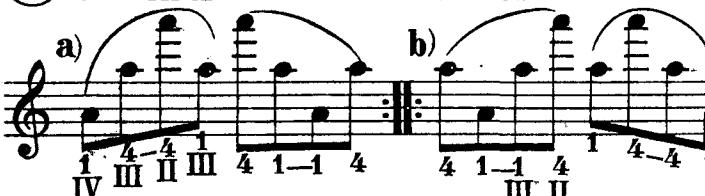
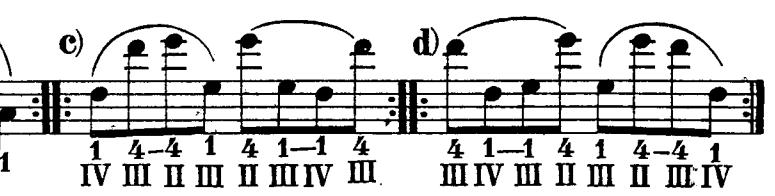
c)  d) 

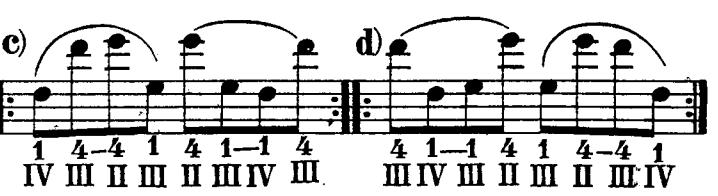
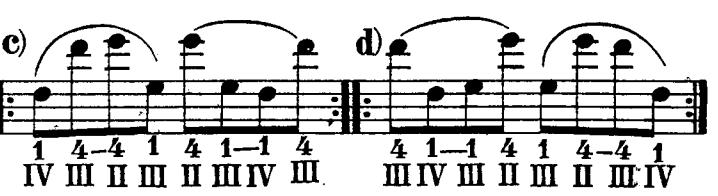
2

a)  b) 

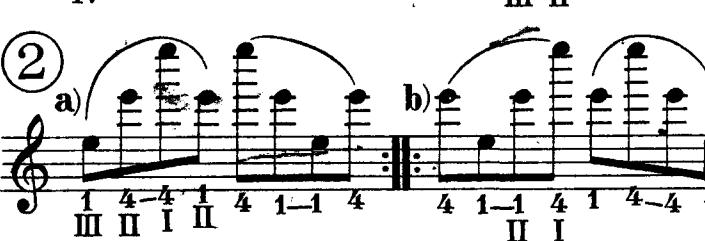
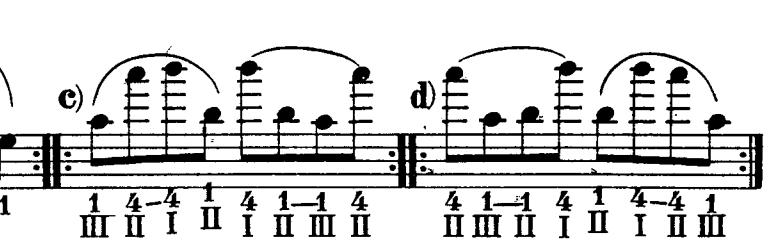
c)  d) 

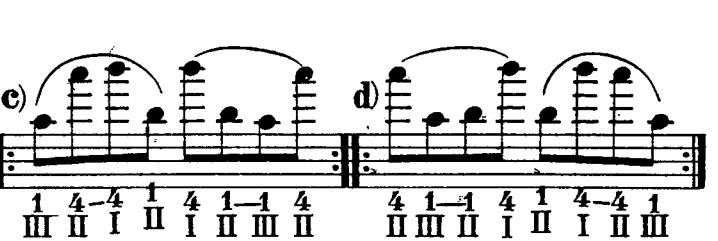
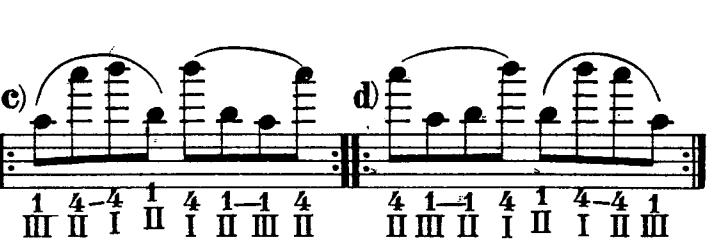
**1 ACHTE UND ELFTE LAGE
EIGHTH AND ELEVENTH POSITIONS**

a)  b) 

c)  d) 

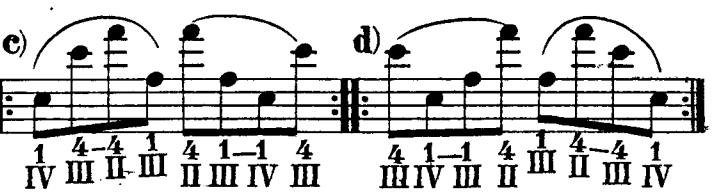
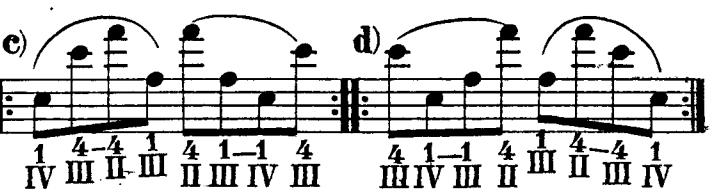
2

a)  b) 

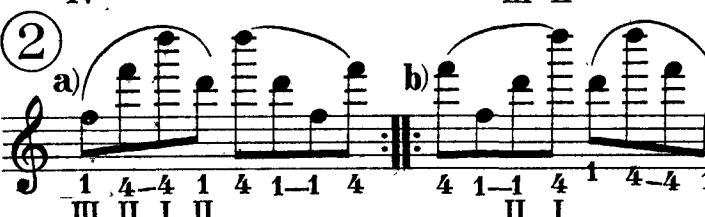
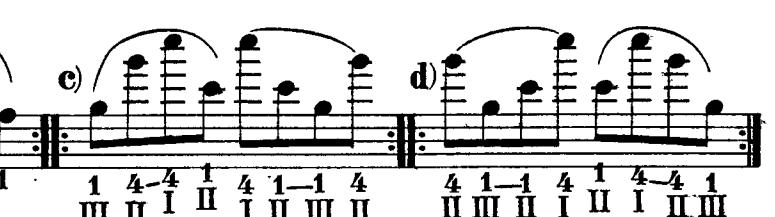
c)  d) 

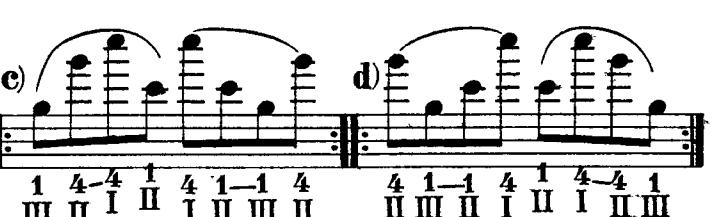
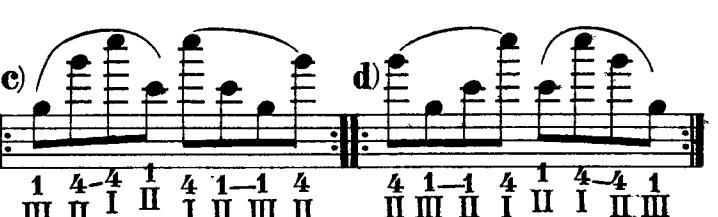
I AUSGANGSPUNKT: NEUNTE LAGE**I STARTING POINT: NINTH POSITION****1 NEUNTE UND ZEHNTE LAGE
NINTH AND TENTH POSITIONS**

a)  b) 

c)  d) 

2

a)  b) 

c)  d) 

1 NEUNTE UND ELFTE LAGE
NINTH AND ELEVENTH POSITIONS

Two sets of four exercises (a, b, c, d) for each position. Each exercise consists of two measures of sixteenth-note patterns. Below each measure is a fingerings diagram for the four strings (I, II, III, IV). The first set (1) starts at the 9th position and moves to the 11th position. The second set (2) starts at the 10th position and moves to the 11th position.

J AUSGANGSPUNKT: ZEHNTE LAGE

1 ZEHNTE UND ELFTE LAGE
TENTH AND ELEVENTH POSITIONS

Two sets of four exercises (a, b, c, d) for each position. Each exercise consists of two measures of sixteenth-note patterns. Below each measure is a fingerings diagram for the four strings (I, II, III, IV). The first set (1) starts at the 10th position and moves to the 11th position. The second set (2) starts at the 10th position and moves to the 11th position.

KAPITEL IV

LAGENWÉCHSEL AUF VIER SAITEN

A AUSGANGSPUNKT: ERSTE LAGE

ERSTE UND ZWEITE LAGE
FIRST AND SECOND POSITIONS

Two sets of four exercises (a, b) for each position. Each exercise consists of two measures of sixteenth-note patterns. Below each measure is a fingerings diagram for the four strings (I, II, III, IV).

ERSTE UND VIERTE LAGE
FIRST AND FOURTH POSITIONS

Two sets of four exercises (a, b) for each position. Each exercise consists of two measures of sixteenth-note patterns. Below each measure is a fingerings diagram for the four strings (I, II, III, IV).

ERSTE UND SECHSTE LAGE
FIRST AND SIXTH POSITIONS

Two sets of four exercises (a, b) for each position. Each exercise consists of two measures of sixteenth-note patterns. Below each measure is a fingerings diagram for the four strings (I, II, III, IV).

ERSTE UND ACHTE LAGE
FIRST AND EIGHTH POSITIONS

Two sets of four exercises (a, b) for each position. Each exercise consists of two measures of sixteenth-note patterns. Below each measure is a fingerings diagram for the four strings (I, II, III, IV).

J STARTING POINT: TENTH POSITION

SHIFTING EXERCISES ON FOUR STRINGS

A STARTING POINT: FIRST POSITION

ERSTE UND DRITTE LAGE
FIRST AND THIRD POSITIONS

Two sets of four exercises (a, b) for each position. Each exercise consists of two measures of sixteenth-note patterns. Below each measure is a fingerings diagram for the four strings (I, II, III, IV).

ERSTE UND FÜNFTE LAGE
FIRST AND FIFTH POSITIONS

Two sets of four exercises (a, b) for each position. Each exercise consists of two measures of sixteenth-note patterns. Below each measure is a fingerings diagram for the four strings (I, II, III, IV).

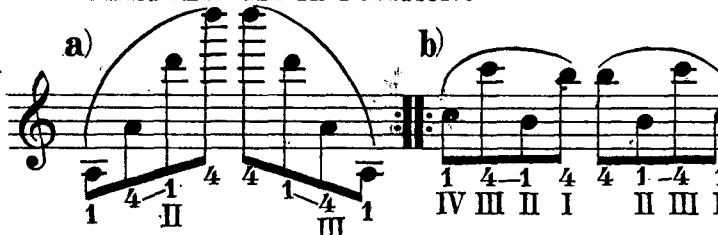
ERSTE UND SIEBENTE LAGE
FIRST AND SEVENTH POSITIONS

Two sets of four exercises (a, b) for each position. Each exercise consists of two measures of sixteenth-note patterns. Below each measure is a fingerings diagram for the four strings (I, II, III, IV).

ERSTE UND NEUNTE LAGE
FIRST AND NINTH POSITIONS

Two sets of four exercises (a, b) for each position. Each exercise consists of two measures of sixteenth-note patterns. Below each measure is a fingerings diagram for the four strings (I, II, III, IV).

ERSTE UND ZEHNT LAGE
FIRST AND TENTH POSITIONS



ERSTE UND ELFTE LAGE
FIRST AND ELEVENTH POSITIONS



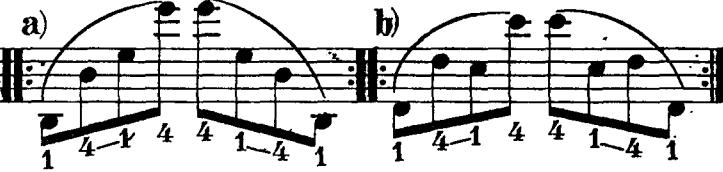
B AUSGANGSPUNKT: ZWEITE LAGE

ZWEITE UND DRITTE LAGE
SECOND AND THIRD POSITIONS



B STARTING POINT: SECOND POSITION

ZWEITE UND VIERTE LAGE
SECOND AND FOURTH POSITIONS



ZWEITE UND FÜNFT LAGE
SECOND AND FIFTH POSITIONS



ZWEITE UND SECHSTE LAGE
SECOND AND SIXTH POSITIONS



ZWEITE UND SIEBEN LAGE
SECOND AND SEVENTH POSITIONS



ZWEITE UND ACHTE LAGE
SECOND AND EIGHTH POSITIONS



ZWEITE UND NEUNTE LAGE
SECOND AND NINTH POSITIONS



ZWEITE UND ZEHNT LAGE
SECOND AND TENTH POSITIONS



ZWEITE UND ELFTE LAGE
SECOND AND ELEVENTH POSITIONS



C AUSGANGSPUNKT: DRITTE LAGE

DRITTE UND VIERTE LAGE
THIRD AND FOURTH POSITIONS



C STARTING POINT: THIRD POSITION

DRITTE UND FÜNFT LAGE
THIRD AND FIFTH POSITIONS



DRITTE UND SECHSTE LAGE
THIRD AND SIXTH POSITIONS

DRITTE UND SIEBEN LAGE
THIRD AND SEVENTH POSITIONS

DRITTE UND ACHTE LAGE
THIRD AND EIGHTH POSITIONS

DRITTE UND NEUNTE LAGE
THIRD AND NINTH POSITIONS

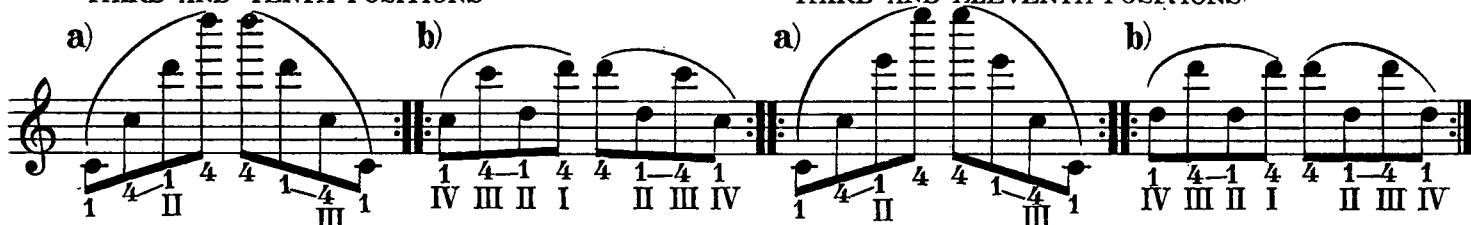
DRITTE UND ZEHNT LAGE
THIRD AND TENTH POSITIONS

DRITTE UND ELFTE LAGE
THIRD AND ELEVENTH POSITIONS

DRITTE UND ZEHNTE LAGE
THIRD AND TENTH POSITIONS

DRITTE UND ELFTE LAGE
THIRD AND ELEVENTH POSITIONS

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D AUSGANGSPUNKT: VIERTE LAGE

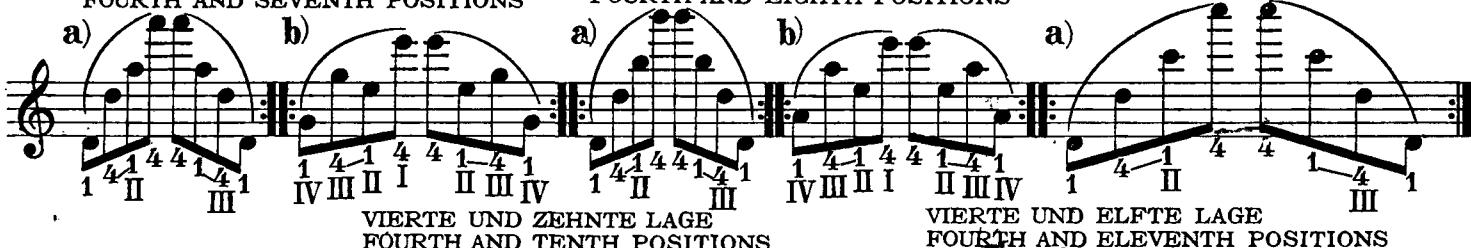
VIERTE UND FUNSTE LAGE
FOURTH AND FIFTH POSITIONS



VIERTE UND SIEBENTE LAGE
FOURTH AND SEVENTH POSITIONS

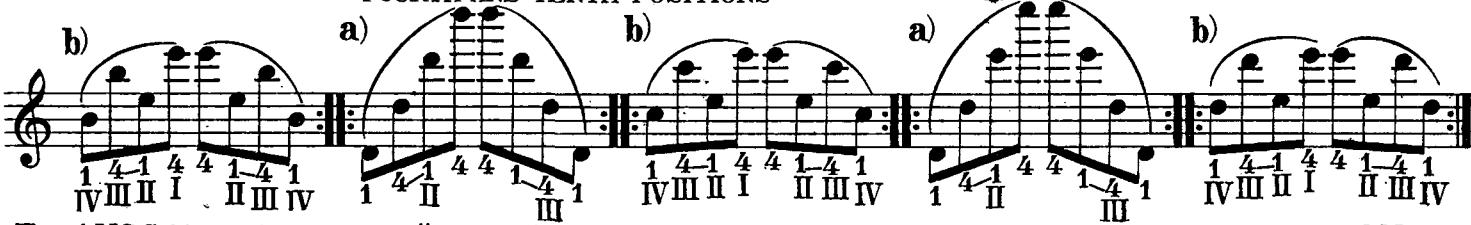
VIERTE UND ACHTE LAGE
FOURTH AND EIGHTH POSITIONS

VIERTE UND NEUNTE LAGE
FOURTH AND NINTH POSITIONS



VIERTE UND ZEHNTE LAGE
FOURTH AND TENTH POSITIONS

VIERTE UND ELFTE LAGE
FOURTH AND ELEVENTH POSITIONS

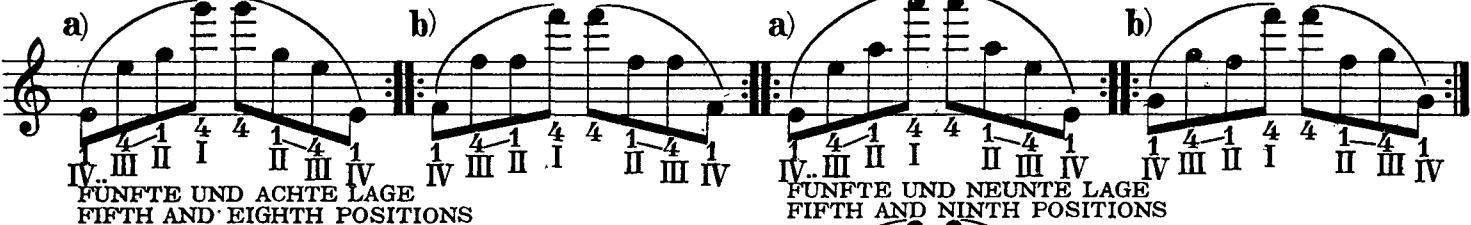


E AUSGANGSPUNKT: FÜNfte LAGE

FÜNfte UND SEXTE LAGE
FIFTH AND SIXTH POSITIONS

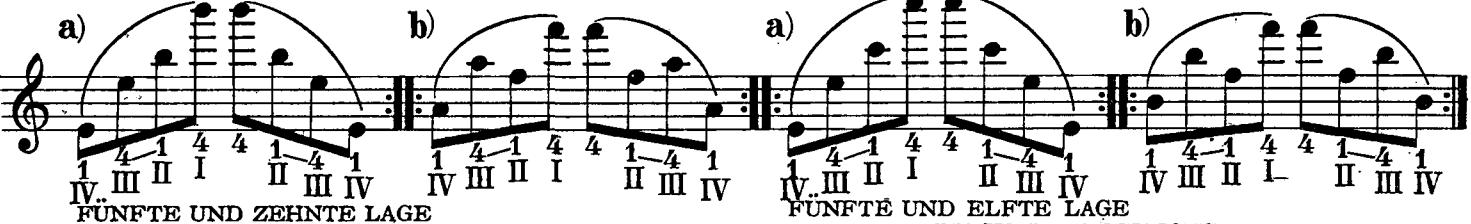
E STARTING POINT: FIFTH POSITION

FÜNfte UND SIEBENTE LAGE
FIFTH AND SEVENTH POSITIONS



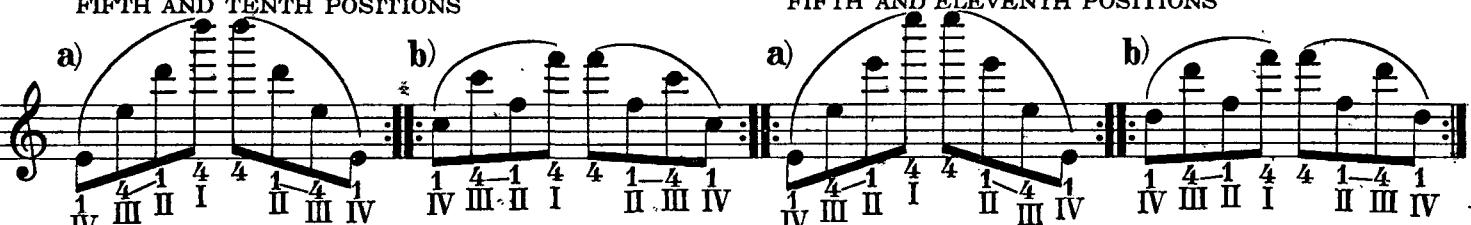
FÜNfte UND ACHTE LAGE
FIFTH AND EIGHTH POSITIONS

FÜNfte UND NEUNTE LAGE
FIFTH AND NINTH POSITIONS



FÜNfte UND ZEHNTE LAGE
FIFTH AND TENTH POSITIONS

FÜNfte UND ELFTE LAGE
FIFTH AND ELEVENTH POSITIONS

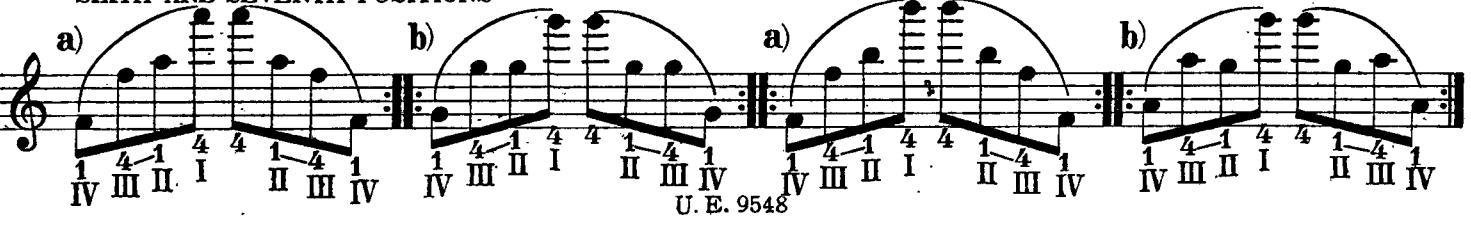


F AUSGANGSPUNKT: SECHSTE LAGE

SECHSTE UND SIEBENTE LAGE
SIXTH AND SEVENTH POSITIONS

F STARTING POINT: SIXTH POSITION

SECHSTE UND ACHTE LAGE
SIXTH AND EIGHTH POSITIONS



**SECHSTE UND NEUNTE LAGE
SIXTH AND NINTH POSITIONS**

**SECHSTE UND ZEHNTE LAGE
SIXTH AND TENTH POSITIONS**

**SECHSTE UND ELFTE LAGE
SIXTH AND ELEVENTH POSITIONS**

G AUSGANGSPUNKT: SIEBENTE LAGE

G STARTING POINT: SEVENTH POSITION

**SIEBENTE UND ACHTE LAGE
SEVENTH AND EIGHTH POSITIONS**

**SIEBENTE UND NEUNTE LAGE
SEVENTH AND NINTH POSITIONS**

**SIEBENTE UND ZEHNTE LAGE
SEVENTH AND TENTH POSITIONS**

**SIEBENTE UND ELFTE LAGE
SEVENTH AND ELEVENTH POSITIONS**

H AUSGANGSPUNKT: ACHTE LAGE

H STARTING POINT: EIGHTH POSITION

**ACHTE UND NEUNTE LAGE
EIGHTH AND NINTH POSITIONS**

**ACHTE UND ZEHNTE LAGE
EIGHTH AND TENTH POSITIONS**

**ACHTE UND ELFTE LAGE
EIGHTH AND ELEVENTH POSITIONS**

I AUSGANGSPUNKT: NEUNTE LAGE

I STARTING POINT: NINTH POSITION

**NEUNTE UND ZEHNTE LAGE
NINTH AND TENTH POSITIONS**

**NEUNTE UND ELFTE LAGE
NINTH AND ELEVENTH POSITIONS**

J AUSGANGSPUNKT: ZEHNTE LAGE

J STARTING POINT: TENTH POSITION

**ZEHNTE UND ELFTE LAGE
TENTH AND ELEVENTH POSITIONS**

Alle in diesem Band enthaltenen Übungen sollen so gespielt werden, wie sie niedergeschrieben sind, d. h. in gebrochenen Oktaven; das gleichzeitige Spielen der beiden Noten wird in meinem Werk „Die höhere Entwicklung des Oktaven- und Dezimenspiels auf der Geige, auf wissenschaftlicher Basis“ behandelt.

All exercises contained in this book should be practised as they are written, i. e. in alternate or broken octaves; the simultaneous playing of both notes will be studied in my work; “The higher development of octave and tenth playing on the violin, on a scientific basis”.

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